Are We Ready? Sea Level Rise in California

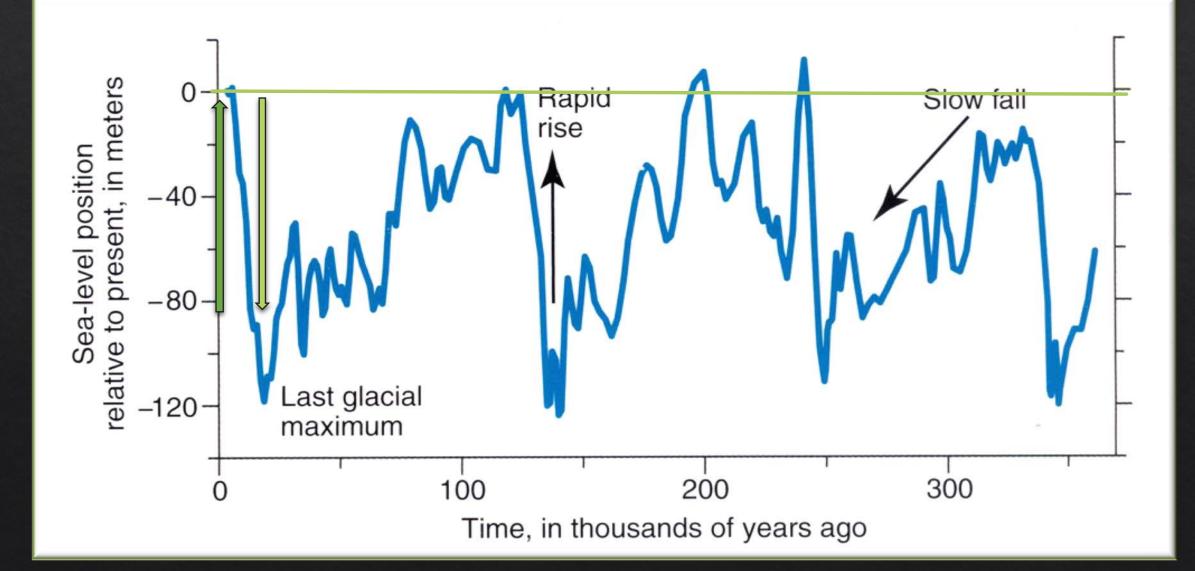


Dr. Kiki Patsch

California State University Channel Islands

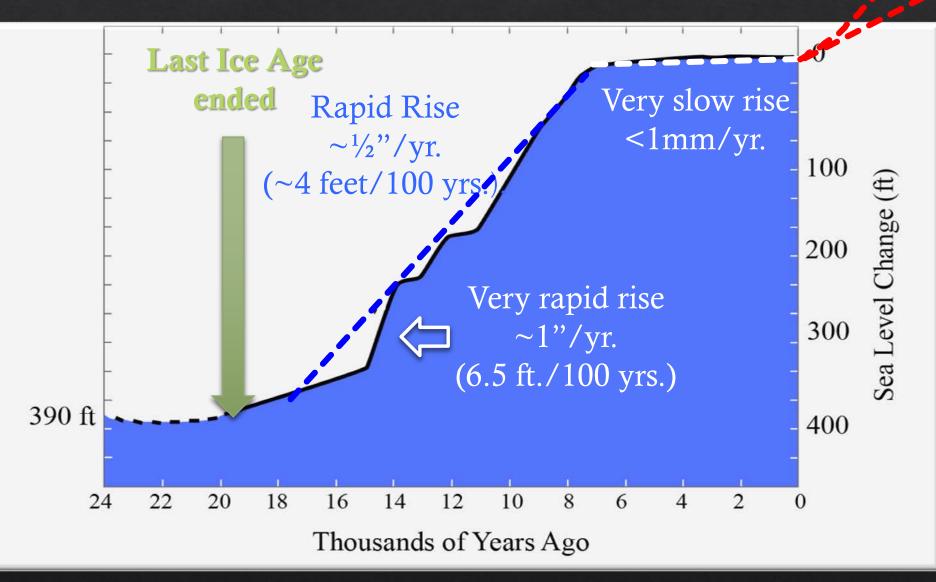


Historic Fluctuations in Sea Level

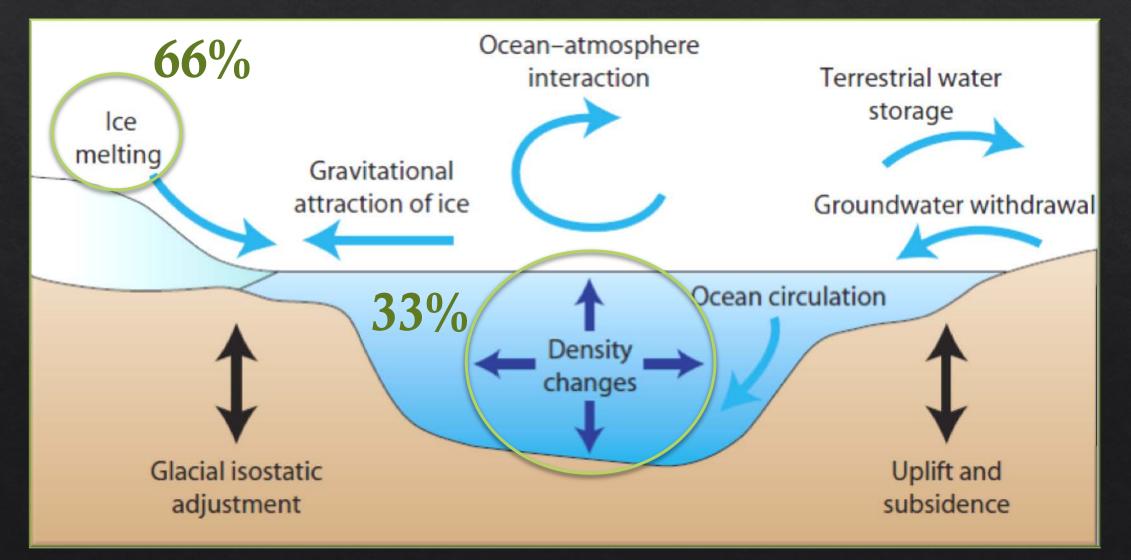


