

TRUSTEES OF THE CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
California State University
Office of the Chancellor—Glenn S. Dumke Auditorium
401 Golden Shore
Long Beach, CA 90802

Agenda
January 31-February 1, 2017

Time*	Committee	Location¹
<u>Tuesday, January 31, 2017</u>		
7:30 a.m.	Call to Order	
7:30 a.m.	Committee on Educational Policy Subcommittee on Honorary Degrees—Closed Session Government Code §11126(c)(5)	Munitz Conference Room
8:00 a.m.	Committee on Educational Policy and Board of Trustees—Closed Session Honorary Degree Nominations and Subcommittee Recommendations, <i>Action</i> Government Code §11126(c)(5)	Munitz Conference Room
8:30 a.m.	Board of Trustees—Closed Session Executive Personnel Matters Government Code §11126(a)(1) Pending Litigation Government Code §11126(e)(1) Sargent v. CSU Gupta v. CSU Burns v. CSU Butts v. CSU	Munitz Conference Room
9:30 a.m.	Committee on Collective Bargaining—Closed Session Government Code §3596(d)	Munitz Conference Room

¹ All committees meet in the Dumke Auditorium unless otherwise noted.

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10:00 a.m. Committee on Collective Bargaining—Open Session

Discussion

1. Adoption of Initial Proposals for a Successor Collective Bargaining Agreement with Bargaining Units 2, 5, 7, and 9, the California State University Employees Union (CSUEU), SEIU Local 2579, *Action*

10:45 a.m. Committee on Finance

Consent

1. Approval to Issue Trustees of the California State University Systemwide Revenue Bonds and Related Debt Instruments for Projects at California State University, Long Beach and California State Polytechnic University, Pomona, *Action*
2. Report on the Implementation of New Investment Authority, *Information*

Discussion

3. Report on the 2017-2018 Support Budget, *Information*
4. Tuition Adjustment Proposal for the 2017-2018 Academic Year, *Information*

12:00 p.m. Luncheon

1:00 p.m. Committee on Campus Planning, Buildings and Grounds

Consent

1. California Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo Gold Tree Solar Photovoltaic Project: Approval of the Amended 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program, *Action*
2. California State Polytechnic University, Pomona and California State University, San Bernardino: Approval of the Amended 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program and Schematic Plans, *Action*
3. Approval of Schematic Plans for CSU Projects at Sacramento and Stanislaus, *Action*

1:05 p.m. Committee on Governmental Relations

Consent

1. Statement of State Legislative Principles for 2017-2018, *Action*

Discussion

2. Sponsored State Legislative Program for 2017, *Action*
3. Federal Agenda for 2017, *Action*

1:45 p.m. Committee on Audit

Consent

1. Status Report on Current and Follow-up Internal Audit Assignments, *Information*

Discussion

2. Calendar Year 2017 Plan for Audits, Advisory Services, and Investigations, *Action*
3. Report of the Systemwide Financial Statements Including the Report to Management, *Information*
4. Single Audit Reports of Federal Funds, *Information*

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2:30 p.m. Committee on Institutional Advancement

Discussion

1. Naming of the Patricia A. Chin School of Nursing and the Chin Family Institute for Nursing – California State University, Los Angeles, *Action*
2. Naming of the Clorinda Donato Center for Global Romance Languages and Translation Studies – California State University, Long Beach, *Action*
3. Annual Report on Philanthropic Support for 2015-2016, *Action*

3:15 p.m. Committee on Educational Policy

Discussion

1. Recommended Amendments to Title 5 Regarding Admission of Veterans, *Action*
2. Recommended Amendment to Title 5 Regarding Nonresident Determination Appeals, *Information*
3. The Wang Family Excellence Awards, *Information*

Wednesday, February 1, 2017

8:00 a.m. Board of Trustees

Call to Order

Roll Call

Public Speakers

Chair's Report

Chancellor's State of the CSU Address

Report of the Academic Senate CSU: *Chair—Christine Miller*

Report of the California State Student Association: *President—David Lopez*

Report of the California State University Alumni Council: *President—Dia S. Poole*

Board of Trustees

Consent

Approval of the Minutes of the Board of Trustees Meeting of November 16, 2016

Approval of Committee Resolutions as follows:

Committee on Finance

1. Approval to Issue Trustees of the California State University Systemwide Revenue Bonds and Related Debt Instruments for Projects at California State University, Long Beach and California State Polytechnic University, Pomona

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Committee on Campus Planning, Buildings and Grounds

1. California Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo Gold Tree Solar Photovoltaic Project: Approval of the Amended 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program
2. California State Polytechnic University, Pomona and California State University, San Bernardino: Approval of the Amended 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program and Schematic Plans
3. Approval of Schematic Plans for CSU Projects at Sacramento and Stanislaus

Committee on Governmental Relations

1. Statement of State Legislative Principles for 2017-2018
2. Sponsored State Legislative Program for 2017
3. Federal Agenda for 2017

Committee on Institutional Advancement

1. Naming of the Patricia A. Chin School of Nursing and the Chin Family Institute for Nursing – California State University, Los Angeles
2. Naming of the Clorinda Donato Center for Global Romance Languages and Translation Studies – California State University, Long Beach
3. Annual Report on Philanthropic Support for 2015-2016

Committee on Educational Policy

1. Recommended Amendments to Title 5 Regarding Admission of Veterans

10:00 a.m. Board of Trustees—Closed Session
Executive Personnel Matters
Government Code §11126(a)(1)

Munitz Conference Room

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Addressing the Board of Trustees

Members of the public are welcome to address agenda items that come before standing and special meetings of the board, and the board meeting. Comments should pertain to the agenda or university-related matters and not to specific issues that are the subject of collective bargaining, individual grievances or appeals, or litigation. Written comments are also welcome and will be distributed to the members of the board. The purpose of public comments is to provide information to the board, and not to evoke an exchange with board members. Questions that board members may have resulting from public comments will be referred to appropriate staff for response.

Members of the public wishing to speak must provide written or electronic notice to the Trustee Secretariat by **two working days before the committee or board meeting** at which they desire to speak. The notice should state the subject of the intended presentation. An opportunity to speak before the board on items that are on a committee agenda will only be provided where an opportunity was not available at that committee, or where the item was substantively changed by the committee.

In fairness to all speakers who wish to speak, and to allow the committees and Board to hear from as many speakers as possible, while at the same time conducting the public business of their meetings within the time available, the committee or board chair will determine and announce reasonable restrictions upon the time for each speaker, and may ask multiple speakers on the same topic to limit their presentations. In most instances, speakers will be limited to no more than three minutes. The totality of time allotted for public comment at the board meeting will be 30 minutes, and speakers will be scheduled for appropriate time in accord with the numbers that sign up. Speakers are requested to make the best use of the public comment opportunity and to follow the rules established.

Note: Anyone wishing to address the Board of Trustees, who needs any special accommodation, should contact the Trustee Secretariat at least 48 hours in advance of the meeting so appropriate arrangements can be made.

Trustee Secretariat
Office of the Chancellor
401 Golden Shore, Suite 136
Long Beach, CA 90802
Phone: 562-951-4020
Fax: 562-951-4949
E-mail: trusteesecretariat@calstate.edu

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AGENDA

COMMITTEE ON COLLECTIVE BARGAINING

Meeting: 9:30 a.m., Tuesday, January 31, 2017
Munitz Conference Room—Closed Session
Government Code §3596(d)

10:00 a.m., Tuesday, January 31, 2017
Glenn S. Dumke Auditorium —Open Session

Adam Day, Chair
Peter J. Taylor, Vice Chair
Debra S. Farar
Lillian Kimbell
Hugo N. Morales
John Nilon
J. Lawrence Norton

Open Session– Glenn S. Dumke Auditorium

Consent Item

Approval of Minutes of the Meeting of November 16, 2016

Discussion Item

1. Adoption of Initial Proposals for a Successor Collective Bargaining Agreement with Bargaining Units 2, 5, 7, and 9, the California State University Employees Union (CSUEU), SEIU Local 2579, *Action*

**MINUTES OF MEETING OF
COMMITTEE ON COLLECTIVE BARGAINING**

**Trustees of The California State University
Office of the Chancellor
Glenn S. Dumke Conference Center
401 Golden Shore
Long Beach, California**

November 16, 2016

Members Present

Adam Day, Chair
Debra S. Farar
Lillian Kimbell
J. Lawrence Norton
Timothy P. White, Chancellor
Rebecca Eisen, Chair of the Board

Chair Day called the Committee on Collective Bargaining to order.

Approval of Minutes

The minutes of the July 19, 2016 meeting were approved as submitted.

Presentation of Action Items

Interim Vice Chancellor Andrew Jones presented the action items.

Public Speakers

The committee heard from 11 public speakers who spoke on various topics.

Action Items

The committee then unanimously approved the following action items:

1. Ratification of the Collective Bargaining Agreement with Bargaining Unit 11, the International Union United Automobile Aerospace and Agricultural Implement Workers of America (UAW), AFL-CIO
2. Ratification of the Collective Bargaining Agreement with Bargaining Unit 14, the California State University Employees Union (CSUEU), SEIU Local 2579

Chair Day then adjourned the committee meeting.

COMMITTEE ON COLLECTIVE BARGAINING

Adoption of Initial Proposals for a Successor Collective Bargaining Agreement with Bargaining Units 2, 5, 7, and 9, the California State University Employees Union (CSUEU), SEIU Local 2579

Presentation By

Andrew Jones
Interim Vice Chancellor
Human Resources

Summary

The adoption of initial proposals for a successor collective bargaining agreement between the California State University and Bargaining Units 2 (Health Care Support); 5 (Operational Support Services); 7 (Clerical/Administrative Support Services); and 9 (Technical Support Services); the California State University Employees Union (CSUEU), SEIU Local 2579, will be presented to the Board of Trustees. The proposals are attached to this item.

Recommended Action

The following resolution is recommended for adoption:

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the initial proposals for a successor collective bargaining agreement between the California State University and Bargaining Units 2 (Health Care Support); 5 (Operational Support Services); 7 (Clerical/Administrative Support Services); and 9 (Technical Support Services); the California State University Employees Union (CSUEU), SEIU Local 2579, is hereby adopted.



**The California State University's
Initial Collective Bargaining Proposals**

Between

**The Board of Trustees
Of
The California State University**

And

California State University Employees Union

January 2017

Bargaining Units 2, 5, 7, 9
2017 Successor Agreement Negotiations
California State University Bargaining Proposals

ARTICLE 2 – Definitions

- Review existing contractual definitions against campus operational needs.
- Update definitions to reflect any substantive changes elsewhere in the Agreement.

ARTICLE 5 – Union Rights

- Review and amend as appropriate current procedures in relation to the provision of information to the union; contractual provisions relating to union leave; and the provision of resources for union business.

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ARTICLE 7 – Grievance Procedure

- The CSU will make proposals to amend grievance procedure to increase efficiency and effectiveness.

ARTICLE 8 – Complaint Procedure

- The CSU will make proposals to amend grievance procedure to increase efficiency and effectiveness.

ARTICLE 9 – Employee Status

- Review and amend as appropriate current contractual provisions in relation to the posting of vacant positions; the recruitment and filling of positions within the bargaining units; the types of appointment within the bargaining units; procedures for employees rejected during probation; and provisions relating to the grant of permanent status in the bargaining units by the president.

ARTICLE 10 – Employee Performance

- The CSU will make proposals to amend the employee performance evaluation process.

ARTICLE 11– Personnel File

- The CSU will make proposals in relation to the content of, and access to, employee personnel files.

ARTICLE 12 – Corrective Action

- Review and amend as appropriate current contractual provisions in relation to the provision of reprimands.

ARTICLE 14 – Vacations and Holidays

- Review and amend as appropriate current contractual provisions in relation to the use of accrued employee vacation.

ARTICLE 15 –Leaves of Absence with Pay

- Review and amend as appropriate current contractual provisions in relation to use and reporting of employee leaves with pay.

ARTICLE 16 –Leaves of Absence without Pay

- Review and amend as appropriate current contractual provisions in relation to use and reporting of employee leaves without pay.

ARTICLE 17 –Assignment/Reassignment

- Review and amend as appropriate current contractual provisions in relation to permanent and temporary employee assignments and reassignments.
- Review and amend as appropriate current contractual provisions in relation to creation of new bargaining unit classifications.

ARTICLE 18- Hours of Work

- Review and amend as appropriate current contractual provisions in relation to establishing and assigning work schedules for exempt and non-exempt employees consistent with prevailing law and campus operational needs.
- Review and amend as appropriate current contractual provisions in relation to use of meal periods and clean-up time.

Attachment A

CB – Agenda Item 1

January 31-February 1, 2017

Page 4 of 4

ARTICLE 19 – Overtime

- Review and amend as appropriate current contractual provisions in relation to use of overtime and Compensatory Time Off consistent with prevailing law and campus operational needs.

ARTICLE 20- Salary

- The CSU will make proposals to amend the salary Article, including but not limited to employee salary rates and in-range progressions procedures.

ARTICLE 21- Benefits

- The CSU will make proposals in relation to employee benefits.

ARTICLE 24- Layoff

- Review and amend as appropriate current contractual provisions in relation to layoff.

ARTICLE 25- Non-Discrimination

- Review and amend as appropriate current contractual provisions in relation to non-discrimination so as to be consistent with CSU Executive Order processes and prevailing law.

ARTICLE 26- Cruise Employees

- Review and amend as appropriate current contractual provisions in relation to cruise employees consistent with campus operational needs.

ARTICLE 28 – Family and Medical Leave and Pregnancy Disability Leave

- Review and amend as appropriate current contractual provisions in relation to use and reporting of employee leaves consistent with campus operational needs and prevailing law.

ARTICLE 29 – Duration and Implementation

- The CSU will make proposals on the duration of any successor Agreement.

The University reserves the right to add to, modify, or delete proposals for any/all Articles during the course of negotiations, in accordance with applicable laws.



California State University Employees Union (CSUEU), SEIU 2579/CSEA

Joseph J. Jelincic III
Sr. Labor Relations Representative

Direct: 916/319-4800 ext. 104
E-mail: jjelincic@csueu.org

January 19, 2017

SENT BY U.S. MAIL & E-MAIL

John Swarbrick
Chief Negotiator & Senior Labor Relations Advisory
The California State University, Office of the Chancellor
401 Golden Shore, 4th Floor
Long Beach, CA 90802-4210
jswarbrick@calstate.edu

Re: Initial Proposals for CSUEU Bargaining Units 2, 5, 7, and 9

Dear Mr. Swarbrick:

Attached to this letter you will find the California State University Employees Union's (CSUEU) initial proposals for Bargaining Units 2, 5, 7, and 9. These proposals are made in accordance with Government Code §3595 and Article 29, Section 29.2, of the current Collective Bargaining Agreement between the parties. CSUEU reserves the right to add to, modify or delete these proposals and to introduce new proposals in the course of negotiations.

We look forward to meeting with you and your team in the near future.

Sincerely,



JOSEPH J. JELINCIC III
Senior Labor Relations Representative

Enclosure

cc: Jo Ann Juarez-Salazar, CSUEU Executive Director
Pat Gantt, CSUEU President
Roxana "Rocky" Sanchez, CSUEU Vice President for Representation
CSUEU Bargaining Team



CSUEU / CSU Full Contract Bargaining
CSUEU's Sunshine Proposals
January 19, 2017

Pursuant to Article 29 of the Collective Bargaining Agreement for Bargaining Units 2, 5, 7, and 9 between the California State University Employees Union (CSUEU or Union) and the Board of Trustees of the California State University (CSU), CSUEU presents this list of initial proposals to commence bargaining for a successor agreement between the parties that is set to expire on June 30, 2017.

CSUEU reserves the right to add to, modify or delete these proposals and to introduce new proposals during the course of negotiations.

Article 2: Definitions

- The Union will propose amendments to the definitions of terms within the agreement.

Article 3: Management Rights

- The Union will propose amendments to address the continued abuse and ongoing erosion of bargaining unit work through outsourcing.

Article 9: Employee Status

- The Union will propose amendments to address the systemic abuse of temporary status appointments.
- The Union will propose amendments to improve opportunities for career advancement for current employees, and requirements for accurate classification.
- The Union will propose amendments for a fair, expedient and equitable process to address rejections during probation.

Article 10: Employee Performance

- The Union will propose amendments to improve the accuracy, consistency and fairness of the evaluation process.

Article 11: Personnel File

- The Union will propose amendments regarding the retention of personnel records to promote fairness.

Article 12: Corrective Action

- The Union will propose amendments regarding the use and retention of personnel records.

Article 14: Vacations and Holidays

- The Union will propose revisions to establish fairness with other employee groups within the CSU.

Article 17: Assignment / Reassignment

- The Union will propose revisions related to: assignment, classification, and non-represented employees performing bargaining unit work.

Article 18: Hours of Work

- The Union will propose amendments protecting employees from excessive and/or unhealthy workload.
- The Union will propose to increase flexible work schedules, and teleworking / telecommuting opportunities.
- The Union will propose amendments to promote fairness and protect employees from unreasonable schedule changes.

Article 19: Overtime

- The Union will propose amendments to eliminate 24/7 work shifts which result in the abuse of employees' on-call status.

Article 20: Salary

- The Union will propose amendments, including cost of living adjustments, to the current salary structure in order to promote recruitment, retention and equity in the workforce.
- The Union will propose to increase the opportunity for employees to progress through their salary ranges.

Article 22: Professional Development

- The Union will propose amendments to improve access to job-related training and career development opportunities.

Article 23: Health and Safety

- The Union will propose to revise and update various provisions that affect employee health and safety.

Article 26: Cruise Employees

- The Union will propose revisions to establish fairness with other employee groups within the CSU.

