Sediment Delivery to Freshwater Ecosystems Following Wildfire

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CSU-WATER Annual Conference (2023): Water Quantity Panel



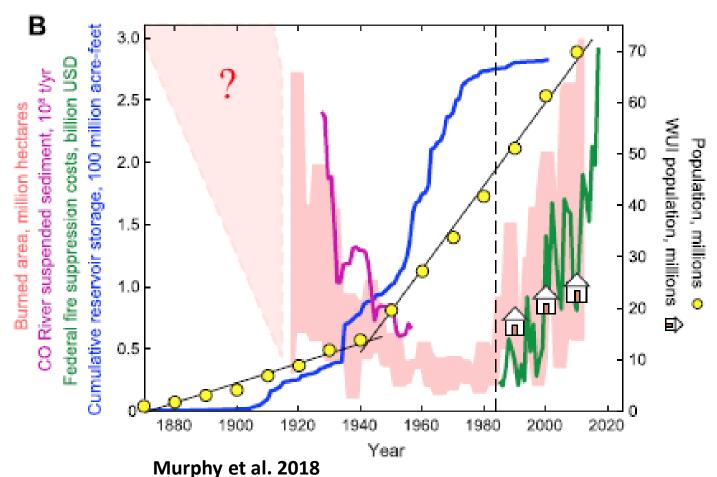


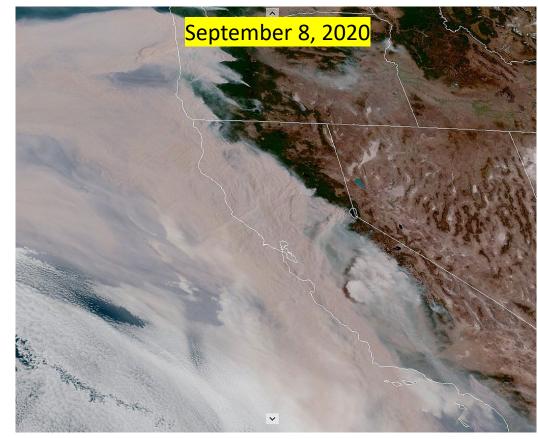






Wildfire: Dual threat of hazard and increased exposure





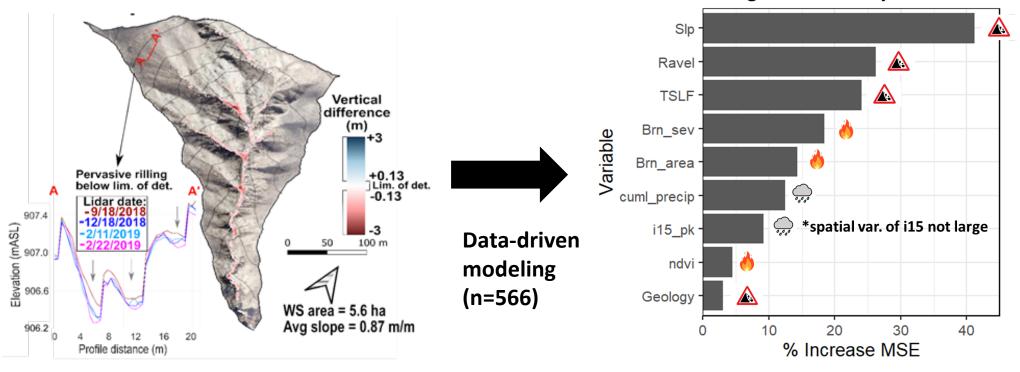
Source: NASA GOES-17

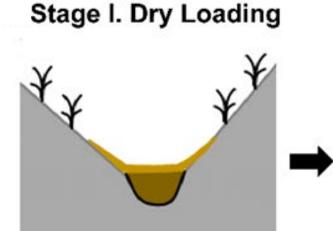
Case study from SoCal (2018 Holy Fire)



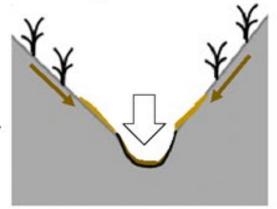
Upstream monitoring and modeling

Topography and sediment supply are strongest drivers of yield*





Stage II. Incision



Guilinger et al., in review

Stage III. Lateral sources

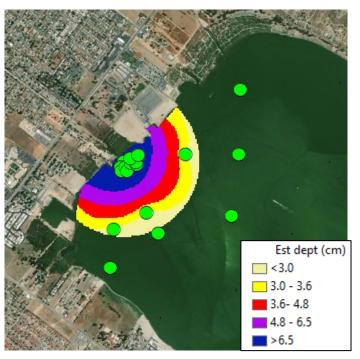


What are downstream impacts?