RECENT SEA-LEVEL RISE

8 inches of SLR since 1880



Components of Global and Regional Sea-Level Rise



Natural Shorelines



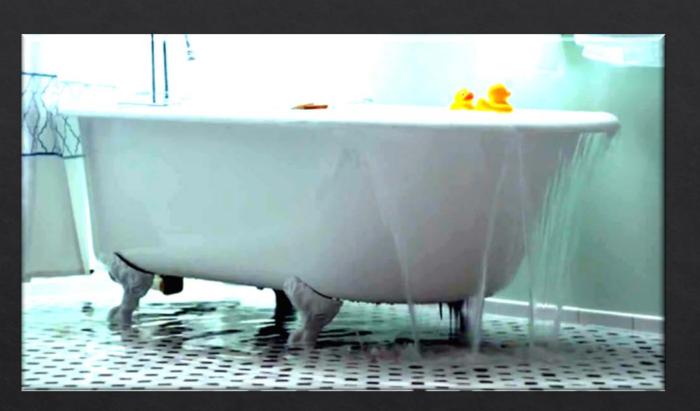
Seagrass



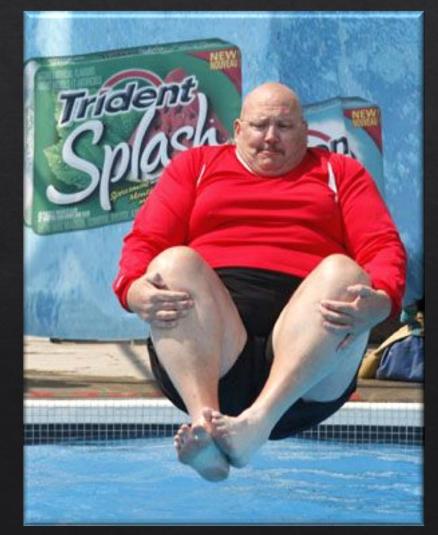
~150 million people globally live within 3 feet of high tide.