Attachment B

CB – Agenda Item 1

January 31-February 1, 2017

Page 4 of 4

Article 29: Duration and Implementation

- Proposals regarding the duration and implementation of the Agreement will be determined during bargaining.

Appendices and Side Letters

- Review and update, as necessary.

Further, the Union will propose a new article(s) to address bullying and civility in the workplace in order to promote a safe and productive work environment. Finally, the Union will also propose additions to standardize various campus-based policies.

AGENDA

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Meeting: 10:45 a.m., Tuesday, January 31, 2017
Glenn S. Dumke Auditorium

Peter J. Taylor, Chair
Debra S. Farar, Vice Chair
Jane W. Carney
Adam Day
Jean P. Firstenberg
Hugo N. Morales
Lateefah Simon

Consent Items

Approval of Minutes of the Meeting of November 15, 2016

1. Approval to Issue Trustees of the California State University Systemwide Revenue Bonds and Related Debt Instruments for Projects at California State University, Long Beach and California State Polytechnic University, Pomona, *Action*
2. Report on the Implementation of New Investment Authority, *Information*

Discussion Items

3. Report on the 2017-2018 Support Budget, *Information*
4. Tuition Adjustment Proposal for the 2017-2018 Academic Year, *Information*

**MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE
COMMITTEE ON FINANCE**

**Trustees of the California State University
Office of the Chancellor
Glenn S. Dumke Conference Center
401 Golden Shore
Long Beach, California**

November 15, 2016

Members Present

Peter Taylor, Chair
Debra Farar, Vice Chair
Jane W. Carney
Adam Day
Jean P. Firstenberg
Hugo N. Morales
Lateefah Simon
Rebecca Eisen, Chair of the Board
Timothy P. White, Chancellor

Trustee Peter Taylor called the meeting to order.

Public Comments

Jennifer Eagan, California Faculty Association President and Carlos Montes, student at Cal State Los Angeles, spoke for affordable education for students and advocated for funding from the state instead of increasing tuition. Dale Landrum, student and employee of CSU Long Beach, spoke about the challenges faced by students in order to afford higher education.

Approval of Minutes

The minutes of the September 20, 2016 meeting were approved as submitted.

**Approval to Issue Trustees of the California State University Systemwide
Revenue Bonds and Related Debt Instruments for Projects at Monterey Bay,
Sacramento and San José**

Trustee Taylor presented agenda item 1 as a consent action item. The committee recommended approval of the proposed resolution (RFIN 11-16-12).

Approval of the 2017-2018 Lottery Budget

Trustee Taylor presented agenda item 1 as a consent action item. The committee recommended approval of the proposed resolution (RFIN 11-16-13).

Procurement and Other Effectiveness Initiatives

Executive Vice Chancellor Steve Relyea and Chief Procurement Officer Arun Casuba presented information on spending and cost avoidance strategies used by the CSU. A few examples shared were regional contracts in construction, systemwide agreements in facilities products, and reverse auctions conducted online. Other initiatives reduce cost burdens on students through reduced or free electronic access to digital libraries. Mr. Relyea shared that two national rankings of most affordable colleges included multiple CSU campuses amongst the top schools.

Trustee Taylor asked about the use of public-private partnership projects to achieve savings or cost avoidance. Mr. Relyea responded that these types of projects are beneficial and brought to the board regularly. He added that a small team of experts and industry partners is currently working on tools to assist with the development of housing projects.

Trustee Adam Day asked if there was any third party review of CSU procurement practices. Mr. Casuba responded that in some cases, such as in the Information Technology, external partners are consulted for industry expertise before selecting vendors.

President Erika Beck shared that at Channel Islands, Lean training, which involves the study and mapping of a specific process to identify efficiencies that reduce time and cost, helped streamline the delegation of authority process and redirect time and resources that resulted in avoidance of hiring an additional position.

Referring to the presentation slides, Trustee Rebecca Eisen asked about the 12 percent of spend designated as “Other” and Mr. Casuba responded that it included lower dollar spending categories in retail and wholesale, public sector payments, recreation, communications and outreach, social care, and animals and farming among others.

Trustee Maggie White expressed appreciation for initiatives such as the systemwide contract for Portfolium that directly help students.

Annual 2016-2017 Student Fee Report

Ryan Storm, Assistant Vice Chancellor for Budget, presented the 2016-2017 campus based mandatory fees report. He provided a summary of programs and activities covered by these fees. Average undergraduate resident tuition and fees for CSU and other comparable institutions were shared and noted that CSU remains affordable. He shared that 80 percent of CSU student receive some form of financial aid and more than 60 percent have tuition fully covered by financial aid.

Trustee Maggie White asked how the 15 comparable institutions were selected, and commented that perhaps these should be updated. Mr. Storm responded that the list was developed by the California Post-Secondary Education Commission and chosen for being similar to the CSU in demographics, size, and other factors.

Trustee Silas Abrego asked if data on family incomes and discretionary fund ratios to tuition expenses were available. Chancellor Timothy P. White responded that most families that earn \$70,000 or less per year qualify for full financial aid.

Approval of the 2017-2018 Support Budget Request

Executive Vice Chancellor Relyea introduced the proposed 2017-2018 support budget and noted if all CSU stakeholders are successful at securing funding from the state the CSU will be able to continue working on high impact practices that facilitate timely degree completion. However should the state decide not to fully fund the CSU's request it would be necessary to consider a tuition increase proposal in January 2017 and take action in March 2017. Conversations about the proposal to increase tuition began in October 2016 with the California State Student Association. The proposal will be presented as an information item in January 2017.

Mr. Storm provided a report on the CSU's total budget including expenses by category, revenue type, expenses per student, and administrative expenses per student. He reviewed the components of the CSU 2017-2018 Support Budget Request which totals \$343.7 million, adding that in order to secure funding from the state, advocacy efforts by all stakeholders will be necessary.

Trustee Lillian Kimbell asked if any projections of increase in benefits related to pension and healthcare have been conducted. Mr. Storm responded that CalPers may have that data, however generally speaking the CSU would need to cover future adjustments to healthcare and the state would cover adjustments to pension.

Trustee Eisen asked if it was typical that the amounts for debt sources and debt uses are equal. Mr. Relyea commented that typically the two are fairly close, although expenditures may occur over a fiscal year. She next asked if it is accurate to say that the state supports only 31 percent of the total CSU budget to which Mr. Storm responded affirmatively. He added that the total budget is made up of the support budget and all other enterprises and auxiliaries such parking and student housing.

Trustee White expressed concern for how the tuition increase could affect students' available cash for financial aid for books and other expenses. Mr. Storm briefly explained how the Cal Grant, SUG, and Pell Grant are awarded and commented that no impact is expected for students that currently have the full cost of tuition covered.

Trustees Jorge Reye Salinas and Maggie White spoke of the need to rally together to advocate for funding from the state.

Trustee Taylor clarified that the total \$8.5 billion budget covers the entire university experience including student life services such as residence halls that are not paid for with tuition. Chancellor White added that the difference between the total budget and the support budget is made up of restricted revenues that are dedicated to specific purposes such as housing and parking and may not be used for other operational expenses.

Trustee Douglas Faigin asked how the tuition increase amount was determined. Mr. Storm shared that many factors were considered such as expenses, revenue, and assumptions of expected state appropriations based on prior experience.

Trustee Faigin asked what type of projects would be financed with the \$10 million listed for infrastructure. Ms. Elvyra San Juan, Assistant Vice Chancellor for Capital Planning, Design and Construction responded that projects would be funded according to the trustees' priorities which are infrastructure, renovation, and new space, and would not include self-support projects. Trustee Faigin inquired what would happen should interest rates increase in the future. Assistant Vice Chancellor for Financing, Treasury, and Risk Management Robert Eaton responded that generally speaking if rates go up, then the amount of proceeds from the bond sale would go down.

Trustee Adam Day commented that fixed costs alone make up more than the anticipated governor's appropriation and emphasized the need to advocate for full funding from the state to cover fixed costs and the Graduation Initiative goals.

The committee recommended approval of resolution (RFIN 11-16-14).

Conceptual Approval of a Public-Private Partnership Project with the Los Angeles Football Club to Develop a Performance Center at California State University, Los Angeles

President William Covino shared information about a public-private partnership project between the CSU Los Angeles campus and the Los Angeles Football Club for a soccer training facility. Mr. Eaton presented specifics about the proposed project site. Revenues from the project land lease will be used to support academic programs and other campus services. The Los Angeles Football club will be responsible for all project costs and maintenance.

The committee recommended approval of resolution (RFIN 11-16-15).

Trustee Taylor adjourned the meeting on Finance Committee.

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Approval to Issue Trustees of the California State University Systemwide Revenue Bonds and Related Debt Instruments for Projects at California State University, Long Beach and California State Polytechnic University, Pomona

Presentation By

Robert Eaton
Assistant Vice Chancellor
Financing, Treasury, and Risk Management

Summary

This item requests the California State University Board of Trustees to authorize the issuance of long term Systemwide Revenue Bond (SRB) financing and related debt instruments, including shorter term and variable rate debt, floating and fixed rate loans placed directly with banks, and bond anticipation notes (BANs) to support interim financing under the commercial paper (CP) program in an aggregate amount not-to-exceed \$172,690,000 to provide financing for two campus projects:

1. California State University, Long Beach Continuing and Professional Education Classroom Building; and
2. California State Polytechnic University, Pomona Student Housing Replacement, Phase I

The trustees are being asked to approve resolutions related to these financings.

Background

The Systemwide Revenue Bond (SRB) program provides capital financing for projects of the California State University – student housing, parking, student union, health center, continuing education facilities, certain auxiliary projects, and other projects, including academic facilities, approved by the CSU Board of Trustees. Revenues from these programs and revenues approved by the board, including CSU operating funds, are used to meet operational requirements for the projects and to pay debt service on the bonds issued to finance the projects. The strength of the SRB program is its consolidated pledge of gross revenues to the bondholders, which has resulted in strong credit ratings and low borrowing costs for the CSU. Prior to issuance of bonds, some projects are funded through bond anticipation notes (BANs) issued by the CSU in support of its commercial paper (CP) program. The BANs are provided to the CSU Institute, a recognized systemwide auxiliary organization, to secure the CSU Institute's issuance of CP, proceeds from which are used to fund the projects. CP notes provide greater financing flexibility and lower

short-term borrowing costs during project construction than would be available with long term bond financing. Proceeds from the issuance of bonds are then used to retire outstanding CP and provide any additional funding not previously covered by CP.

1. California State University, Long Beach Continuing and Professional Education Classroom Building

The California State University, Long Beach Continuing and Professional Education Classroom Building project was approved by the trustees as an amendment of the Capital Outlay program and schematics at the November 15-16, 2016, Committee on Campus Planning, Buildings and Grounds meeting. The project will be a three story building, consisting of approximately 38,000 gross square feet that will include classrooms, student interaction space, and a multi-purpose conference room to provide a centralized facility for the College of Continuing and Professional Education (CCPE) program. The project will be funded by CCPE program reserves and revenues.

The not-to-exceed par amount of the proposed bonds is \$16,670,000 and is based on a total budget of \$28,909,000 with a CCPE reserve contribution of \$13.9 million. Additional net financing costs, such as capitalized interest and cost of issuance (estimated at \$1,661,000), are expected to be funded from bond proceeds. The project is scheduled to start construction in February 2017 with completion expected in August 2018.

The following table summarizes key information about this financing transaction.

Not-to-exceed amount	\$16,670,000
Amortization	Approximately level over 30 years
Projected maximum annual debt service	\$1,097,490
Projected debt service coverage including the new project:	
Net revenue – Long Beach pledged revenue programs: ¹	2.19
Net revenue – Projected for the campus CCPE program:	1.30

1. Based on campus projections of 2019-2020 operations of the project with expected full debt service.

The not-to-exceed amount for the project, the maximum annual debt service, and the ratios above are based on an all-in interest cost of 5.30 percent, inclusive of a cushion for changing financial market conditions that could occur before the permanent financing bonds are sold. The financial plan includes level amortization of debt service, which is the CSU program standard. The campus financial plan projects a CCPE program net revenue debt service coverage of 1.30 in 2019-2020, the first full year of operations, which exceeds the CSU benchmark of 1.10 for the program. When combining the project with projected information for all campus pledged revenue programs, the campus' overall net revenue debt service coverage for the first full year of operations is projected to be 2.18, which exceeds the CSU benchmark of 1.35 for a campus.

2. California State Polytechnic University, Pomona Student Housing Replacement, Phase I

The California State Polytechnic University, Pomona Student Housing Replacement, Phase I project is being presented for the amendment of the capital outlay program and schematics approval during the January 31- February 1, 2017, Committee on Campus Planning, Buildings and Grounds. The project will include 980 beds in two eight story buildings with lounges, common living space, a convenience store, and a dining commons with indoor and outdoor seating. The project, consisting of approximately 327,000 gross square feet, will replace existing facilities built in the 1960’s that are cost prohibitive to renovate and upgrade. The campus received a positive recommendation for the project from the Housing Proposal Review Committee in November 2016.

The not-to-exceed par amount of the proposed bonds is \$156,020,000 and is based on a total budget of \$185,000,000 with contributions of \$52 million (\$46 million from the housing program; \$2 million from the parking program; and \$4 million from the Cal Poly Pomona Foundation). Additional net financing costs, such as capitalized interest and cost of issuance (estimated at \$23,020,000), are expected to be funded from bond proceeds. The project is scheduled to start construction in September 2017 with completion expected in June 2019.

The following table summarizes key information about this financing transaction.

Not-to-exceed amount	\$156,020,000
Amortization	Approximately level over 30 years
Projected maximum annual debt service	\$10,306,000
Projected debt service coverage including the new project:	
Net revenue – Pomona pledged revenue programs: ¹	1.50
Net revenue – Projected for the campus housing program:	1.33

1. Based on campus projections of 2020-2021 operations of the project with expected full debt service.

The not-to-exceed amount for the project, the maximum annual debt service, and the ratios above are based on an all-in interest cost of 5.34 percent, inclusive of a cushion for changing financial market conditions that could occur before the permanent financing bonds are sold. The financial plan includes level amortization of debt service, which is the CSU program standard. The campus financial plan projects a housing program net revenue debt service coverage of 1.33 in 2020-2021, the first full year of operations, which exceeds the CSU benchmark of 1.10 for the program. When combining the project with projected information for all campus pledged revenue programs, the campus’ overall net revenue debt service coverage for the first full year of operations is projected to be 1.50, which exceeds the CSU benchmark of 1.35 for a campus.

Trustee Resolutions and Recommendation

Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, as bond counsel, is preparing resolutions to be presented at this meeting that authorize interim and permanent financing for the projects described in this agenda. The proposed resolutions will be distributed at the meeting and will achieve the following:

1. Authorize the sale and issuance of Systemwide Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes and/or the related or stand-alone sale and issuance of the Trustees of the California State University Systemwide Revenue Bonds in an aggregate amount not-to-exceed \$172,690,000 and certain actions relating thereto.
2. Provide a delegation to the chancellor; the executive vice chancellor and chief financial officer; the assistant vice chancellor, Financial Services; and the assistant vice chancellor, Financing, Treasury, and Risk Management; and their designees to take any and all necessary actions to execute documents for the sale and issuance of the bond anticipation notes and the revenue bonds.

Approval of the financing resolutions for the project as described in this Agenda Item 1 of the Committee on Finance at the January 31–February 1, 2017, meeting of the CSU Board of Trustees is recommended for:

California State University, Long Beach Continuing and Professional Education Classroom Building

California State Polytechnic University, Pomona Student Housing Replacement, Phase I

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Report on the Implementation of New Investment Authority

Presentation By

Steve Relyea
Executive Vice Chancellor and
Chief Financial Officer

Robert Eaton
Assistant Vice Chancellor
Financing, Treasury, and Risk Management

Summary

This item provides information to the California State University Board of Trustees regarding the initial implementation of the new investment authority of the California State University.

Background on New Investment Authorities

Signed into law by Governor Jerry Brown in September 2016, the new investment authority of the CSU became effective January 1, 2017.

Key components of new legislation are as follows:

1. Expands the types of investments CSU can make to include mutual funds (including equity mutual funds) and real estate investment trusts.
2. Limits the amount of funds in the new investments and phases in such investment over a four-year period. The first year is limited to \$200 million, year two is limited to \$400 million, year three is limited to \$600 million, and thereafter no more than 30% of the CSU's total eligible investments may be invested in the new investment options.
3. Requires the trustees to establish an independent advisory committee to provide advice and expertise on investments. The committee must include a majority of members with investment expertise and who are not CSU employees. The State Treasurer has the option to serve, or appoint a designee to serve, as a member of the committee.
4. Expands quarterly and annual reporting to the trustees and adds an annual report requirement to the legislature that includes investment returns, comparisons to benchmarks, portfolio holdings, market values, and fees.
5. Restricts the use of earnings from the new investments to meet non-recurring capital needs, including deferred maintenance and critical infrastructure.

6. Prohibits the CSU from citing any losses associated with the new investments as justification for increases in student tuition or fees.
7. Prohibits the CSU from seeking State general fund dollars to offset any losses associated with the new investments.

Implementation Progress and Next Steps

With respect to establishing the investment advisory committee, staff has been in contact with potential members. Potential candidates have been discussed with the Chair of the Committee on Finance, who has agreed to serve as the chair of the investment advisory committee, however, the investment advisory committee has not yet been finalized.

Staff has commenced work on revising and drafting investment policy documents, drafts of which will be presented to the investment advisory committee for discussion and further revision before being presented to the trustees for final discussion and approval at a future meeting.