Horsethief Downstream monitoring McVicker Fire Perimeter Horsethief Canyon McVicker Canyon **Adobe Creek** Reference, Santa Rosa Plateau Projection: NAD_1983_UTM_Zone_11N (off map) Flood Control Source: USGS Emergency Assessment of Post-Fire Debris-Flow Hazards. Project: SAR Post-Fire Monitoring

Photo 2: Arial View of Leach Canyon Sediment Deposition Resulting from the Holy Fire into Lake Elsinore on January 8, 2019 (Photo courtesy of Alta Environmental)

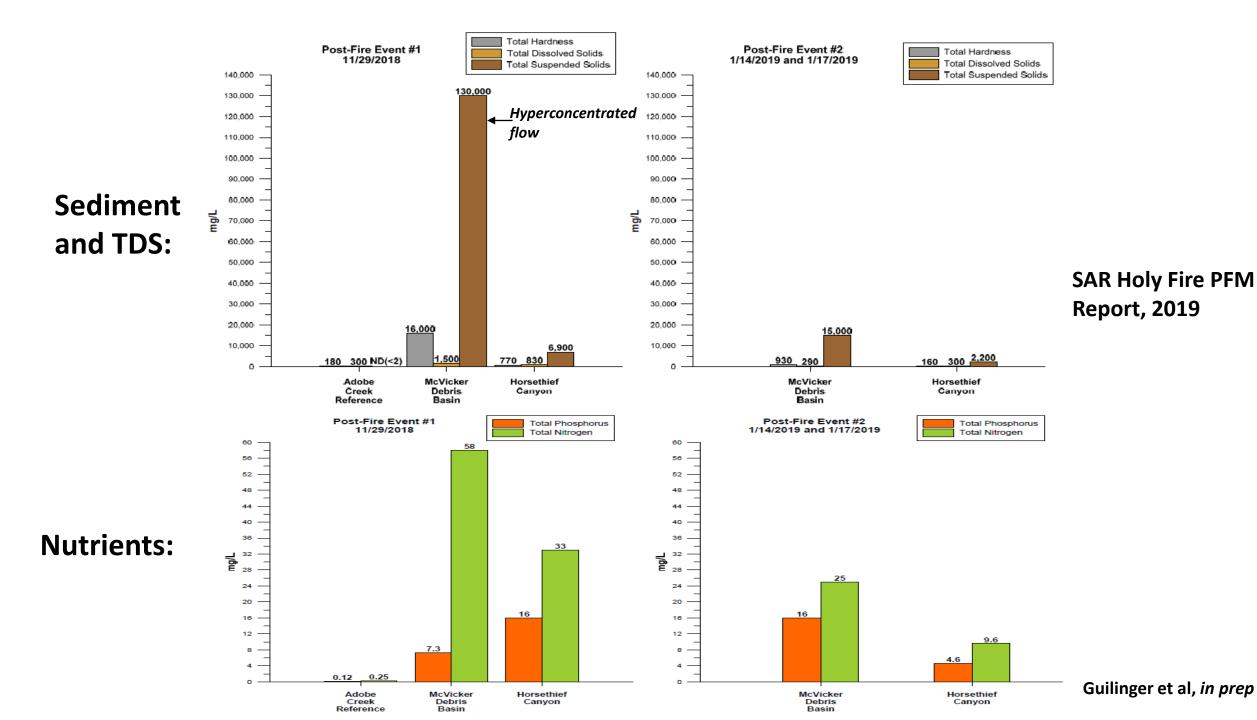




Guilinger et al., in prep

SAR Holy Fire PFM Report, 2019

Source: Riverside County

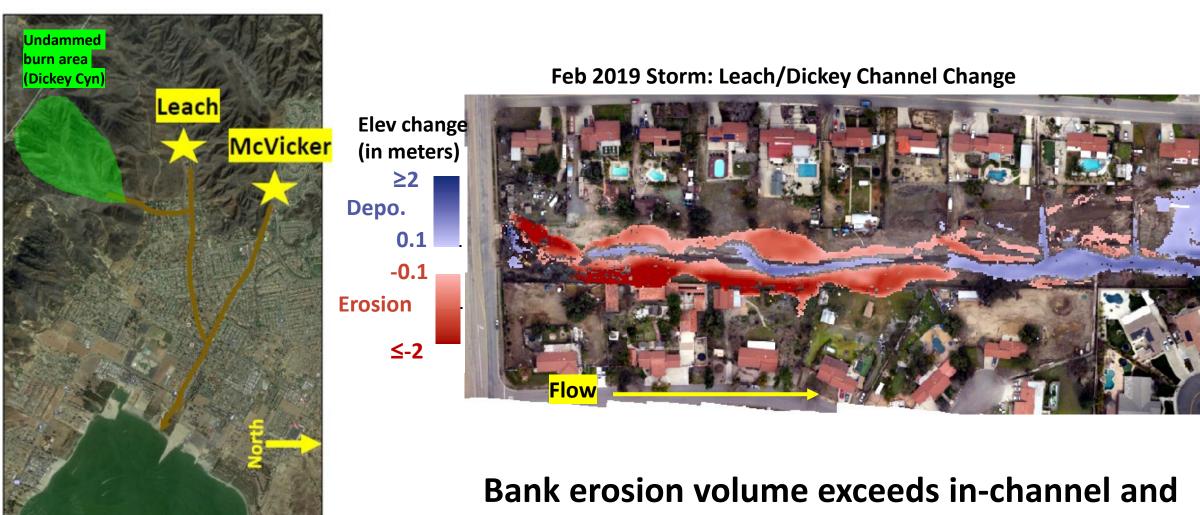


Downstream remote sensing



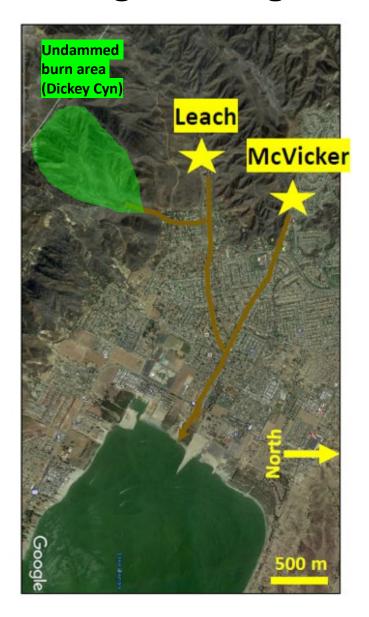


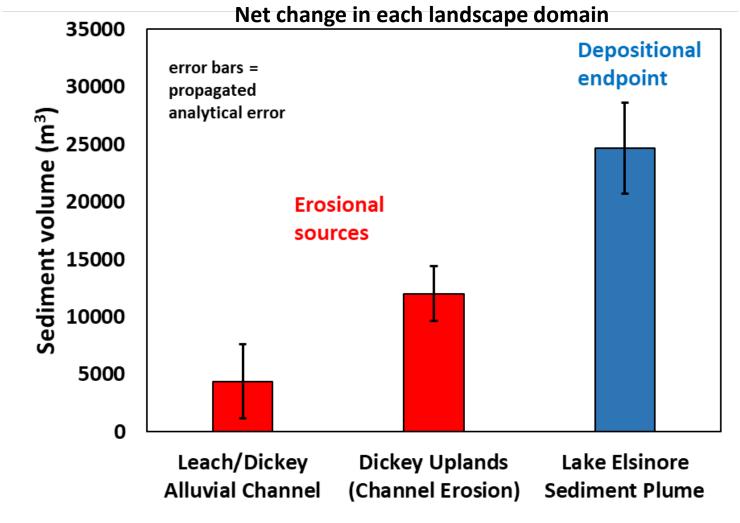
Downstream remote sensing



Bank erosion volume exceeds in-channel and overbank deposition

Putting it all together: sediment budget





Debris basins stored ~120,000 m³
Assuming good estimates: ~8000 m³ missing...
which could be explained by fine sediment
throughput and/or undammed inputs

Dickey Canyon (undammed ~1km² catchment) likely a major contributor!

Take-aways

- What are patterns of sediment transfers from source (burned mountains) to sink (terminal lake basin)?
- Major erosion in response to common rainfall intensities (1-5 year RI) and clear "first-flush effect" corroborated by all scales of monitoring.
- Significant buffering provided by Riverside County debris basins, un-dammed uplands likely major contributor of remaining sediment and phosphorus
- Adds to growing literature showing fire-flood cycles as a very important disturbance agent in freshwater ecosystems in CA and WUS... need for more studies across a wider array of systems!



Acknowledgments









Department of Conservation













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Thank you!

Questions?

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