~13 million
people in USA
live within
6 feet of high tide





Sea level is rising and the bath tub is overflowing, but... Extreme events are going to be of greater concern in the near term



Sea level sets a baseline



SLR will also be worse during El Nino

King Tide at Pierpont Beach, 2015 8.2 ft. tide



Short-Term Impacts of High Tides and Large Storm Waves Mission Beach, San Diego- 1988



High Tides and Storm Waves make a devastating combination



Rising Seas in California

AN UPDATE ON SEA-LEVEL RISE SCIENCE



State of California Sea-Level Rise Guidance OCEAN

2018 UPDATE

OCEAN PROTECTION COUNCIL

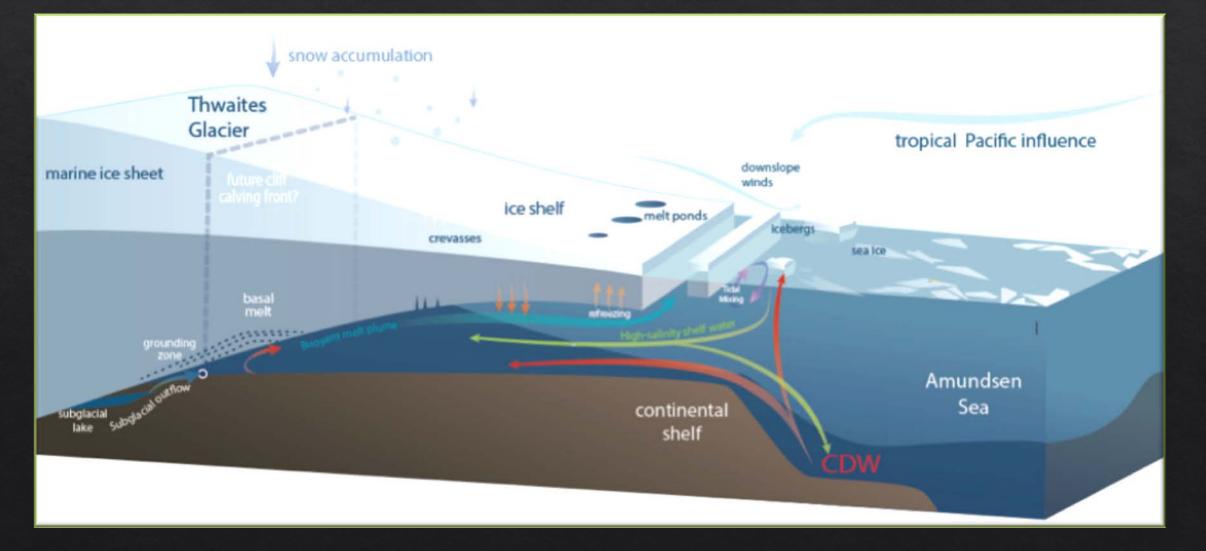
California Ocean Protection Council

OPC-SAT

Science Advisory Team

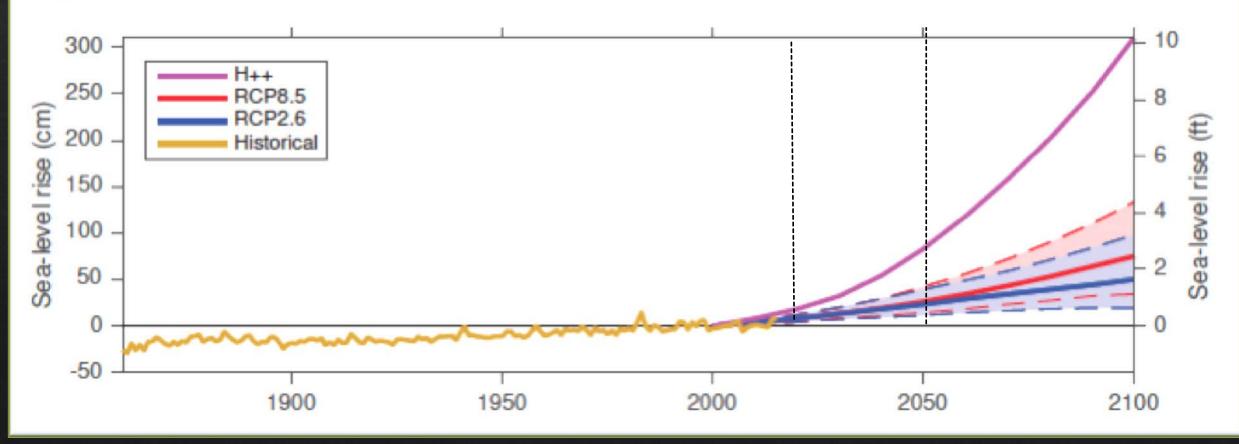
SCIENCE TRUST

Report Finding: Instability of Antarctic Ice Sheet



Example: Future Sea-Level Rise Projections for San Francisco

(b) Relative sea level in San Francisco, California



RCP: Representative Concentration Pathways

Example: Future Sea-Level Rise Projections for San Francisco

Feet above 1991-2009 mean	MEDIAN	LIKELY RANGE	1-IN-20 CHANCE	1-IN-200 CHANCE	
Year / Percentile	50% probability SLR meets or exceeds	67% proba- bility SLR is between	5% probability SLR meets or exceeds	0.5% probability SLR meets or exceeds	
2030	0.4	0.3 — 0.5	0.6	0.8	
2050	0.9	0.6 - 1.1	1.4	1.9	
2100 (RCP 2.6)	1.6	1.0 — 2.4	3.2	5.7	
2100 (RCP 4.5)	1.9	1.2 — 2.7	3.5	5.9	
2100 (RCP 8.5)	2.5	1.6 — 3.4	4.4	6.9	
2100 (H++)	10				

RCP – Representative Concentration Pathways

>> STEP 1: Identify the nearest tide gauge.

>> STEP 2: Evaluate project lifespan.

>> STEP 3: For the nearest tide gauge and project lifespan, identify range of sea-level rise projections.

STEP 4: Evaluate potential impacts and adaptive capacity across a range of sea-level rise projections and emissions scenarios.

STEP 5: Select sea-level rise projections based on risk tolerance and, if necessary, develop adapation pathways that increase resiliency to sea-level rise and include contingency plans if projections are exceeded.