Staff has also met with University of California staff about the possibility of partnering with the University of California and taking advantage of its investment capabilities as a means of implementing the CSU's new investment authorities quicker. Such a partnership would still be subject to review and approval by the investment advisory committee and the Board of Trustees.

Staff will continue work on the formation of the investment advisory committee and the investment policy documents with the goal of presenting the initial set of recommendations from the investment advisory committee and staff at a future meeting of the Board of Trustees.

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Report on the 2017-2018 Support Budget

Presentation By

Ryan Storm
Assistant Vice Chancellor
Budget

Summary

The near term fiscal outlook for the California economy and state government is mixed. The legislative analyst's November 2016 outlook concluded that the state's economy will continue to modestly grow in calendar years 2017 and 2018. However, the governor's January 2017 budget proposal projected lower revenues than previously forecasted, while still showing year-over-year growth. Both forecasts call into question the assumptions state leaders will use for major state tax revenues and the ability for the state to address new and emerging program costs, make new investments, and grow reserves to balance future economic uncertainty.

The governor's administration has reduced the previous revenue forecast for 2017-2018 by \$1.6 billion. This translates to a lower rate of growth than previously anticipated, but still represents a three percent year-over-year growth rate. The governor's budget plan sets aside \$2.7 billion of state revenues for reserves, of which approximately \$1.2 billion would be placed in the restricted rainy day fund and approximately \$1.5 billion into a discretionary reserve fund for future budget emergencies. This is consistent with the administration's fiscal prudence in planning for a small to moderate recession in coming years. Medi-Cal caseload and program cost increases as well as civil service compensation increases are significant examples of many new investments included in this budget proposal. The proposal included some budget balancing changes. Examples include the phase out of the Middle Class Scholarship Program for new cohorts of students, a retrenchment of a planned one-time spending for affordable housing and state office building modernization, and curbing the start of new state programs.

The governor's budget provides a \$157.2 million state general fund recurring increase for the California State University's (CSU) support budget. The governor's budget proposal does not contain any one-time funding proposals for the CSU.

California Fiscal Outlook

Since the November 2016 meeting of the CSU Board of Trustees, three reputable entities have published forecasts for California's economy and the resulting effect on the state budget—the Legislative Analyst Office (LAO) California Fiscal Outlook in November 2016, the University of

California, Los Angeles Anderson Forecast in December 2016, and the Department of Finance 2017-2018 Governor's Budget in January 2017. All three forecasts conclude that the state's economy will continue to modestly grow in calendar years 2017 and 2018. The associated growth in employment, real personal income, and other factors are expected to yield greater tax receipts primarily in personal income taxes. The major differences in the fiscal outlooks lie in the level of growth by tax category, but all agree that California's economy will continue to grow. The timing of a future recession remains unknown at this time, but historic economic patterns suggest that a mild or moderate recession will affect federal and state economies in the coming years.

Regardless of the differences in the economic forecasts today, the state will receive more tax receipts in 2017 and 2018, which could allow for increases in state program expenditures and help the state save for future economic uncertainty.

State Budget Overview

The state's budget outlook has markedly changed in recent years. Five years ago, the Governor's Budget estimated both immediate and future annual budget deficits in the billions of dollars. As championed by state leaders, and with the assistance of many others, including the CSU and its stakeholders, voters approved Proposition 30 and Proposition 55 in November 2012 and November 2016, respectively. These initiatives temporarily increased sales tax, since expired, and personal income tax through calendar year 2030. Additionally, voters approved Proposition 2 in November 2014, which required the state to annually pay down debt and save more money in a "rainy day" fund. However, the most significant factor was a growing state economy, resulting in additional state revenue, debt reduction, stronger savings requirements, and significant permanent expenditure reductions that transformed the fiscal fortunes of California.

To illustrate the short-term positive fiscal trajectory, the LAO's California Fiscal Outlook from November anticipates state revenues outpacing planned expenditures, resulting in a \$4 billion state surplus at the end of 2017-2018. Of this amount, the LAO reports that \$2 billion must be deposited in the state's rainy day fund, but that the remaining \$2 billion could be used for any discretionary purpose, including CSU, if state leaders choose this approach.

The more guarded short-term fiscal trajectory provided by the Department of Finance in the release of the 2017-2018 Governor's Budget on January 10, 2017, reported a \$2.7 billion surplus for 2017-2018. Of this amount, the Governor's administration proposes to deposit \$1.2 billion in the state's rainy day fund and the administration proposes to set aside the remaining \$1.5 billion in a discretionary reserve fund for unexpected budget purposes or emergencies.

Longer-term forecasting is difficult, and all parties are cautious in placing significant weight on those types of multi-year educated guesswork. Nevertheless, the LAO offered two revenue scenarios that extend through 2020-2021. The first suggests that future average annual growth

could be 5.1 percent under a continuing economic growth scenario. The second suggests a mild recession in mid-2018 and an average annual growth scenario of only 2.8 percent. The governor's budget estimates future annual revenue growth of approximately four percent through 2020-2021.

2017-2018 CSU Support Budget

The governor's budget proposal continues to make higher education a priority, although not at the level requested in the CSU budget plan approved by the trustees in November 2016. Below are elements of the 2017-2018 Governor's Budget proposal that affect the CSU.

Appropriation Increase

The governor's budget proposes a recurring augmentation of \$157.2 million of state general fund. This funding is for general CSU operational purposes and consists of two pieces. First, \$131.2 million aligns with the governor's multi-year funding plan for higher education first implemented in 2013-2014. This is an additional year of the funding commitment, which extends beyond the original four years to align with the governor's term in office. Second, the budget proposes \$26 million of recurring funds from changes to the Middle Class Scholarship program in 2015.

However, the proposed funding is significantly short of the trustees' support budget request of \$324.9 million of state general fund—a \$167.7 million difference that would provide greater student access, quality, and achievement at the CSU.

Ongoing Capital Program Funding

The funds that support debt service payments for all outstanding general obligation (GO) bond and State Public Works Board (SPWB) bond-funded CSU academic facility projects were folded into the CSU support budget in 2014-2015. The "fold-in" of \$297 million for GO and SPWB debt service would be augmented by a recurring \$5.1 million to cover new SPWB debt service costs that will begin in 2017-2018. The governor's administration committed to the CSU to ramp up funding over a three-year period for those capital projects approved by the state, but which were not completed prior to the adoption of the new capital financing authority. This is the third and final year of such funding. The \$7.6 million augmentation provided in 2015-2016, the \$7.9 million in 2016-2017, and the \$5.1 million proposal for 2017-2018 would be cost neutral in the near term. As this debt is retired over time, the new capital financing authority provides the CSU the opportunity to retain the three-year total of \$20.6 million indefinitely and to use more of those funds in future years for infrastructure or other capital needs.

The governor's budget generally provides similar treatment to the CSU and the University of California (UC). For each system, the budget would provide an augmentation of \$131.2 million for support of each system. In other words, the governor's budget differentiates between the two

systems. For example, (1) CSU would receive a \$26 million recurring supplement to the \$131.2 million support budget increase (bringing CSU's total to \$157.2 million) and (2) UC would receive a one-time increase of \$169 million to help pay down the UC retirement plan's unfunded liability.

Leaders in both houses of the state legislature expressed general support of the governor's proposed investments in education, but also expressed concern over the proposal to phase out the Middle Class Scholarship Program. It is, however, very early in the 2017-2018 state budget cycle, and it will be several months before the Assembly and Senate create their final budget proposals specific to CSU. Ahead are several months of legislative budget committee work that will include an evaluation of the CSU support budget request, the governor's revised May budget proposal, a careful analysis and revision by both the LAO and the Department of Finance of anticipated state revenues, and balancing funding priorities for higher education with other areas of state government. While this is happening, it will be important for the CSU administration, along with trustees, students, faculty, and staff, to meet with legislators and staff to continue emphasizing the importance of investing in higher education to power California's future economy.

Conclusion

If approved by the legislature, the governor's budget proposal would allow the CSU to minimally cover a portion of unavoidable mandatory CSU costs, such as employee health benefits, and fulfill commitments already made in current employee compensation agreements. This scenario leaves no fiscal flexibility to fund other significant trustee priorities such as Graduation Initiative 2025, facility maintenance and other infrastructure needs, additional student access to meet the demand for a CSU education, and additional compensation increases for non-represented employees and for represented employees without agreements for 2017-2018.

Presuming that the state's mostly positive economic prospects persist into the May Revision, CSU staff commits to working with the governor and legislature, alongside faculty, staff, and students, through the budget process to ensure that the priorities outlined in the trustee-approved CSU support budget request are met by an appropriate level of state support.

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Tuition Adjustment Proposal for the 2017-2018 Academic Year

Presentation By

Steve Relyea
Executive Vice Chancellor and
Chief Financial Officer

Ryan Storm
Assistant Vice Chancellor
Budget

Summary

The California State University (CSU) Board of Trustees is considering all possible funding strategies as part of the 2017-2018 support budget plan. The CSU's first priority and commitment continues to be to pursue full funding from the state and to work with partners across the system to make the case in Sacramento for the level of new funding that supports student success as reflected in the CSU 2017-2018 Support Budget Request. Additionally, the CSU is committed to its efforts to find administrative efficiencies and increase effectiveness across the system, which help mitigate increasing mandatory costs. However, to ensure the university has the revenue to meet its 2017-2018 priorities, the CSU began a conversation and consultation process about a possible tuition adjustment. If adopted, the proposal would generate \$77.5 million in net revenue. The tuition adjustment would take effect in fall 2017, aligning with the timeline and requirements of the Working Families Student Fee Transparency and Accountability Act (Act). The CSU remains committed to keeping costs as low as possible for students. Several financial aid grant and waiver programs cover the full cost of tuition for more than 60 percent of all CSU students. Because these programs are designed to pay the full cost of tuition, the proposed tuition adjustment would have no financial effect on the over 267,000 students who receive these grants and waivers.

Background

The trustees have the sole authority to establish and adjust systemwide tuition. In order to adjust tuition in a fiscal year without state appropriation cuts, the CSU must follow a precise timeline and meet several requirements outlined by the Act codified in 2012 by Assembly Bill 970. The last recession prompted the state to cut CSU's appropriation by one billion dollars over a four-year span, which resulted in the CSU cutting academic and non-academic programs and significantly increasing tuition more than once during that period. Understandably, the unpredictability of budget cuts and tuition adjustments prompted CSU stakeholders to pursue, and state lawmakers to adopt the Act in an attempt to:

“...continue the state’s historic commitment to ensuring access to the state’s public universities for all Californians by ensuring sufficient notification to the general public, students, and the state’s working families of any increases in student fees, proper consultation with students, and accountability and transparency with respect to student fee revenue.”

The Act requires the CSU to consult with the California State Student Association (CSSA) before the trustees consider any adjustment to mandatory systemwide tuition and ensure transparency in the process. Specifically, the CSSA is to receive a detailed tuition proposal and the opportunity to consult with the CSU at a minimum of six months before CSU can fully implement a tuition adjustment. Specific to this proposal and its potential effect on the 2017-2018 academic year, the Chancellor’s Office prepared and delivered to the CSSA the “Possible 2017-18 Tuition Proposal for Consideration” on September 29, 2016. Information about the proposal is also available online at <http://www.calstate.edu/tuition-adjustment>. A consultation meeting between CSSA executive leadership and Chancellor’s Office representatives to discuss the proposal followed on October 5 and subsequent meetings occurred on October 26 and November 6, 2016. Next, the Act requires public notice of the proposed tuition adjustment (this item meets this requirement), followed by a meeting of the trustees to discuss the proposal and gather public comment. The proposal will be considered for adoption at the March 2017 Board of Trustees meeting.

Justification for the Proposed Tuition Adjustment

Over the last two decades, state tax revenues that support public higher education institutions have significantly fluctuated, with a trend toward a decrease in real dollars, across the country and within California. This decline came as states responded to the condition of the economy and shifted public dollars to other priorities.

The decrease in public investment has come at a time of increased student and industry demand for bachelors, masters, and other advanced degrees. Universities including the CSU have responded over the past two decades by making programmatic cuts while increasing tuition and fees in order to balance budgets. These cuts, coupled with shifting of costs from states to students and the connected reduction in educational opportunities for students were unfortunate, yet necessary steps to continue to operate quality programs.

State investment in support of the CSU has moved from approximately 80 percent in the mid-1990s to closer to 50 percent by 2016-2017, with the remaining revenue provided by tuition and fees. In spite of this fiscal trend, the CSU has remained committed to providing students a high-quality education and admitting qualified students from California’s high schools and community colleges.

Over the last four years CSU advocacy efforts coincided with an important increase in state tax revenues, which recovered by \$33.2 billion between the low point of the recession and today. However, it is only as of 2016-2017 that the CSU has been funded at prerecession levels of 2007-2008, despite serving 20,000 additional students.

Over the past four years, the CSU has consistently made support budget requests that would reinvest in the most critical priority areas. However, only once in these last four years had the CSU's request been fully funded. Put another way, the state has not provided a total of \$425 million of recurring funding requested by the CSU since the recovery began.

The governor's multi-year funding plan for the CSU from 2013-2014 through 2016-2017 provided increases in general fund support with a caveat requirement that tuition be held at 2011-2012 levels. These state funds have allowed modest recoveries in course sections, faculty and staff hires, and technology and infrastructure, while providing employees with salary increases for the first time since the beginning of the recession.

Based on recent information in the governor's January budget proposal, the governor proposed an increase of \$157.2 million to the CSU support budget for 2017-2018. This continues the limited and incremental nature of investment that has dominated state funding for the CSU during California's recovery.

2017-2018 CSU Support Budget

The final support budget request, as adopted by the trustees, concluded that priority areas would require investment of \$324.9 million in additional state investment. The governor proposed allocating \$157.2 million in new funding to the CSU in his January budget proposal. This leaves a \$167.7 million funding gap between anticipated state funding and the real needs of the university. The proposed tuition adjustment would generate \$77.5 million in revenue systemwide, after a one-third set-aside that would increase the State University Grant pool to help cover the cost of the adjustment for students who receive the grant.

The trustees' priorities detailed in the 2017-2018 Support Budget Request will continue the CSU's commitment to the Graduation Initiative 2025, maintain access to the university, increase compensation for faculty and staff, attend to the highest priority academic infrastructure and deferred maintenance needs, and fund mandatory cost obligations. The current funding assumptions from the state fall short of providing the necessary resources to properly invest in each of these priorities.

Board of Trustees Priorities

1. *Graduation Initiative 2025*: The CSU is committed to improving the opportunities for faster time to degree for all our students, including doubling of the four-year graduation rate from 19 percent to 40 percent, achieving a 70 percent six-year graduation rate,

shortening time to degree for transfer students, and eliminating the achievement gap among low income and underserved students. The tools and strategies that will help support more students earn degrees in a timely manner are directly tied to the ability to invest new funding to offer more courses, increase tenure-track faculty hiring, student-advisor ratios, eAdvising platforms, college readiness, and use of data to ensure resources are dedicated to the most important factors leading to overall student success.

2. *Funded Enrollment Growth:* The CSU confers the most baccalaureate degrees in the state and contributes to the California workforce in significant ways. Increased enrollment funding contributes to new sections of high-demand courses, hiring new tenure-track and temporary faculty, providing more academic and student support services, and bolstering overall institutional support and operation of the campus to serve additional students. With a total student body of more than 470,000 students, the CSU continues to see increased demand from qualified applicants each year.
3. *Facilities & Campus Infrastructure:* Leading-edge academic facilities support quality degree programs setting the stage for CSU graduates to be workforce ready and equipped to excel in their chosen field. A significant portion of CSU facilities are dated and in need of renovation. Specifically, fifty-five percent of all CSU buildings are more than 40 years old. While the CSU has maintained its buildings as best as it could with available resources, the state funded most of the costs associated with the construction and maintenance of academic buildings and physical infrastructure. The state shifted this obligation to the CSU in 2014, making facilities a significant consideration when developing and implementing the CSU support budget. Dedicating a portion of the CSU support budget to facilities and infrastructure is essential to allow the most pressing needs on campuses to be addressed.
4. *Employee Compensation:* Central to the student experience is the ability to interact, learn from, and be guided by outstanding faculty and staff. The CSU is proud of the thousands of employees who are dedicated to students and their success. As such, compensation increases are a significant priority for the CSU in order to remain competitive to recruit and retain faculty, staff, and administrators who are committed to students' well-being and academic success.
5. *Mandatory Costs:* Mandatory costs are the expenditures in the operating budget that increase annually due to inflation and other state, federal, or statutory mandates that apply to the CSU. These include changes in the cost of health care and retirement for employees, changes in state and federal wage laws, and the increased cost of operating and maintaining new facilities. Without funding for mandatory cost increases, campuses would have to make cuts and redirect resources from other program areas to meet these obligations.

Proposed Tuition Adjustment

The CSU will continue to engage with the board, students, faculty, staff, alumni, business leaders, and other stakeholders to advocate for full funding by the state of the CSU's support budget request. However, to ensure the university has the revenue available to meet its 2017-2018 priorities, the CSU must continue a conversation about a tuition adjustment. The process to adjust tuition began in September 2016 with a written proposal to the CSSA and continues with appropriate consultation with, and feedback from, other CSU stakeholders.

The consultation period includes this information item at the January-February 2017 Board of Trustees meeting and a possible action item at the March 2017 board meeting. The state budget cycle is asynchronous from the planning decisions of the CSU, as well as the planning that current and potential students must undertake to prepare for the 2017-2018 academic year. Specifically, the outcome of the 2017-2018 budget cycle will not be known until June 2017. To provide students and their families adequate time to plan, and to ensure that the CSU is in alignment with the law, the administration, the trustees, and all constituents began a conversation on tuition in late September 2016. If the trustees consider and approve a tuition adjustment at their March 2017 meeting, the tuition adjustment would go into effect for the fall 2017 term and apply to the full 2017-2018 academic year.

The proposed tuition adjustment, not-to-exceed \$270 per resident undergraduate student, would take the annual tuition price from \$5,472 per student to \$5,742 and could generate up to \$77.5 million of net revenue in 2017-2018 to support the trustees' budget priorities. Similar adjustments are proposed to non-resident tuition, as well as graduate, doctoral, and teacher credential programs.

Potential Impact to Students and Mitigation of Impact on Students with Financial Need

The CSU remains committed to keeping costs as low as possible for students. More than 60 percent of all CSU students receive grants and waivers to cover the full cost of tuition (over 267,000 students). Nearly 80 percent of all CSU students receive some form of financial assistance. The CSU does not expect these percentages to change as the result of a possible tuition adjustment.

Financial Aid Awareness

The CSU will continue its commitment to informing students and families of the availability of financial aid. Each campus maintains a robust internet site that provides information to students and families. Campuses will continue to communicate with students on a regular basis with reminders and notices of key application periods and deadlines. Information will continue to be available via CSU Mentor (the admission application site) and calstate.edu. Campuses will also provide information as part of student outreach, the admission process, and orientation events. Workshops both on and off campus will also be provided to prospective and current students and their families.

State Grants and Waivers

A student who receives a Cal Grant tuition award would not be affected by a potential tuition adjustment because the award amount for this state program is designed to pay the entire tuition cost. This would include students utilizing the California Dream Act Application. Similarly, a student who receives a state-mandated tuition fee waiver would not be affected by the potential tuition adjustment because these state programs are also designed to waive the entire cost of tuition.

Institutional Grants

The State University Grant (SUG) is available to undergraduates, teacher credential candidates, and graduate students. A student who receives a full SUG would not be affected by a potential tuition adjustment because this CSU-administered institutional aid program waives the entire tuition charge. For students who do not receive the maximum award to cover the full tuition cost and absent any other financial aid, SUG may cover the potential adjustment in tuition. However, individual SUG awards vary for each student. CSU doctoral programs and graduate business professional programs also offer need-based grant programs similar to SUG. As part of the proposed tuition adjustment, systemwide SUG funding would grow by more than \$38 million to accommodate eligible students' additional need resulting from a potential tuition adjustment.

Federal Grant and Loans

Federal programs, such as the Pell Grant or loan programs may partially or fully cover tuition and may partially or fully cover any potential tuition adjustment.

The maximum full-time Pell Grant award is \$5,815. If tuition were adjusted by an additional \$270 per year, CSU tuition would be \$5,742, which means a resident undergraduate student who qualifies for the maximum Pell Grant award would still have the entire cost of tuition covered by this program. Pell Grant award amounts can vary based upon income and enrolled units. For students who do not receive the maximum award, and absent any other financial aid, the Pell Grant may partially cover the potential adjustment in tuition. However, individual Pell Grant awards vary for each student.

Loan programs can also be used to cover all tuition costs for a student. Based on CSU financial aid packaging policies in which grants and waivers are applied first, and loans second, it is unlikely that student loan debt would increase materially, if at all, in order to pay for a potential adjustment.

Employment

CSU financial aid policies do not include or establish a minimum workload expectation for students. Student may work to cover tuition and other college-related expenses and if they qualify, can participate in the federal work-study programs for this purpose. For students who work to meet their full cost of attendance, at the current minimum wage of \$10.50 per hour, a resident undergraduate student would have to work approximately 33 additional hours per academic year—equivalent to 1 hour per week—to cover a \$270 proposed adjustment in tuition (assuming taxes and other withholdings).

Student Indebtedness

While 49 percent of all CSU students graduate with some loan debt for college-related expenses, the amount of the debt is substantially lower than the California and national average, as shown in the table below.

AY 2013-14	Amount of Debt	% with Debt
National Average	\$28,950	69%
California Average	\$21,382	55%
CSU Average	\$14,388	49%

Average indebtedness would increase slightly if a student needs to borrow additional funds to cover the proposed tuition adjustment. For example, if a student borrows an additional \$270 a year for four years of enrollment (total \$1,080), the anticipated monthly payment upon graduation would increase by approximately \$13, based on the maximum interest rate and a standard 10-year repayment schedule. Based on similar terms and conditions, if a student borrowed an additional \$270 a year for six years of enrollment (total \$1,620), the anticipated monthly payment would increase by approximately \$19. Average indebtedness at the CSU would still be significantly lower than the California average or national average.

Purpose/Use of New Tuition Revenue

The state general fund and student tuition and fees are the two primary revenue sources that support the educational endeavors of more than 470,000 CSU students. The current support budget is made up of approximately 56 percent from state general funds and 44 percent from student tuition and fees. State funding and tuition revenue support general operations of the university including instruction, academic support, student services, institutional support, operations and maintenance of academic facilities, and institutional financial aid. The board adopted a support budget request for 2017-2018 that would invest new resources in top priority areas.

Now that the trustees have finalized this budget plan and submitted it to the state for consideration, it is the responsibility of the governor and legislature to determine the appropriate amount of state general fund for the CSU. Subject to final trustee decisions, and subsequent action by the governor and legislature on the CSU budget, revenue generated by a potential tuition adjustment would be used in combination with state funding to support the categories of incremental expenditure increases in the table below.

2017-2018 Support Budget Request	
Incremental Expenditures	In Millions
Graduation Initiative 2025	\$75.0
Enrollment Growth: 3,600 FTES	\$38.5
Compensation: Existing Contracts	\$139.1
Compensation: New Contracts & Non-Represented Employees	\$55.1
Academic Facilities & Infrastructure Needs	\$10.0
Mandatory Costs	\$26.0
Total	\$343.7
Anticipated Incremental Revenue	
General Fund:	
Administration's Funding Plan	\$157.2
Tuition Revenue:	
Net Tuition from Enrollment Growth	\$18.8
Total	\$176.0
CSU Remaining Need	\$167.7

Strategies for Addressing Support Budget Shortfall

Earlier this month, the governor's budget proposed a \$157.2 million state General Fund increase for the CSU. It is consistent with the governor's funding plan for the CSU and the funding can be used for any purpose. That said, this amount is approximately a two percent increase in total operating funds, and is \$167.7 million short of the trustees' support budget request to the state.

As a result, the CSU has three primary strategies for addressing its fiscal priorities in the coming year. These strategies are not mutually exclusive and may be combined in varying proportions by the end of the budget process. In general, the three strategies are described below.

Strategy A: Increase state funding to cover the full support budget request

The CSU's first priority and commitment is to pursue this strategy. The CSU will work with partners across the system including students, faculty, staff, business, union leaders, alumni, and friends to make the case in Sacramento for the level of new funding that supports student success. With the historic gains made in four-year and six-year graduation

rates, the aggressive targets set out in Graduation Initiative 2025, and the state recently focusing on these same goals, CSU arguments for increased state funding have never been stronger. While additional state funding is the preferred strategy, the state allocation will not be known until a final budget agreement is reached in June 2017.

Strategy B: Adjust tuition to partially cover the support budget request while continuing to advocate for more state funding

A proposed, not-to-exceed tuition adjustment of \$270 per resident undergraduate student would take the annual tuition price from \$5,472 per student to \$5,742 and would generate approximately \$77.5 million of new revenue to support the 2017-2018 budget plan. Similar, not-to-exceed adjustments are proposed to non-resident tuition, as well as graduate, doctoral, and teacher credential programs. While the revenue raised from a potential tuition adjustment would not fully fund the support budget request, it would allow for a significant investment in Graduation Initiative 2025, coupled with continued advocacy efforts in Strategy A to fully fund the rest of the support budget request.

Strategy C: In lieu of additional state funding or a potential tuition adjustment, reduce programs and services, both academic and non-academic

The CSU's required financial obligations exceed anticipated new revenues for 2017-2018. If additional funding is not secured through Strategies A and/or B, many priority areas of the support budget would be reduced or eliminated while campuses would have to redirect funding from existing programs, services and priorities. Fewer course sections would be available to students, average unit load would go down and ultimately it could take longer for students to graduate.

The CSU will continue to pursue administrative efficiency and effectiveness. Efforts by the Office of the Chancellor and every campus to identify and employ administrative efficiencies and effectiveness will continue to be a high priority. However, it is important to manage expectations and dispel misconceptions about improved efficiency and effectiveness. With the 2017-2018 support budget plan funding gap of approximately \$167.7 million, these efforts will have a very small impact on narrowing that gap for two reasons. First, past successes have yielded, on average, savings and cost avoidance of tens of millions of dollars per year. Based on currently available information, CSU anticipates several, single-digit million-dollar cost savings or cost avoidance opportunities that could culminate in 2017-2018, but which will not significantly narrow the budget gap. Lastly, it is not always possible to align cost savings or avoidance with annual budget cycles, making it difficult to plan and redirect resources from one function to another.

CSU will continue to pursue and realize efficiencies, maintain effectiveness, and identify cost savings and avoidance opportunities as they become available. More importantly, CSU will examine ongoing investments to ensure they are in line with the mission of the university so that the money invested in CSU by the state and students is spent thoughtfully and with student success at its core.

Proposed Systemwide Tuition and Fee Adjustments for the 2017-2018 Academic Year

Undergraduate, Credential and Graduate Programs

Table 1 shows the current and proposed maximum tuition levels for undergraduate, credential, and graduate programs.

Table 1: Undergraduate, Credential and Graduate Tuition per Academic Year			
	Current Rate	Proposed Rate	Dollar Change
Undergraduate Programs			
6.1 or more units	\$5,472	\$5,742	\$270
0 to 6.0 units	3,174	3,330	156
Credential Programs			
6.1 or more	6,348	6,660	312
0 to 6.0	3,684	3,864	180
Graduate and Other Post-Baccalaureate Programs			
6.1 or more	6,738	7,176	438
0 to 6.0	3,906	4,164	258

Summer rates would be adjusted beginning with the summer 2018 term.

Doctoral Programs

The table below shows the current and proposed maximum tuition rates for the three doctoral programs offered by the CSU.

Table 2: Doctoral Program Tuition Per Academic Year			
	Current Rate	Proposed Rate	Dollar Change
Doctor of Education	\$11,118	\$11,838	\$720
Doctor of Nursing Practice	14,340	15,270	930
Doctor of Physical Therapy	16,148	17,196	1,048

State law (Education Code 66042.1) requires the tuition for the Doctor of Physical Therapy program is to be no higher than that of the University of California (UC). State law requires the tuition for the Doctor of Education program is to be no higher than the rate at the UC (Education Code 66040.5). The law does not limit the tuition that may be assessed for the CSU Doctor of Nursing Practice program and does not link the CSU tuition and UC tuition and fees for doctoral nursing programs.

Non-Resident Students

Non-resident tuition is in addition to applicable systemwide tuition. Table 3 shows the current and proposed maximum per semester and per quarter unit rates for non-resident students.

Table 3: Non-Resident Tuition				
	Current Per Semester Unit Rate	Current Per Quarter Unit Rate	Proposed Per Semester Unit Rate	Proposed Per Quarter Unit Rate
Non-Resident Tuition	\$372	\$248	\$396	\$264

Graduate Business Professional Program

The Graduate Business Professional Fee is in addition to applicable systemwide tuition. The board resolution authorizing this fee requires that whenever the board takes action to adjust tuition for graduate students, the same adjustment will be made to the Business Professional Fee. Table 4 shows the current and proposed maximum per semester and per quarter unit rates.

Table 4: Graduate Business Professional Fee				
	Current Per Semester Unit Rate	Current Per Quarter Unit Rate	Proposed Per Semester Unit Rate	Proposed Per Quarter Unit Rate
All Students	\$254	\$169	\$270	\$180

Further Information and Opportunity for Public Comment

In order to provide students and their families with as much information as possible for planning purposes, the <http://www.calstate.edu/tuition-adjustment> website includes information on the proposal. It provides information about the possible tuition adjustment, including maximum potential rate increases, general and specific campus financial aid resources, and other information.

The webpage also provides the opportunity for students, their families, and anyone else to comment on the proposal. Comments received will be compiled and summarized for the trustees at the March 2017 meeting.

Conclusion

The CSU’s first priority and commitment continue to be to pursue additional funding from the state and to work with partners across the system including the board, students, faculty, staff, business and union leaders, alumni, and friends to make the case in the capitol for the level of new funding that supports student success. However, to ensure the university has the revenue available to meet its 2017-2018 priorities, the CSU must continue the conversation and focus the consultation process on a possible tuition adjustment now.

This information item requests the trustees' consideration of a proposed tuition adjustment as part of the 2017-2018 support budget plan. The CSU would use new tuition revenue in combination with additional state general fund allocations to support CSU budget priorities. If the proposal is adopted at the March 2017 Board of Trustees meeting, it would take effect in fall 2017 and would keep with the timeline and requirements of the Working Families Student Fee Transparency and Accountability Act. In addition, the CSU would publish approved increases in order to provide advance notice to current and prospective students and their families. As advocacy efforts for the 2017-2018 budget are underway, it is the CSU's priority that the state fully-fund the CSU's support budget request in lieu of a tuition adjustment.

AGENDA

COMMITTEE ON CAMPUS PLANNING, BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Meeting: 1:00 p.m., Tuesday, January 31, 2017
Glenn S. Dumke Auditorium

Steven G. Stepanek, Chair
John Nilon, Vice Chair
Jane W. Carney
Adam Day
Thelma Meléndez de Santa Ana
J. Lawrence Norton
Peter J. Taylor

Consent Items

Approval of Minutes of the Meeting of November 15, 2016

1. California Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo Gold Tree Solar Photovoltaic Project: Approval of the Amended 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program, *Action*
2. California State Polytechnic University, Pomona and California State University, San Bernardino: Approval of the Amended 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program and Schematic Plans, *Action*
3. Approval of Schematic Plans for CSU Projects at Sacramento and Stanislaus, *Action*

**MINUTES OF MEETING OF
COMMITTEE ON CAMPUS PLANNING, BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS**

**Trustees of the California State University
Office of the Chancellor
Glenn S. Dumke Conference Center
401 Golden Shore
Long Beach, California**

November 15, 2016

Members Present

Steven G. Stepanek, Chair
Jane W. Carney
Adam Day
Rebecca D. Eisen, Chair of the Board
Thelma Meléndez de Santa Ana
J. Lawrence Norton
Peter J. Taylor
Timothy P. White, Chancellor

Trustee Steven G. Stepanek called the meeting to order.

Approval of Minutes

The minutes of the September 21, 2016 meeting were approved as submitted.

California State University, Monterey Bay Student Union Project: Approval of the Master Plan Revision, the Amendment of the 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program, and Schematic Plans

Trustee Stepanek presented agenda item 1 as a consent action item. The committee recommended approval of the proposed resolution (RCPBG 11-16-11).

California State University, Long Beach College of Continuing and Professional Education Classroom Building Project: Approval of the Amended 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program and Schematic Plans

Trustee Stepanek presented agenda item 2 as a consent action item. The committee recommended approval of the proposed resolution (RCPBG 11-16-12).

Approval of Schematic Plans for CSU Projects at Dominguez Hills, Los Angeles, Monterey Bay, Sacramento and San José

Trustee Stepanek presented agenda item 3 as a consent action item. The committee recommended approval of the proposed resolution (RCPBG 11-16-13).

**California State Polytechnic University, Pomona Student Housing Replacement Project:
Certification of the Final Environmental Impact Report and Approval of the 2016 Master
Plan Revision**

Assistant Vice Chancellor Elvyra F. San Juan and President Soraya Coley presented the item. The CSU reviewed the Final Environmental Impact Report, balanced the benefits of the project against its unavoidable significant effects, and concluded that the benefits of the project outweigh the unavoidable adverse environmental effects to aesthetics historic resources and air quality during construction. Staff recommended approval.

The committee recommended approval of the proposed resolution (RCPBG 11-16-14).

Trustee Steven G. Stepanek adjourned the meeting.

COMMITTEE ON CAMPUS PLANNING, BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

California Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo Gold Tree Solar Photovoltaic Project: Approval of the Amended 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program

Presentation By

Elvyra F. San Juan
Assistant Vice Chancellor
Capital Planning, Design and Construction

Summary

The California State University Board of Trustees approved the 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program at its November 2015 meeting. This item allows the board to consider the scope and budget of a project not included in the previously approved capital outlay program.

**California Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo
Gold Tree Solar Photovoltaic**

PWC¹ \$7,796,000

California Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo wishes to proceed with the design and construction of a solar photovoltaic (PV) array as part of a power purchase agreement (PPA) with a third party provider. As part of the PPA, a vendor selected through a Request for Proposal process will design, build, own, operate, and maintain the PV system and sell the power to the university at an agreed upon rate. The term of the agreement would be 19 years, 11 months. At the end of the term, the developer will return the site to its original condition. The maximum electrical output of the system is projected at 4.4 megawatts, equal to 46 percent of the campus peak operating load.

The proposed project will install ground-mounted solar PV panels in an area identified as the Gold Tree site, which is campus owned vacant land located a half-mile from Stenner Creek Road on the main campus and along Highway 1. The site is currently being used as sheep pasture. As part of the proposal, the firm will continue to allow the grazing of sheep after the construction is completed.

Financial due diligence has been performed, establishing a cost per kilowatt hour (kWh) breakeven point. The contract will be awarded to a provider that can offer a rate that is less expensive than typical power purchases.

The project will be funded entirely by a third party provider via the PPA.