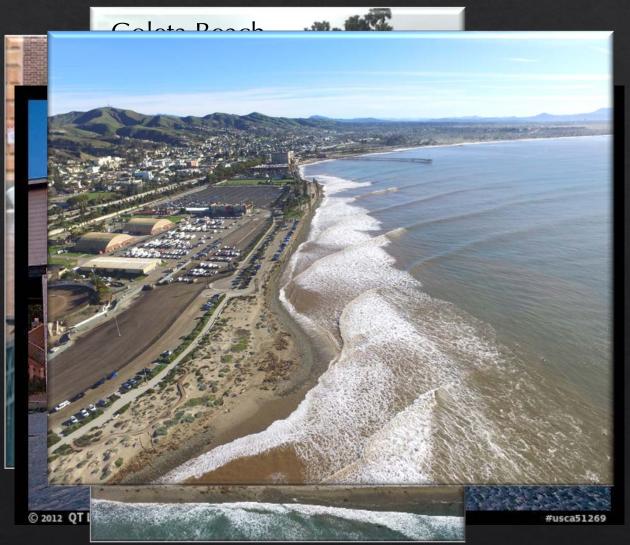
		Probabilistic Projections (in feet) (based on Kopp et al. 2014)						
		MEDIAN	LIKELY RANGE		NGE	1-IN-20 CHANCE	1-IN-200 CHANCE	H++ scenario (Sweet et al. 2017)
		50% probability sea-level rise meets or exceeds	66% probability sea-level rise is between		rise	5% probability sea-level rise meets or exceeds	0.5% probability sea-level rise meets or exceeds	*Single scenario
					Low Risk Aversion		Medium - High Risk Aversion	Extreme Risk Aversion
High emissions	2030	0.4	0.3	-	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.0
	2040	0.6	0.5	-	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.8
	2050	0.9	0.6	-	1.1	1.4	1.9	2.7
Low emissions	2060	1.0	0.6	-	1.3	1.6	2.4	
High emissions	2060	1.1	0.8	-	1.5	1.8	2.6	3.9
Low emissions	2070	1.1	0.8	-	1.5	1.9	3.1	
High emissions	2070	1.4	1.0	-	1.9	2.4	3.5	5.2
Low emissions	2080	1.3	0.9	-	1.8	2.3	3.9	
High emissions	2080	1.7	1.2	-	2.4	3.0	4.5	6.6
Low emissions	2090	1.4	1.0	-	2.1	2.8	4.7	
High emissions	2090	2.1	1.4	-	2.9	3.6	5.6	8.3
Low emissions	2100	1.6	1.0	-	2.4	3.2	5.7	
High emissions	2100	2.5	1.6	-	<u>3.</u> 4	4.4	6.9	10.2

What Next? Options for the Future



Adapting or Responding to Sea-Level Rise and Extreme Events

- 1. Ignore or deny sea-level rise
- 2. Accommodation
- 3. Soft Solutions
- 4. Hard Structures
- 5. Plan for relocation or managed retreat



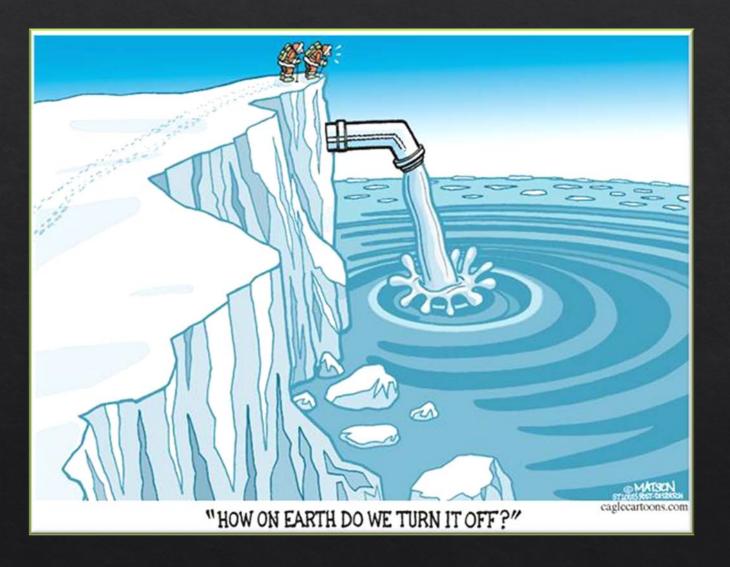
Take Away Messages

Scientists agree that sea level is rising faster than previously thought

- It will impact coastal towns differently
- There is more hope for California than many other states
- We need to come up with a plan for how we are going to face our new reality

There is no one size fits all solution

Common SLR Rates Used for Planning in Central CA 4 inches by 2030 28 inches by 2060 68 inches by 2100



"As geologists, we are bewildered by the ridiculous and obviously wrong state of affairs, but ours is not to wonder why.

Ours is to deal with the present, with the facts on the ground, and to offer a way forward- A way that may yet save our beaches from destruction." *Orrin Pilkey, The Last Beach*