¹ Project phases: P – Preliminary Plans, W – Working Drawings, C – Construction, E – Equipment

CPB&G
Agenda Item 1
January 31-February 1, 2017
Page 2 of 2

Recommendation

The following resolution is presented for approval:

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program be amended to include \$7,796,000 for preliminary plans, working drawings, and construction for the California Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo Gold Tree Solar Photovoltaic.

COMMITTEE ON CAMPUS PLANNING, BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

California State Polytechnic University, Pomona and California State University, San Bernardino: Approval of the Amended 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program and Schematic Plans

Presentation By

Elvyra F. San Juan
Assistant Vice Chancellor
Capital Planning, Design and Construction

Summary

This item requests approval to amend the 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program and approval of schematic plans for the Student Housing Replacement, Phase 1 project for California State Polytechnic University, Pomona and the Center for Global Innovation project for California State University, San Bernardino. The California State University Board of Trustees approved the 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program at its November 2015 meeting. This item allows the board to consider the scope and budget of projects not included in the previously approved capital outlay program.

**1. California State Polytechnic University, Pomona
Student Housing Replacement, Phase 1**

PWCE¹ \$185,000,000

California State Polytechnic University, Pomona wishes to amend the 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program for the design and construction of the first phase of replacement student housing (#73, 74²) located adjacent to the existing Residential Suites (#54, #60-63) in the southeastern portion of the campus. This project will provide 980 beds, a dining commons, and shift the segment of Kellogg Drive between Red Gum Lane and South Campus Drive to the eastern side of the site, allowing for expansion of the existing residential community.

¹ Project phases: P – Preliminary Plans, W – Working Drawings, C – Construction, E – Equipment

² The facility number is shown on the master plan map and recorded in the Space and Facilities Database.

CPB&G

Agenda Item 2

January 31-February 1, 2017

Page 2 of 8

Student Housing Replacement, Phase 1 Schematic Design

Collaborative Design-Build Contractor: Sundt Construction

Architect: HMC Architects/Ehrlich Architects

Background and Scope

The proposed project will replace the existing aging student housing facilities on the northern side of campus near the College of Business Administration (#162-164) and Engineering (#9, #17). The existing six residence hall facilities provide 1,400 beds with food service provided in the Los Olivos Commons (#70). The proposed project will be located in the western section of the Arabian Horse Center grazing fields, just east of Kellogg Drive. To clear the 16-acre site for this project, a portion of Kellogg Drive will be relocated to the east.

This first phase of student housing will construct two eight-story residence hall buildings providing 980 beds, residence life staff housing, front desk and administrative space, laundry facilities, and common areas such as lounges and study rooms. The housing units will be designed for a mix of single-, double-, and triple-occupancy, with shared bathrooms distributed throughout each floor. The project includes a single-story dining facility, complete with a general kitchen, food preparation space, a catering service kitchen, event space, and dining space that can be adjusted to serve students during off-peak times, including the late-night hours. A surface parking lot with approximately 400 spaces will be constructed to serve the residents as part of this project. A connection to the existing Central Plant to support the complete build out of student housing phase 1 and planned future phase 2 is included in the project scope.

The two residence hall buildings will be constructed using a pile foundation system and concrete slab-on-grade, reinforced concrete structure, and a single-ply roof. The exterior materials will be selected for high performance, low-maintenance, and aesthetics. The exterior skin will be comprised of cement plaster and ribbed metal finish. Porcelain tile will be used in areas with high pedestrian-level exposure. An aluminum storefront system will support large glazed areas throughout the project, including the space where the two buildings meet.

The dining facility will use spread footings and concrete slab for the foundation and metal braced frames for the structure. The roof will be a raised-seam metal panel system, and contain skylights to provide natural light throughout the one-story building. Materials will consist of storefront glazing, cement plaster, metal panels, and small amounts of prefinished wood interior to the building.

This project will be designed to achieve Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) Silver certification as well as to meet the sustainability objectives of the campus, using an efficient building envelope to reduce heating and cooling demand. High-quality glass will be used throughout the housing and dining buildings, providing natural light and contributing to

thermal performance. Operable windows with window sensors will be provided in the residential spaces, allowing outside air to circulate into interior spaces when outdoor conditions are favorable. LED lighting, controls, and occupancy sensors and water-efficient plumbing fixtures will be included in the project. Native and drought-tolerant plants will be used throughout the site.

Timing (Estimated)

Preliminary Plans Completed	February 2017
Working Drawings Completed	June 2017
Construction Start (Site work and utilities)	May 2017
Construction Start (Building)	August 2017
Occupancy	July 2019

Basic Statistics

Gross Housing Building Area	268,449 square feet
Assignable Building Area	150,000 square feet
Efficiency	56 percent
Bed Spaces	980 spaces
Gross Dining Building Area	35,000 square feet
Assignable Building Area	24,910 square feet
Efficiency	71 percent

Cost Estimate – California Construction Cost Index (CCCI) 6255³

Housing Building Cost (\$356 per GSF)	\$95,537,000
<i>Systems Breakdown</i>	<i>(\$ per GSF)</i>
a. Substructure (Foundation)	\$ 14.24
b. Shell (Structure and Enclosure)	\$ 101.10
c. Interiors (Partitions and Finishes)	\$ 75.61
d. Services (HVAC, Plumbing, Electrical, Fire)	\$ 116.98
e. Built-in Equipment and Furnishings	\$ 7.10
f. General Conditions and Insurance	\$ 40.85
Dining Building Cost (\$528 per GSF)	18,475,000

³ The July 2016 *Engineering News-Record* California Construction Cost Index (CCCI). The CCCI is the average Building Cost Index for Los Angeles and San Francisco.

<i>Systems Breakdown</i>	<i>(\$ per GSF)</i>
a. Substructure (Foundation)	\$ 21.91
b. Shell (Structure and Enclosure)	\$ 143.83
c. Interiors (Partitions and Finishes)	\$ 63.57
d. Services (HVAC, Plumbing, Electrical, Fire)	\$ 139.03
e. Built-in Equipment and Furnishings	\$ 98.94
f. General Conditions and Insurance	\$ 60.56

Site Development	11,585,000
Kellogg Drive Realignment	<u>7,972,000</u>
Construction Cost	\$133,569,000
Fees, Contingency, Services	<u>46,047,000</u>
Total Project Cost (\$593 per GSF)	\$179,616,000
Fixtures, Furniture & Movable Equipment (Housing and Dining)	<u>5,384,000</u>
Grand Total	<u>\$185,000,000</u>

Cost Comparison

Housing Component

The project's housing building cost of \$356 per GSF is higher than the \$328 per GSF for the Student Housing project at California State University, San Bernardino, approved in November 2015, and the \$341 per GSF for Student Housing, Phase 3 at California State University Channel Islands but comparable to the \$360 per GSF for Student Housing South at California Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo, both approved in November 2014, and all adjusted to CCCI 6255. The building cost is higher due in part to construction labor costs and recent code changes.

Dining Component

This project's building cost of \$528 per GSF is lower than the \$566 per GSF for the Vista Grande Replacement Building at Cal Poly San Luis Obispo approved in November 2015, and the \$538 per GSF for the Dining Center at CSU San Bernardino approved in November 2015, and higher than the \$508 per GSF for the dining component of the Student Housing, Phases 3 and 4 at California State University, Fullerton approved in September 2008, all adjusted to CCCI 6255. The new approach to student dining halls featuring smaller kitchens throughout the dining area adds to the higher cost due to increased built-in equipment, furnishings, ventilation, plumbing, and electrical services. The increase in construction labor costs and recent code changes are also cited as a driver to the cost escalation.

Funding Data

The project will be financed by the CSU Systemwide Revenue Bond Program (\$133 million), and designated capital reserves from housing (\$46 million), parking (\$2 million), and auxiliary (\$4 million). Student housing revenue will repay the bond financing debt service. Financing approval for this project will be requested at this January 2017 meeting of the Committee on Finance.

California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Action

The Student Housing Replacement, Phase 1 project was addressed in the Final Environmental Impact Report (EIR) for the California State Polytechnic University, Pomona Master Plan, which was certified by the trustees in November 2016.

Recommendation

The following resolution is presented for approval:

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that:

1. The California State Polytechnic University, Pomona Student Housing Replacement, Phase 1 project is consistent with the Campus Master Plan approved in November 2016.
2. The project will benefit the California State University.
3. The 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program is amended to include \$185,000,000 for preliminary plans, working drawings, construction, and equipment for the California State Polytechnic University, Pomona Student Housing Replacement, Phase 1 project.
4. The schematic plans for the California State Polytechnic University, Pomona Student Housing Replacement Project, Phase 1 are approved at a project cost of \$185,000,000 at CCCI 6255.

CPB&G

Agenda Item 2

January 31-February 1, 2017

Page 6 of 8

**2. California State University, San Bernardino
College of Extended Learning Expansion**

PWCE \$50,895,000

California State University, San Bernardino wishes to amend the 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program for the design and construction of a new College of Extended Learning Expansion (#60) building located in the center of the campus, southeast of Physical Sciences (#8), west of College of Education (#38), and north of John M. Pfau Library (#9). This project will provide instructional and administrative space for the College of Extended Learning to accommodate enrollment growth of the International Student Programs and the Extended Learning Program, which cannot be accommodated in the college's existing facility. In addition, the project will provide additional shared classroom spaces to the campus to increase lecture space.

College of Extended Learning Expansion Schematic Design

CM at Risk Contractor: Sundt, Inc.

Architect: LPA, Inc.

Background and Scope

The College of Extended Learning currently houses its instructional functions in the Yasuda Center for Extended Learning (#30) while the majority of the administrative functions are located in Sierra Hall (#2). The proposed new three-story 71,465 GSF building will include configurable classrooms of varying sizes, a 250-seat auditorium, multi-purpose rooms, administrative offices, study lounges, and retail food service to provide a centralized facility for College of Extended Learning course offerings and events. In addition, 10 shared classroom spaces will be included for campuswide instructional use.

The first floor of the proposed project contains a 250-seat auditorium, two student lounges, retail food service, five classrooms, two large lecture halls, and two multi-purpose rooms. The second floor contains 14 small classrooms and various academic support offices. The third floor houses administrative functions of the college and includes a dean's office, administrative offices, and conference rooms.

The new building will be a steel-braced frame structure with a roof system of single-ply polyvinyl chloride (PVC) and a slab on grade foundation system. The exterior materials have been selected for durability and ease of maintenance, and will primarily be insulated metal panel and high-performance glazing. Exterior aluminum horizontal and vertical fins will provide sun shading.

Sustainable building features will include extensive use of natural lighting and ventilation, energy efficient LED lighting with smart lighting controls, water efficient plumbing fixtures, and glazed windows.

The building massing and orientation are designed to address the high winds and 100-plus degree weather common during summer days. The building’s main entrance and plaza faces the south to protect users from the winds coming from the north and takes advantage of natural lighting to reduce building energy consumption. The third floor is offset from the first and second floors, resulting in a large overhang with a covered plaza below that provides both shelter from the elements and a social destination point along Coyote Walk, the campus main walkway.

Timing (Estimated)

Preliminary Plans Completed	March 2017
Working Drawings Completed	August 2017
Construction Start	November 2017
Occupancy	August 2019

Basic Statistics

Gross Building Area	71,465 square feet
Assignable Building Area	45,470 square feet
Efficiency	64 percent

Cost Estimate – California Construction Cost Index (CCCI) 6255

Building Cost (\$466 per GSF)		\$33,290,000
<i>Systems Breakdown (\$ per GSF)</i>		
a. Substructure (Foundation)	\$ 32.42	
b. Shell (Structure and Enclosure)	\$ 160.02	
c. Interiors (Partitions and Finishes)	\$ 82.92	
d. Services (HVAC, Plumbing, Electrical, Fire)	\$ 121.07	
e. Built-in Equipment and Furnishings	\$ 8.63	
f. General Conditions and Insurance	\$ 60.76	
 Site Development		 <u>4,317,000</u>
Construction Cost		\$37,607,000
Fees, Contingency, Services		<u>11,938,000</u>
 Total Project Cost (\$693 per GSF)		 \$49,545,000
Fixtures, Furniture & Movable Equipment		<u>1,350,000</u>
 Grand Total		 <u>\$50,895,000</u>

Cost Comparison

This project's building cost of \$466 per GSF is higher than the CSU Construction Cost Guide for general classroom spaces at \$379 per GSF, including Group I equipment. It is also higher than the \$371 per GSF of the Extended Learning Center at CSU Northridge, approved in September 2013, but lower than the \$527 per GSF of the CSU Long Beach College of Continuing and Professional Education Classroom Building and the \$541 per GSF of the CSU Monterey Bay Academic Building III project, both approved in November 2016, all adjusted to CCCI 6255.

The cost is reasonable given the current market conditions, energy efficient design and proximity to the San Andreas Fault.

Funding Data

The project will be financed by the CSU Systemwide Revenue Bond Program (\$45.8 million) and College of Extended Learning designated reserves (\$5.1 million). College of Extended Learning revenue will repay the bond financing debt service. Financing approval for this project will be requested at a future trustees' meeting.

California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Action

A Finding of Consistency associated with a minor master plan revision was approved under delegated authority on October 21, 2016. This finding indicated that the project does not propose substantial changes to the original project evaluated in the Final Environmental Impact Report for the California State University, San Bernardino Campus Master Plan, which was certified by the trustees in July 2004.

Recommendation

The following resolution is presented for approval:

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that:

1. The California State University, San Bernardino College of Extended Learning Expansion is consistent with the Campus Master Plan.
2. The project will benefit the California State University.
3. The 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program is amended to include \$50,895,000 for preliminary plans, working drawings, construction, and equipment for the California State University, San Bernardino College of Extended Learning Expansion project.
4. The schematic plans for the California State University, San Bernardino College of Extended Learning Expansion are approved at a project cost of \$50,895,000 at CCCI 6255.

COMMITTEE ON CAMPUS PLANNING, BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Approval of Schematic Plans for CSU Projects at Sacramento and Stanislaus

Presentation By

Elvyra F. San Juan
Assistant Vice Chancellor
Capital Planning, Design and Construction

Summary

Schematic plans for two projects will be presented for approval:

- 1. California State University, Sacramento—Science II Replacement Building, Phase 2**
Collaborative Design-Build Contractor: Sundt Construction
Project Architect: CO Architects

Background and Scope

California State University, Sacramento wishes to proceed with the design and construction of the Science II Replacement Building, Phase 2 (Science II) (#56A¹), located at the east end of the campus on the site of existing Parking Lot 4, and immediately north of the existing Hornet Bookstore (#91). This building will provide an anchor for the southeast corner of the academic core and will be integral to the continued formation of a vibrant science and engineering zone on the Sacramento State campus.

The 94,900 gross square foot (GSF) Science II facility will serve as a regional resource center for education in the science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) program. The program includes 20 new teaching laboratories, in addition to research laboratories, support spaces, administrative and faculty offices, an advising center, planetarium, observatory, and two large lecture halls. The five-story building will provide capacity space for 364 full-time equivalent students (FTES) and 48 faculty offices. However, this project includes the demolition of Humboldt Hall (#13) for a loss of 271 FTES and 12 faculty offices, resulting in a net increase of 93 FTES and 36 faculty offices for this project. Humboldt Hall, built in 1958, houses many of the sorely outdated teaching biology laboratories that will be replaced with Science II. Science II will also replace outdated chemistry teaching laboratories currently in Sequoia Hall (#36). This space will be renovated and repurposed in a future project.

¹ The facility number is shown on the master plan map and recorded in the Space and Facilities Database.

The project will contain structural steel framing, along with extensive use of precast elements. The exterior skin will consist of materials selected for durability and ease of concrete maintenance, such as precast concrete, aluminum, glazing, and metal panel. The design will contain elements of vertical and horizontal shading devices. Exterior finishes and colors will be in compliance with the university design guidelines.

This project will be designed to achieve Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) Gold certification. Sustainable building features will include LED lighting, controls, natural daylighting, occupancy sensors, and water-efficient plumbing fixtures. Shading devices along the north and south elevations will deflect direct sunlight to reduce the need for excessive air conditioning. Native and drought-tolerant plants will be used throughout the site and a green roof terrace will provide the entry focal point.

Timing (Estimated)

Preliminary Plans Completed	March 2017
Working Drawings Completed	May 2017
Construction Start	August 2017
Occupancy	July 2019

Basic Statistics

New Construction	
Gross Building Area	94,905 square feet
Assignable Building Area	65,237 square feet
Efficiency	69 percent

Cost Estimate – California Construction Cost Index (CCCI) 6255²

Building Cost (\$591 per GSF)	\$56,045,000
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<i>Systems Breakdown</i>	<i>(\$ per GSF)</i>
a. Substructure (Foundation)	\$ 22.13
b. Shell (Structure and Enclosure)	\$ 139.33
c. Interiors (Partitions and Finishes)	\$ 91.67
d. Services (HVAC, Plumbing, Electrical, Fire)	\$ 198.57
e. Built-in Equipment and Furnishings	\$ 62.52
f. General Conditions and Insurance	\$ 76.32

Site Development (includes demolition)	<u>7,239,000</u>
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² The July 2016 *Engineering News-Record* California Construction Cost Index (CCCI). The CCCI is the average Building Cost Index for Los Angeles and San Francisco.

Construction Cost	\$63,284,000
Fees, Contingency, Services	<u>24,074,000</u>
Total Project Cost (\$921 per GSF)	\$87,358,000
Fixtures, Furniture & Movable Equipment	<u>4,200,000</u>
Grand Total	<u>\$91,558,000</u>

Cost Comparison

The project's building cost of \$591 per GSF is comparable to the \$601 per GSF for Center for Science and Innovation, California State University, Dominguez Hills, approved in November 2016, and the \$586 per GSF for Engineering and Interdisciplinary Sciences Complex, San Diego State University, approved in July 2015, both adjusted to CCCI 6255.

Funding Data

The project will be financed from campus designated capital reserves (\$20,000,000), CSU Systemwide Revenue Bond funds (\$67,606,000) as part of the 2015-2016 Capital Outlay Program, and CSU capital funds (\$3,952,000).

California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Action

The project was addressed in the Final Environmental Impact Report for the California State University, Sacramento Campus Master Plan, which was certified by the trustees in July 2015.

The following resolution is presented for approval:

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that:

1. The California State University, Sacramento Science II Replacement Building, Phase 2 is consistent with the Campus Master Plan approved in July 2015.
2. The project will benefit the California State University.
3. The schematic plans for California State University, Sacramento Science II Replacement Building, Phase 2 are approved at a project cost of \$91,558,000 at CCCI 6255.

CPB&G

Agenda Item 3

January 31-February 1, 2017

Page 4 of 7

2. California State University, Stanislaus—University Union Renovation and Expansion
Collaborative Design-Building Contractor: Turner Construction Company
Architect: AC Martin

Background and Scope

California State University, Stanislaus wishes to proceed with the design and construction of the University Union Renovation and Expansion (#50), a new addition to the existing University Union (#25), adjacent to the existing Health Center (#29) and located in the center of the campus.

The University Union was originally constructed in 1978 with a major addition (#25A) completed in 1992. This project will demolish the existing University Union building and Warrior Grill dining area to construct a new building addition that will be connected to the existing Cafeteria building (#12). This project also includes the renovation and repurposing of the adjacent University Bookstore for use as an event center. Since CSU Stanislaus is predominantly a commuter campus where student interaction may be limited, the intent of this new facility is to serve as a home away from home and to provide a variety of amenities designed to foster interaction and collaboration in an engaging environment.

The new two-story 72,540 GSF expansion will consist of multi-purpose assembly space, food service and retail facilities, the relocated bookstore, student government and leadership offices, the Cross Cultural Center, a lounge, conference rooms, and a coffee shop with a separate entrance for after-hours and weekend use. The existing single-story, 11,337 GSF University Bookstore (#53) will be renovated for use as a multi-purpose event center. The renovated space will include a catering kitchen, green room with a shower, and a laundry room.

The new addition reaches out to surrounding campus buildings with inviting entries, forecourts, and a performance stage. The building opens up considerably to the north with a coffee court and pre-function areas. The building massing at the southwest entry is appropriately low scale and provides an inviting transition between the new building and the existing one-story Health Center. An outdoor plaza will reinforce the connection between the new University Union and the renovated event center.

The first level of the building is highlighted by a performance stage that opens to the outdoor forecourt along with a tiered seating area that extends to the second level. The outdoor coffee court will complement this performance area. The western wing of the first floor includes four large conference rooms, a convenience store, food vendors, a pub with game room, and the relocated bookstore. The balance of the first level space will contain administrative offices and meeting rooms for Associated Students Incorporated (ASI) and other University Union staff.

The second level will house administrative offices, three conference rooms, the Cross Cultural Center, and a lounge. The north side of the second floor features a pre-function outdoor space for small receptions and gatherings.

The new facility will be built with a steel frame structure. The building skin will feature a combination of corrugated and smooth metal panels, fiber cement boards, and curtain wall glazing. The building roof covering will utilize a single-ply membrane roofing system.

Sustainable design features include active chilled beams HVAC system with direct digital building automation system, dedicated outside air system for administrative spaces, fan assisted natural ventilation in the performance stage area, LED lighting fixtures, low-flow plumbing fixtures, and indirect natural daylighting.

Timing (Estimated)

Preliminary Plans Completed	July 2017
Working Drawings Completed	February 2018
Construction Start	March 2018
Occupancy	November 2019

Basic Statistics

University Union Component (new construction)

Gross Building Area	72,540 square feet
Assignable Building Area	68,550 square feet
Efficiency	95 percent

Event Center Component (renovation)

Gross Building Area	11,337 square feet
Assignable Building Area	10,214 square feet
Efficiency	90 percent

Combined Components

Gross Building Area	83,877 square feet
Assignable Building Area	78,764 square feet
Efficiency	94 percent

Cost Estimate – California Construction Cost Index (CCCI) 6255

University Union Building Cost (\$458 per GSF) \$33,240,000

<i>Systems Breakdown</i>	<i>(\$ per GSF)</i>
g. Substructure (Foundation)	\$ 17.41
h. Shell (Structure and Enclosure)	\$ 133.07
i. Interiors (Partitions and Finishes)	\$ 77.58
j. Services (HVAC, Plumbing, Electrical, Fire)	\$ 144.27
k. Built-in Equipment and Furnishings	\$ 15.27
l. Special Construction and Demolition	\$ 10.66
m. General Conditions and Insurance	\$ 59.97

Event Center Building Cost (\$217 per GSF) \$2,460,000

<i>Systems Breakdown</i>	<i>(\$ per GSF)</i>
a. Shell (Structure and Enclosure)	\$ 5.03
b. Interiors (Partitions and Finishes)	\$ 45.60
c. Services (HVAC, Plumbing, Electrical, Fire)	\$ 129.13
d. Built-in Equipment and Furnishings	\$ 6.17
e. Special Construction and Demolition	\$ 2.73
f. General Conditions and Insurance	\$ 28.35

Site Development (includes landscaping) 3,008,000

Construction Cost \$38,708,000

Fees, Contingency, Services 11,374,000

Total Project Cost (\$597 per GSF) \$50,082,000

Fixtures, Furniture and Movable Equipment 3,318,000

Grand Total \$53,400,000

Cost Comparison

University Union Component

This project's university union building cost of \$458 per GSF is lower than the \$502 per GSF for the CSU Monterey Bay Student Union approved in November 2016, the \$520 per GSF for the CSU Sacramento University Union Renovation and Expansion approved in September 2016, and the \$505 per GSF for the CSU Fullerton Titan Student Union Expansion approved in March 2015, all adjusted to CCCI 6255.

Event Center Component

The CSU Construction Cost Guide does not contain cost information for event spaces nor have there been recent comparable event center renovation projects in the CSU. However, this project's event center building cost of \$217 per GSF is significantly lower than the CSU Construction Cost Guide for assembly spaces, such as general classroom at \$361 per GSF and auditoriums at \$487 per GSF.

Funding Data

The project funding will be in part from Associated Students, Inc. (ASI) designated capital reserves (\$6.9 million), with the balance (\$46.5 million) financed by the CSU Systemwide Revenue Bond Program. The debt service will be paid by ASI fees.

California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Action

The project was addressed in the Final Environmental Impact Report for the California State University, Stanislaus Campus Master Plan certified by the trustees in March 2009.

Recommendation

The following resolution is presented for approval:

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that:

1. The California State University, Stanislaus University Union Renovation and Expansion is consistent with the Campus Master Plan approved in March 2009.
2. The project will benefit the California State University.
3. The schematic plans for California State University, Stanislaus University Union Renovation and Expansion are approved at a project cost of \$53,400,000 at CCCI 6255.

AGENDA

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Meeting: 1:05 p.m., Tuesday, January 31, 2017
Glenn S. Dumke Auditorium

J. Lawrence Norton, Chair
Maggie K. White, Vice Chair
Silas H. Abrego
Lillian Kimbell
Thelma Meléndez de Santa Ana
Lateefah Simon
Steven G. Stepanek

Consent Items

Approval of Minutes of the Meeting of November 15, 2016

1. Statement of State Legislative Principles for 2017-2018, *Action*

Discussion Items

2. Sponsored State Legislative Program for 2017, *Action*
3. Federal Agenda for 2017, *Action*

**MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF
COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS**

**Trustees of the California State University
Office of the Chancellor
Glenn S. Dumke Conference Center
401 Golden Shore
Long Beach, California**

November 15, 2016

Members Present

J. Lawrence Norton, Chair
Maggie K. White, Vice Chair
Silas H. Abrego
Rebecca D. Eisen, Chair of the Board
Lillian Kimbell
Thelma Meléndez de Santa Ana
Lateefah Simon
Steven G. Stepanek
Timothy P. White, Chancellor

Trustee Norton called the meeting to order.

Approval of Minutes

The minutes of September 20, 2016, were approved as submitted.

Statement of State Legislative Principles for 2017-2018

Mr. Garrett P. Ashley, vice chancellor for university relations and advancement, reported that the 2017-2018 legislative session will begin on December 5 with the swearing in of the legislature. The Sacramento office has been identifying key champions for the CSU in the legislature and establishing an ambitious advocacy plan for 2017.

The State Legislative Principles adopted by the board allow the CSU to participate fully in fast-moving policy discussions, while also ensuring that the work of staff is consistent with the board's policy priorities. The principles also detail the consultation process that will ensure trustees remain fully informed.

Ms. Kathleen Chavira, assistant vice chancellor for advocacy and state relations, reported that the principles were developed with the assistance of Trustees White, Norton and Eisen. While the core principles remain fundamentally the same, the language has been streamlined and updated for clarity. For principles one through four, the role of the trustees is reinforced for internal governance, collective bargaining and the budget process. For principles five and six, the intent is

2

Gov. Rel.

to focus on issues that directly and uniquely affect the CSU. For principle seven, there is clarity and greater specificity regarding the process for adopting positions on legislative matters.

The consultation process recognizes the need for flexibility to quickly respond to the fast-moving legislative process. As detailed in the agenda item, consultation with the trustees flows through the Committee on Governmental Relations and the Chair of the Board.

This item will be brought back as an action item in January.

Trustee Norton adjourned the meeting.

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Statement of State Legislative Principles for 2017-2018

Presentation By

Garrett P. Ashley
Vice Chancellor
University Relations and Advancement

Nichole Muñoz-Murillo
Director of State Relations
Advocacy and State Relations

Summary

This item contains the proposed Statement of State Legislative Principles for 2017-2018.

Background

At the beginning of every two-year legislative session, the Board of Trustees adopts a formal Statement of Legislative Principles for the California State University. The principles provide basic parameters to guide positions taken by the chancellor and system representatives on matters pending before the California legislature.

Statement of Legislative Principles

As the state's greatest producer of bachelor's degrees, the California State University plays a critical role in arming future leaders with the skills and knowledge for them to thrive in the workforce, drive the economy and actively contribute to the quality of life in California. The CSU achieves these results by providing affordable, accessible and high-quality education, as outlined in the Master Plan for Higher Education. The system and its leaders, faculty and staff remain committed to this important work for the betterment of today and tomorrow.

The following constitute the core principles guiding recommendations on legislation:

1. Work with the legislature and governor to allow the California State University to continue its oversight of academic affairs and matters relating to the internal governance of the university.
2. Preserve the integrity of the collective bargaining process.

3. Remain neutral on matters in which the state seeks to legislate the general public health and safety while not singling out the California State University.
4. Preserve the integrity of the California State University's budgetary process, and seek adequate funding to serve current and future students, support the work of faculty and staff, provide for ongoing operations, capital outlay and infrastructure needs, and to meet the workforce demands of the state.
 - a. Provide that all funds must be appropriated to the Board of Trustees.
 - b. Proposals for operational, student success and academic programs, and capital outlay needs, must be approved and prioritized by the Board of Trustees.
 - c. Provide the operational authority and flexibility, as well as the necessary tools, for the university to respond to the needs of students and the state.
5. Seek to influence the outcome of issues which, while not affecting the California State University alone, would have a disproportionate impact on the university's activities.
6. Seek to secure representation of the California State University on appropriate boards, commissions, task forces, study groups, etc., whose work may have a significant impact on the system. Representatives to such bodies shall be appointed by the Board of Trustees or the Chancellor.
7. As both the chief administrative officer and a trustee, the chancellor is recognized and designated by the Board of Trustees as the spokesperson for the California State University regarding its positions on state and federal legislative proposals. When practical, the position to be taken on a legislative proposal should be discussed with the chair and vice chair of the Committee on Governmental Relations before that position is communicated to the Legislature. Unresolved positions on a legislative proposal will be decided by the chancellor in consultation with the chair of the board. When practical, changes in position on pending legislative proposals will be shared with the chair and vice chair of the Committee on Governmental Relations prior to communication of the change to the legislature. When this is not practical, changes in position will be shared with the chair and vice chair of the Committee on Governmental Relations immediately following communication of the change to the legislature.

The following resolution is recommended for adoption:

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the Statement of Legislative Principles for 2017-2018 be adopted; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the chancellor is authorized to take positions on pending legislation on behalf of the California State University system; but prior to taking or changing such positions on legislative matters, the chancellor shall consult, when practical, with the chair and vice chair of the Committee on Governmental Relations; and be it further

RESOLVED, that any unresolved positions on a legislative proposal will be decided by the chancellor in consultation with the chair of the board; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the chancellor shall keep the Board of Trustees regularly informed of the positions taken and of such other matters affecting governmental relations as deemed necessary and desirable.

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Sponsored State Legislative Program for 2017

Presentation By

Garrett Ashley
Vice Chancellor
University Relations and Advancement

Nichole Muñoz-Murillo
Director of State Relations
Advocacy and State Relations

Summary

This item contains two proposals for 2017 sponsored measures for the Board of Trustees' consideration.

2017 Legislative Proposals

Last fall, Chancellor Timothy P. White requested proposals from system and campus leaders to be considered for possible inclusion in the Board of Trustees sponsored bill package for the 2017 legislative year. Proposals were analyzed by staff with consideration given to whether there was a clear need for each proposal, its programmatic and fiscal implications, and overall relationship to system initiatives and priorities. Campus presidents and vice presidents – as well as the chancellor's leadership team – have reviewed all of these proposals and concur with the following recommendations for two new proposals:

CSU Doctor of Nursing Practice Authority

In 2010, the legislature passed and the governor signed Assembly Bill 867 (Nava/Arambula), giving the CSU authority to offer the Doctor of Nursing Practice degree on a pilot basis. This authority is set to expire on July 1, 2018. In this proposal, the CSU would seek legislation to make this authority permanent in order to continue offering these programs at our campuses. Permanent authorization would allow CSU nursing programs, as approved by the Chancellor's Office and with appropriate professional accreditation agency approvals (e.g., WASC and the Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education), to move from a pilot program to fully authorized status.

Legislative intent included in AB 867 stated "well-trained nursing faculty and practitioners are critical to the ability to expand nursing programs." Authorizing the CSU to offer the DNP was a strategy to address the state's persistent nursing shortage. The two CSU consortia DNP programs have produced 159 graduates, with almost one-third now employed in nursing faculty positions in

California, including 23 percent employed as CSU nursing faculty. The CSU DNP programs are graduating nursing educators that ensure nursing programs in California have the faculty they need to teach in their programs.

CSU Omnibus Proposal

This proposal would bundle together two separate items that would improve the function of the CSU. The Chancellor's Office proposes bundling together an item related to international bank accounts and another related to CSU regulatory authority.

International bank accounts:

Per California Government Code, state funds may be deposited in a bank, provided they are backed with collateral equal to 110 percent of the amount deposited. A state entity does not need to collateralize their deposit if the bank offers FDIC insurance or an equivalent. The CSU (campuses and the Chancellor's Office) have several bank accounts in foreign countries in which there is no FDIC insurance equivalent.

This issue currently exists for three active CSU accounts for programs in Ghana and China. The amount of money in these accounts ranges from \$800 to \$27,000, and covers operational activities such as stipends for local coordinator positions, transportation costs, material fees and museum tickets.

Extensive efforts were undertaken to find different bank accounts that could offer FDIC insurance; however, no accounts could be identified that would satisfy statutory requirements. The CSU was unable to find a solution within existing government code, and was advised by the State Treasurer's Office that the best course of action would be to change the code, mirroring the authority provided to the University of California. This proposal would extend the government code language that exempts the UC from these requirements to include the CSU.

CSU Regulatory Authority

Since 1996, the CSU has been granted statutory authority to adopt, amend or repeal its own regulations instead of being required to follow the Administrative Procedures Act, which governs the regulatory process for state agencies (Education Code § 89030.1). The CSU's authority has been extended four times with the most recent extension set to expire on January 1, 2018. This proposal would permanently extend this authority to the CSU.

The CSU was granted this authority in recognition of the system's unique nature as its regulations differ from those of state agency regulations. For example, CSU regulations are often academic in nature and do not impose regulatory burdens on the private sector.

It is important to note that the other two public higher education segments, California Community Colleges and the University of California, are not required to interact with the Office of Administrative Law. The CCC has been exempted and uses their own process as outlined in Education Code 79091.5 (a). The UC states that their constitutional autonomy is the reason it does not participate in the OAL process.

Adoption of the following resolution is recommended:

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the legislative proposals described in this item are adopted as part of the 2017 Board of Trustees' Legislative Program.

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Federal Agenda for 2017

Presentation By

Garrett P. Ashley
Vice Chancellor
University Relations and Advancement

James M. Gelb
Assistant Vice Chancellor
Federal Relations

Summary

This item contains the proposed Federal Agenda for 2017.

Background

In September 2016, Chancellor White sent a memo to all California State University presidents and senior system leaders soliciting recommendations and outlining criteria for the system's Federal Agenda for 2017. The solicitation emphasized that the federal agenda must be consistent with the CSU system's core objectives that contribute to system goals of preserving access, providing quality instruction and preparing students for the workforce.

This agenda is based on recent priorities, input received from campuses, review by the Council of Presidents and Chancellor's Office executives, and the CSU Office of Federal Relations' assessment of the current political and fiscal landscape in Washington. The core principles outlined below (in bold italic lettering) are designed to provide a broad umbrella under which the CSU can react to the wide range of policy ideas that typically surface throughout a year; also included are bulleted illustrations of items that are ripe for advocacy in 2017.

Overall, the agenda hews closely to the system's 2016 approach. The CSU can and should continue to promote federal investments in its students and institutions as efficient, productive targets of resources that will strengthen the American economy. Given the program's benefit to our students, the CSU should also continue to place maintaining a robust Pell Grant program at the top of its priority list. While the CSU will frequently be called upon to respond to proposals made by others, the federal agenda identifies priority areas that should be the subjects of proactive pursuit.

Federal Agenda for 2017

The California State University consistently provides an outstanding return on federal investments in its students, institutions, and research. With 23 campuses and approximately 474,000 students, the CSU is the largest bachelor and graduate degree university in the nation, providing access – and success – for unprecedented numbers of low-income students. Each year, 100,000 new CSU graduates enter the workforce across all economic sectors.

Improve College Access and Completion through Aid to Students: The CSU remains one of the nation’s best bargains. Significant state and institutional grants provide vital support to our low-income students. Federal financial aid programs remain critical to these students, including over 214,000 who rely upon need-based Pell Grants. More than 45,000 Pell recipients earn CSU bachelor’s degrees each year.

- Enhance Pell grant program by providing cost of living increases in the maximum grant, retaining any surplus funds for future needs or program improvements, restoring the year-round program and ensuring eligibility for part-time students
- Invest in Supplemental Education Opportunity Grant (SEOG) and Work-Study with focus on student need
- Prioritize resources for institutions serving the greatest number of students with need
- Support programs that minimize college debt burden and promote philanthropy

Prepare Students for College: The CSU is an innovative collaborator working to improve student readiness and to measure the performance of CSU-trained teachers. The federal government is a vital partner.

- Provide robust funding for effective pipeline programs like GEAR UP and TRIO and expand pre-K investments
- Maintain strong federal partnership with colleges and universities to transform the preparation of America’s teachers and school leaders

Foster Degree Completion for California's Diverse Population: The CSU provides more than half of all undergraduate degrees granted to California's Latino, African American and Native American students, and is a leader in transitioning veterans and other special groups to the workforce. Federal capacity-building programs and targeted grants help bridge the completion gap.

- Support federal policies that assist California DREAM Act students, such as the Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) program, which allows young Californians to pursue a college education and contribute to their communities

- Maintain strong support for Hispanic and Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions
- Support the needs of America's veterans on campus and smooth their transition to the civilian workforce

Educate Students for Tomorrow's Workforce: 100,000 annual CSU graduates drive California's and America's economy in the information technology, life sciences, agriculture, business, education, public administration, entertainment and multimedia industries. Targeted federal programs help propel their success.

- Support science, technology, engineering and mathematics (STEM) fields, including funding for NSF's Louis Stokes Alliances for Minority Participation and Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship programs
- Invest in USDA Hispanic-serving Institutions Education Grants Program

Solve Societal Problems through Applied Research: In laboratories, at field sites and through programs at the CSU, students, faculty and collaborating scientists advance California's capacity to address key issues of significance to our state and nation. Federal investments are vital to continued progress.

- Maximize opportunities for comprehensive universities to compete for federal resources, including in STEM programs
- Maintain strong NSF, NIH, Department of Energy, NIST and national security funding
- Invest in Hispanic-serving agricultural colleges and universities (HSACU) and non-land-grant colleges of agriculture (NLGCA) programs

Enhance Campus Infrastructure, Health and Safety: State-of-the-art facilities and innovative programs help make campuses vibrant and safe and secure for all.

- Promote policies that advance campus safety and aid students experiencing food insecurity and housing displacement
- Fund Justice Department programs that provide grants to assist campuses with addressing sexual violence
- Support investments in infrastructure and assets that provide campuses opportunities to partner with their communities, improve facilities, and promote job training and strategic economic growth, including in connection with federal maritime responsibilities

The CSU federal agenda process recognizes that priorities may evolve over time. The OFR will continue to work with the campuses and system leaders to refine and develop proposals, and to assist all in working productively with their representatives in Congress and with federal agencies in the year ahead.

Gov. Rel.
Agenda Item 3
January 31-February 1, 2017
Page 4 of 4

The following resolution is recommended for approval:

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the Federal Agenda for 2017 be adopted.

AGENDA

COMMITTEE ON AUDIT

Meeting: 1:45 p.m., Tuesday, January 31, 2017
Glenn S. Dumke Auditorium

Douglas Faigin, Chair
John Nilon, Vice Chair
Lillian Kimbell
Hugo N. Morales
Lateefah Simon

Consent Items

Approval of Minutes of the Meeting of November 15, 2016

1. Status Report on Current and Follow-up Internal Audit Assignments, *Information*

Discussion Items

2. Calendar Year 2017 Plan for Audits, Advisory Services, and Investigations, *Action*
3. Report of the Systemwide Financial Statements Including the Report to Management, *Information*
4. Single Audit Reports of Federal Funds, *Information*

**MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF
COMMITTEE ON AUDIT**

**Trustees of the California State University
Office of the Chancellor
Glenn S. Dumke Conference Center
401 Golden Shore
Long Beach, California**

November 15, 2016

Members Present

Douglas Faigin, Chair
John Nilon, Vice Chair
Lillian Kimbell
Hugo N. Morales
Lateefah Simon
Rebecca Eisen, Chair of the Board
Timothy P. White, Chancellor

Trustee Faigin called the meeting to order.

Approval of Minutes

The minutes of September 20, 2016, were approved as submitted.

Status Report on Current and Follow-up Internal Audit Assignments

With the concurrence of the committee, Trustee Faigin presented agenda item 1 as a consent information item.

Report on the new organizational structure of the Office of Audit and Advisory Services

Mr. Larry Mandel, vice chancellor and chief audit officer, provided information regarding the new organizational structure of the Office of Audit and Advisory Services.

Trustee Day inquired as to whether or not there will be a change in where the auditors are physically located and whom they report to. Mr. Mandel responded that the auditors will still be centrally housed in the Chancellor's Office. Mr. Mandel also stated that risk assessments will be completed for each individual campus rather than based on risk to the system. Trustee Day further inquired as to whom the auditors will report to. Mr. Mandel responded that the auditors will continue to report centrally to him.

Trustee Faigin congratulated Mr. Mandel and the audit staff for their work on the reorganization and stated that the reorganization will be very effective. Trustee Faigin noted that audit reports are available to be viewed on the CSU website and provided the web address (<http://www.calstate.edu/audit/>). Trustee Faigin shared that the audit website will also be improved under the new plan.

Trustee Faigin adjourned the Committee on Audit.

COMMITTEE ON AUDIT

Status Report on Current and Follow-up Internal Audit Assignments

Presentation By

Larry Mandel
Vice Chancellor and Chief Audit Officer
Office of Audit and Advisory Services

Summary

This item includes both a status report on the 2016 audit plan and follow-up on past assignments. For the 2016 year, assignments were made to conduct reviews of Auxiliary Organizations, Delegations of Authority, Academic Departments, Emergency Management, International Activities, Construction, Student Activities, Information Security, Cloud Computing, and Information Technology (IT) Disaster Recovery Planning. In addition, follow-up on current/past assignments (Auxiliary Organizations, Information Security, Student Activities, Academic Departments, Delegations of Authority, Cloud Computing, Emergency Management, and International Activities) was being conducted on approximately 35 prior campus/auxiliary reviews. Attachment A summarizes the reviews in tabular form.

Status Report on Current and Follow-up Internal Audit Assignments

Auxiliary Organizations

The initial audit plan indicated that approximately 267 staff weeks of activity (26.1 percent of the plan) would be devoted to auditing internal compliance/internal control at eight campuses/29 auxiliaries. In preparation for implementation of the new organization structure in calendar year 2017, an internal compliance/internal control review will not be completed at one campus/five auxiliaries. Six campus/20 auxiliary reports have been completed, and one campus/four auxiliary reports are awaiting a campus response prior to finalization.

Delegations of Authority

The initial audit plan indicated that approximately 48 staff weeks of activity (4.7 percent of the plan) would be devoted to a review of the management of processes for administration of purchasing and contracting activities, motor vehicle inspections, and real and personal property transactions. Six campuses will be reviewed. Six campus reports have been completed.

Operational/Financial Reviews

Academic Department Fiscal Review

The initial audit plan indicated that approximately 47 staff weeks of activity (4.7 percent of the plan) would be devoted to a review of college/department administrative and financial controls. Six campuses will be reviewed. Five campus reports have been completed, and one report is awaiting a campus response prior to finalization.

Emergency Management

The initial audit plan indicated that approximately 50 staff weeks of activity (4.8 percent of the plan) would be devoted to a review of campus emergency management policies and procedures to ensure compliance with CSU and state and federal compliance requirements. Six campuses will be reviewed. Three campus reports have been completed, report writing is being completed for two campuses, and one report is awaiting a campus response prior to finalization.

International Activities

The initial audit plan indicated that approximately 50 staff weeks of activity (4.8 percent of the plan) would be devoted to a review of campus international programs and activities to ensure compliance with CSU policies and other regulatory requirements. Six campuses will be reviewed. In preparation for implementation of the new organization structure in calendar year 2017, an additional campus will be reviewed to provide staff adequate training. Three campus reports have been completed, report writing is being completed for one campus, and three reports are awaiting a campus response prior to finalization.

Construction

The initial audit plan indicated that approximately 47 staff weeks of activity (4.6 percent of the plan) would be devoted to a review of design budgets and costs; the bid process; invoice processing and change orders; project management, architectural, and engineering services; contractor compliance; cost verification of major equipment and construction components; the closeout process and liquidated damages; and overall project accounting and reporting. Six projects will be reviewed. Four campus reports have been completed, one report is awaiting a campus response prior to finalization, and report writing is being completed for one project.

Student Activities

Due to resource constraints, we were unable to complete three Student Activities audits in 2015. The 2016 audit plan indicated that approximately 25 staff weeks of activity (2.5 percent of the plan) would be devoted to completion of these reviews that ensure compliance with CSU policies and other regulatory requirements. Three campuses will be reviewed. Three campus reports have been completed.

Information Technology Reviews and Support

Information Security

The initial audit plan indicated that approximately 46 staff weeks of activity (4.5 percent of the plan) would be devoted to a review of the activities and measures undertaken to protect the confidentiality, integrity, access to, and availability of information. Six campuses will be reviewed. Four campus reports have been completed, one campus report is awaiting a campus response prior to finalization, and report writing is being completed for one campus.

Cloud Computing

The initial audit plan indicated that approximately 26 staff weeks of activity (2.5 percent of the plan) would be devoted to a review of activities pertaining to the use of third-party cloud computing/internet service providers, including a review of contractual provisions related to service availability, data ownership, backup and recovery, and protection of sensitive and/or proprietary information. Four campuses will be reviewed. Four campus reports have been completed.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery Planning

The initial audit plan indicated that approximately 26 staff weeks of activity (2.6 percent of the plan) would be devoted to a review of program and facility readiness and resource planning for the recovery of data processing services following a catastrophic event. Four campuses will be reviewed. Three reports are awaiting a campus response prior to finalization, and report writing is being completed for one campus.

Technology Support

The initial audit plan indicated that approximately 17 staff weeks of activity (1.6 percent of the plan) would be devoted to technology support for non-information technology specific audits and advisory services reviews. The provision of support is ongoing.

Advisory Services

The initial audit plan indicated that approximately 220 staff weeks of activity (21.6 percent of the plan) would be devoted to partnering with management to identify solutions for business issues, offering opportunities to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of operating areas, and assisting with special requests, while ensuring the consideration of related internal control issues. Reviews are ongoing.

Investigations

The Office of Audit and Advisory Services is periodically called upon to provide investigative reviews, which are often the result of alleged defalcations or conflicts of interest. In addition, whistleblower investigations are being performed on an ongoing basis, both by referral from the state auditor and directly from the CSU Chancellor's Office. Forty-three staff weeks have been set aside for this purpose, representing approximately 4.2 percent of the audit plan.

Committees/Special Projects

The Office of Audit and Advisory Services is periodically called upon to provide consultation to the campuses and/or to participate on committees such as those related to information systems implementation and policy development, and to perform special projects. Thirty-eight weeks have been set aside for this purpose, representing approximately 3.8 percent of the audit plan.

Audit Support

Audit Follow-up

The audit plan indicated that approximately 16 staff weeks of activity (1.6 percent of the plan) would be devoted to follow-up on prior audit recommendations. The Office of Audit and Advisory Services is currently tracking approximately 35 current/past assignments (Auxiliary Organizations, Information Security, Student Activities, Academic Departments, Delegations of Authority, Cloud Computing, Emergency Management, and International Activities) to determine the appropriateness of the corrective action taken for each recommendation and whether additional action is required.

Annual Risk Assessment

The Office of Audit and Advisory Services annually conducts a risk assessment to determine the areas of highest risk to the system. Eleven staff weeks have been set aside for this purpose, representing approximately 1.1 percent of the audit plan.

Administration

Day-to-day administration of the Office of Audit and Advisory Services represents approximately 4.3 percent of the audit plan.

2016 ASSIGNMENTS												FOLLOW-UP PAST/CURRENT ASSIGNMENTS			
Aux Orgs	Info Security	Student Activities	Acad Dept Fiscal Review	Deleg of Auth	Cloud Comptg	Emerg Mgmt	IT Dis Recov	Intl Activities	Auxiliary Organizations	Information Security	*No.	*Recs	**Mo.	*Recs	**Mo.
BAK		AC					AI	RW			4	35/35	-	10/10	-
CHI					AC			AC			3	32/32	-	21/21	-
CI	AC	AC		AC							3	32/32	-	0/17	2
DH			AC			AC					3	36/36	-		
EB	AC					RW					3	31/31	-	7/9	4
FRE			AC				AI				6	36/36	-	11/11	-
FUL					AC	RW					4	30/30	-		
HUM	AC					AI					4	0/14	4	4/4	-
LB			AC								4	18/18	-	6/6	-
LA	AI	AC									4			0/13	2
MA				AC							2	13/13	-	7/7	-
MB	AI							AC			2	23/23	-		
NOR	AC							AC			5	19/19	-	0/8	4
POM	AC	AC						AI			2	20/20	-		
SAC				AC							5	41/41	-		
SB								AC			4	23/23	-	10/10	-
SD	AC							AC			4	10/15	5	6/7	9
SF				AC	AC						3	17/17	-	9/9	-
SJ						AC					5	26/26	-	17/17	-
SLO		RW				AC					3	11/11	-		
SM	AC		AI		AC						4	17/17	-		
SON			AC	AC							3	4/4	-		
STA	AC		AC				AI				4	0/14	2	21/21	-
CO	AC			AC			RW				2	1/1	-		
SYS															

* The number of recommendations satisfactorily addressed followed by the number of recommendations in the original report.
 ** The number of months recommendations have been outstanding from date of report.
 • The number of auxiliary organizations reviewed.
Numbers/letters in green are updates since the agenda mailout.

FW = Field Work In Progress
 RW = Report Writing in Progress
 AI = Audit Incomplete (awaiting formal exit conference and/or campus response)
 AC = Audit Complete

FOLLOW-UP PAST/CURRENT ASSIGNMENTS												
	Student Activities		Academic Dept. Fiscal Review		Delegations of Authority		Cloud Computing		Emergency Management		International Activities	
	*Recs	**Mo.	*Recs	**Mo.	*Recs	**Mo.	*Recs	**Mo.	*Recs	**Mo.	*Recs	**Mo.
BAK	3/4	6										
CHI							3/4	5			0/0	-
CI	2/2	-			3/6	2						
DH			8/11	7					0/4	5		
EB												
FRE			7/7	-								
FUL	5/5	-					4/4	-				
HUM												
LB			2/4	8								
LA												
MA					2/6	1						
MB											0/5	2
NOR											1/4	1
POM	3/3	-										
SAC	1/1	-			1/3	1						
SB											0/4	1
SD											0/2	2
SF					3/4	5	0/5	3				
SJ									0/6	1		
SLO									0/3	4		
SM	2/2	-					0/3	2				
SON			5/5	-	0/1	1						
STA			6/6	-								
CO					4/4	-						
SYS												

* The number of recommendations satisfactorily addressed followed by the number of recommendations in the original report.

** The number of months recommendations have been outstanding from date of report.

● The number of auxiliary organizations reviewed.

Numbers/letters in green are updates since the agenda mailout.

COMMITTEE ON AUDIT

Calendar Year 2017 Plan for Audits, Advisory Services, and Investigations

Presentation By

Larry Mandel
Vice Chancellor and Chief Audit Officer
Office of Audit and Advisory Services

Summary

The Office of Audit and Advisory Services presents its audit plan for the calendar year at the January meeting of the Board of Trustees, Committee on Audit. At the November 2016 meeting of the Committee on Audit, the Office of Audit and Advisory Services described its new organization structure to be phased in over a four-year period. The following is an audit plan for calendar year 2017, which includes phase-in of the new organization structure.

AUDITS - 71% of Plan

Campus Audits (53%)

The new organization structure provides for individual campus audit plans that are better aligned with campus and auxiliary organization risks. As such, resources will be initially directed towards gathering campus information and identifying campus specific/unique topics to be reviewed. Once the campus audit plans are developed, audit programs will be developed and executed.

Information Technology Audits (10%)

The audit plan includes reviews of Information Security, Logical Access and Security, Information Technology Disaster Recovery and General Computer Controls. Scheduled reviews may also include campus-specific concerns or follow-up on prior campus issues and will be performed at those campuses where a greater degree of risk was perceived for each of these areas.

Sponsored Programs (4%)

The audit plan includes reviews of post award activities based on recent changes in federal regulations, as well as a systemwide review of campus policies, procedures, and practices relating to indirect cost recovery. Scheduled reviews may also include campus-specific concerns or follow-up on prior campus issues relating to sponsored programs activities.

Construction (4%)

The audit plan includes reviews of recently completed construction projects, including activities performed by the campus, general contractor, and selected subcontractors. Areas to be reviewed include approval of project design, budget and funding; administration of the bid and award process; the closeout process; and overall project accounting and reporting.

ADVISORY SERVICES - 12% of Plan

The Office of Audit and Advisory Services will partner with management to identify solutions for business issues, offer opportunities to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of operating areas, and assist with special requests, while ensuring the consideration of related internal control issues. Advisory services are more consultative in nature than traditional audits and are performed in response to requests from campus management. The goal is to enhance awareness of risk, control and compliance issues and to provide a proactive independent review and appraisal of specifically identified concerns.

INVESTIGATIONS - 7% of Plan

The Office of Audit and Advisory Services is periodically called upon to provide investigative reviews which are often the result of alleged misappropriations or conflicts of interest. In addition, whistleblower investigations are being performed on an ongoing basis, both by referral from the state auditor and directly from the chancellor's office.

COMMITTEES/SPECIAL PROJECTS - 1% of Plan

The Office of Audit and Advisory Services is periodically called upon to participate on committees and to perform special projects.

AUDIT SUPPORT - 9% of Plan

Annual Risk Assessment

The Office of Audit and Advisory Services annually conducts a risk assessment to determine the areas of highest risk to the system, as well as campus-specific risks.

Administration

Day-to-day administration of the Office of Audit and Advisory Services includes such tasks as scheduling, personnel administration, maintenance of department standards and protocols, administration of the department's automated workpaper system and SharePoint website, and department quality assurance and improvement.

The following resolution is recommended for approval:

RESOLVED, By the Committee on Audit of the California State University Board of Trustees that the Calendar Year 2017 Plan for Audits, Advisory Services, and Investigations, as detailed in Agenda Item 1 of the Committee on Audit at the January 31-February 1, 2017 meeting, be approved.

COMMITTEE ON AUDIT

Report of the Systemwide Financial Statements Including the Report to Management

Presentation By

Steve Relyea
Executive Vice Chancellor and
Chief Financial Officer

Mary Ek
Assistant Vice Chancellor/Controller
Financial Services

Summary

Annually, financial statement audits are performed for the California State University system as a whole, and also for discretely presented component units (i.e., auxiliary organizations) that separately issue stand-alone audited financial statements. As of the June 2016 reporting period, information on the CSU Systemwide Revenue Bond program is included in the supplementary schedules of the CSU systemwide financial statements, rather than in its own separately issued financial statements. Financial statement audits covering the University and component units are performed by more than 20 certified public accounting firms.

The CSU systemwide financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 were issued with an unmodified opinion on December 1, 2016, and are included as Attachment A to this item.

There were no audit findings relating to the CSU systemwide financial statements. Highlights of the CSU systemwide financial statements will be presented including any significant changes from last year. There were audit findings relating to some of the separately issued auxiliary organization financial statements, and the Chancellor's Office is following up on those auxiliary organizations' audit findings to ensure appropriate corrective actions are taken.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
Financial Statements and Supplementary Information
June 30, 2016
(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Table of Contents

	Page(s)
Letter from the Executive Vice Chancellor, Chief Financial Officer	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2-4
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	5-22
Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	23-24
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	25
Statement of Cash Flows	26-27
Notes to Financial Statements	28-67
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule 1: Schedule of University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Unaudited)	68
Schedule 2: Schedule of Employer Contributions (Unaudited)	69
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule 3: Systemwide Revenue Bond Program's Net Income Available for Debt Services	70
Schedule 4: Systemwide Revenue Bond Program's Residence and Dining Halls Operating Data by Campus (Unaudited)	71
Schedule 5: Systemwide Revenue Bond Program's Rental Fees (Unaudited)	72
Schedule 6: Systemwide Revenue Bond Program's Statement of Insurance Coverage (Unaudited)	73

LETTER FROM THE EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

The California State University is an extraordinary system of 23 campuses providing an outstanding education to over 474,000 students in the academic year 2015-16. The University is dedicated to providing opportunities and opening doors for our students to learn and grow. As the nation's largest and most diverse university, it has become the economic engine for California; creating jobs, companies, and innovation. With more than three million degrees awarded since inception, the majority of California's leaders and policymakers received their degrees from one of the 23 campuses of the California State University.

The investment of tax dollars into the California State University is the best investment Californians can make in their future. For every \$1 invested in the California State University, \$5.43 is invested by the University back into California's economy. This investment helps ensure an educated and successful California populace that leads to economic and social prosperity.

The University has embarked on an ambitious goal to significantly decrease the time it takes for our students to earn their degree. As part of this initiative, we will double the number of students earning a degree in four years, and more importantly, decrease the time it takes for all students to earn a degree. Additional investments in the California State University by the State will ensure our success in this transformational initiative.

I am happy to say that the California State University's financial position is very strong, and the new financial authority granted to the University by the State will allow us to optimally use our resources for our highest priorities. While we continue to increase our enrollment capacity, the demand for admission to our campuses continues to increase at a much higher rate.

The campuses and University system are working hard to improve and streamline our operations so that we can best serve our students. We are investing in innovative new ways to provide students with tools to shorten the time it takes to get their degree, and provide faculty with the resources they need to be successful.

Our commitment to the people of California is to build on the foundation of a great University; to increase access to a high-quality education, and to help solve the State's greatest challenges in the years ahead.



STEVE RELYEA
EXECUTIVE VICE CHANCELLOR, CFO
THE CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY



KPMG LLP
Suite 700
20 Pacifica
Irvine, CA 92618-3391

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Trustees
California State University:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the California State University (the University), an agency of the State of California (the State), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of 88 of the 90 aggregate discretely presented component units, which reflect total assets constituting 95% and total revenues constituting 94% of the aggregate discretely presented component units totals. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the 88 discretely presented component units, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of 46 discretely presented component units are not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the California State University, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Emphasis of a Matter

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

As discussed in note 2 to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2016, the California State University and its discretely presented component units adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5–22, and the schedules of University's proportionate share of the net pension liability and employer contributions in Schedules 1 and 2, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information included in Schedules 3 through 6 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Schedule 3 is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, Schedule 3 is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Schedules 4 through 6 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2016 on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KPMG LLP

Irvine, California
December 1, 2016

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

The following discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial position and performance of the California State University as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, including 23 campuses and the Office of the Chancellor (together referred to as the University), and 90 discretely presented component units (primarily recognized auxiliary organizations). The discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes, which follow this section. Separate financial statements are issued for each of the discretely presented component units and may be obtained from the individual campuses.

The financial statements of the University as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 have been prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities*. For reporting purposes, the University is considered a special-purpose government engaged in business-type activities.

Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the University's financial statements: the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and the Statement of Cash Flows. The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the University's finances from all sources of revenue, in a manner similar to the private sector. The University's discretely presented component units are presented in a separate column to enable the reader to distinguish between the University and these separate but related not-for-profit organizations.

The Statement of Net Position is the University's balance sheet. It presents information on all of the University's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these four reported as net position (equity). Assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are generally reported at book value, except investments, which are reported at fair value. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the financial position of the University.

The University's net position is classified into three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets
- Restricted
- Unrestricted

Changes from one year to the next in total net position as presented on the Statement of Net Position are based on the activity presented on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position is the University's income statement. Revenues earned and expenses incurred during the fiscal year on an accrual basis are classified as either operating or nonoperating. This distinction results in operating deficits, as the GASB Statement No. 35 reporting model requires classification of state appropriations, a significant revenue stream to fund current operations, as nonoperating revenue.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

The Statement of Cash Flows presents the changes in the University's cash and cash equivalents during the most recent fiscal year. This Statement is prepared using the direct and indirect methods of cash flows. The Statement breaks out the sources and uses of the University's cash and cash equivalents into four categories:

- Operating activities
- Noncapital financing activities
- Capital and related financing activities
- Investing activities

The University's routine activities appear in the operating and noncapital financing categories. Noncapital financing activities include borrowing money for purposes other than to acquire, construct, or improve capital assets and repaying those amounts borrowed, including interest. The proceeds from the issuance of Systemwide Revenue Bond (SRB) that will be passed through to the discretely presented component units for capital purposes are reported as noncapital financing activities.

Capital and related financing sources include debt proceeds, state capital appropriations, capital grants and gifts, proceeds from sale of capital assets, and principal and interest payments received on capital leases. Within the capital and related financing activities, uses of funds consist of acquisition of capital assets, and debt repayments. Sales and purchases of investments are part of investing activities.

The Statement of Cash Flows for the discretely presented component units is not included in the University's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Effective July 1, 2014, the University changed its pension accounting policies with the implementation of new accounting standards, GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date (amendment of GASB Statement No. 68)*. Changes in accounting policies for pensions are designed to improve transparency regarding pension liability by requiring recognition of a liability equal to the net pension liability, which is measured as the total pension liability, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position for the University's defined-benefit plans. This standard requires recognition of pension expense using systematic method, designed to match the cost of pension benefits with service periods for eligible employees.

The net pension liability was \$6.58 billion as of June 30, 2016. The pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources were \$811.33 million and \$143.17 million, respectively.

In July 2014, the State Legislature passed Senate Bill 860 (SB 860), which changed the State of California's (the State) approach to funding non-revenue generating capital facilities at the University, such as campus infrastructure projects, academic and administrative buildings, and other capital facilities that are essential to the University's operations (collectively Academic Facilities). Historically, the State has funded Academic Facilities with proceeds of State Public Works Board (SPWB) lease revenue bonds and State general obligation bonds for which, in each case, the State made all debt service payments directly or through appropriations to the University.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

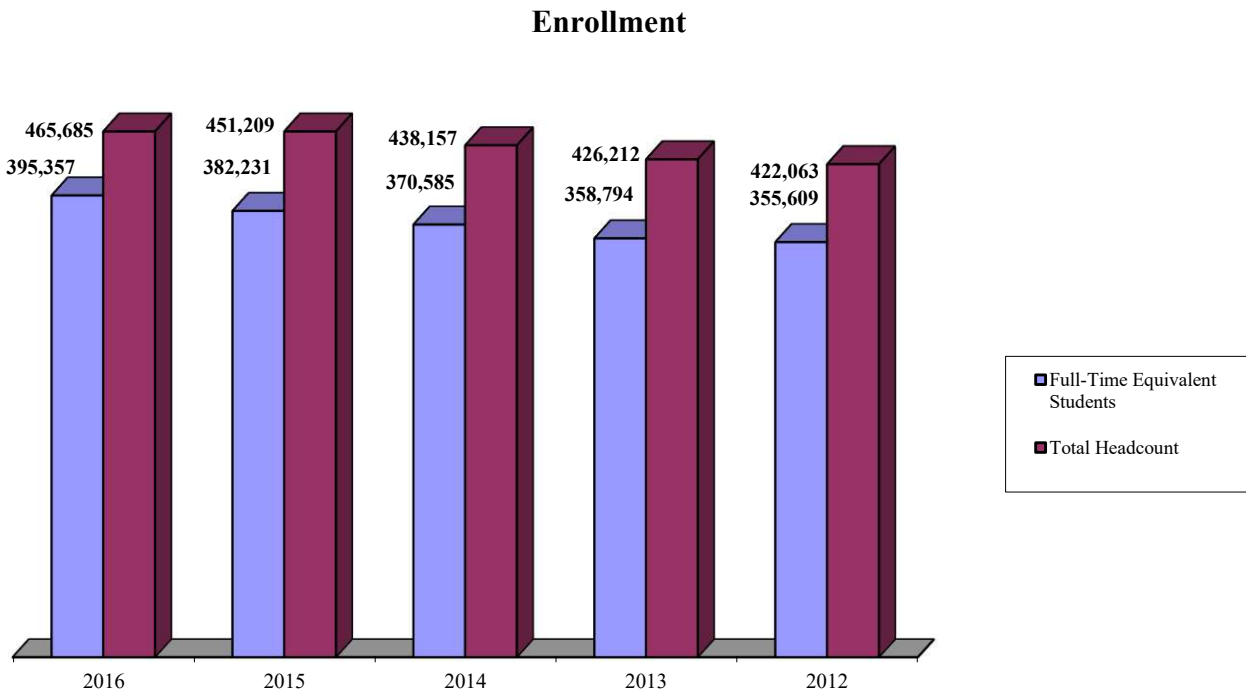
SB 860 provided the University with statutory authority to issue bonds to finance Academic Facilities, as well as providing the University with the ability to pledge additional revenues to support its debt obligations, including but not limited to student tuition fees.

Effective April 2016, upon the issuance of SRB Series 2016A and 2016B bonds, the student tuition fees were added to the gross revenues pledged to secure all SRB bonds (including bonds issued prior to this Series).

The noncapital state appropriation for the University in fiscal year 2016 was \$3.01 billion, \$245.52 million higher than in fiscal year 2015. This increase consists of \$65.53 million to pay employee compensation increases, \$58.91 million to fund student enrollment growth, \$49.15 million to fund Systemwide Initiatives and Performance Program, \$27.47 million for retirement costs adjustments, \$20.00 million to fund Student Success and Completion Program, \$11.04 million for employer-paid Health Care Premiums, \$7.63 million to pay SPWB capital lease obligation debt service, \$5.04 million for operations and maintenance of new space, and \$0.75 million for other items.

The student tuition and fees revenue increased by \$55.15 million in fiscal year 2016, mainly due to student enrollment growth. Headcount enrollment increased from 451,209 in fiscal year 2015 to 465,685 in fiscal year 2016, as reflected in the following chart. At the same time, Full-Time Equivalent Students increased from 382,231 in fiscal year 2015 to 395,357 in fiscal year 2016.

The following chart displays the University's historical enrollment data by fiscal year:



CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

Financial Analysis

The following sections provide additional details on the University's financial position and activities for fiscal years 2016 and 2015:

- I. Condensed Schedules of Net Position
- II. Condensed Schedules of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

I. Condensed Schedules of Net Position

	University		Discretely presented component units	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	(In thousands)			
Current assets	\$ 3,412,561	3,212,249	1,197,643	1,248,946
Capital assets, net	8,307,666	8,046,000	815,871	813,195
Other noncurrent assets	1,755,095	1,515,826	2,060,350	2,098,681
Total assets	<u>13,475,322</u>	<u>12,774,075</u>	<u>4,073,864</u>	<u>4,160,822</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	922,449	648,757	19,721	10,091
Current liabilities	1,271,242	1,384,897	320,475	489,131
Noncurrent liabilities	12,942,137	11,126,911	1,005,036	1,011,072
Total liabilities	<u>14,213,379</u>	<u>12,511,808</u>	<u>1,325,511</u>	<u>1,500,203</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	143,167	1,086,744	16,263	15,898
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	3,522,905	3,614,410	227,166	191,711
Restricted:				
Nonexpendable	8,653	13,448	1,057,270	981,900
Expendable	119,896	82,280	893,104	914,518
Unrestricted	(3,610,229)	(3,885,858)	574,271	566,683
Total net position	<u>\$ 41,225</u>	<u>(175,720)</u>	<u>2,751,811</u>	<u>2,654,812</u>

Current and Other Noncurrent Assets

Current and other noncurrent assets are assets that are not capital assets and are used to meet current and noncurrent obligations. These assets consist of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents, investments, accounts receivable, notes receivable, leases receivable, student loans receivable, pledges receivable, prepaid expenses, and other assets.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

The total current and other noncurrent assets of \$5.17 billion for the University represents an increase of \$439.58 million compared to \$4.73 billion in fiscal year 2015. Investments represent 78.85% of the total current and other noncurrent assets. The University invests its funds mainly through the California State University (CSU) Consolidated Investment Pool whose objective is to maximize current income while preserving and prioritizing asset safety and liquidity. In addition, funds are invested in Surplus Money Investment Fund (SMIF), which is managed by the State Treasurer to invest funds in a short-term pool.

Total investments increased by \$530.19 million due to an overall increase in operating resources provided by the State through noncapital appropriation as previously discussed and proceeds from the issuance of SRB Series 2015A and 2015B for new capital projects. In addition, increase in cash and cash equivalents of \$5.53 million, and a net increase of \$0.08 million in other items contributed to the increase in total current and other noncurrent assets.

This increase is offset by the decrease of \$40.14 million in other assets, which is mainly due to the release of the construction reserves for SPWB capital leases, \$29.44 million decrease in accounts receivable, which is mainly due to the collection of funds from the State utilized for operations and capital-related projects (including those under the SPWB Lease Revenue Bonds program), a \$22.50 million net collection of leases receivable, and a \$4.14 million net collection of student loans receivable.

Current and other noncurrent assets for the discretely presented component units decreased by \$89.63 million mainly due to the net collection of Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs) issued by the California State University Institute amounting to \$148.48 million, decrease in other assets of \$20.32 million, and decrease in endowment investments of \$11.02 million. This is offset by a \$48.78 million increase in pledges receivable, \$29.23 million increase in nonendowment investments, and an increase in other items of \$12.18 million.

Capital Assets, Net

The University's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, comprise the following:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
	(In thousands)	
Land and land improvements	\$ 268,821	271,059
Buildings and building improvements	6,052,778	6,050,976
Improvements other than buildings	181,290	170,916
Infrastructure	633,175	596,876
Equipment	228,774	223,108
Library books and materials	34,422	35,997
Works of art and historical treasures	38,833	33,719
Intangible assets	39,272	31,210
Construction work in progress	830,301	632,139
	<u>8,307,666</u>	<u>8,046,000</u>
Total	<u>\$ 8,307,666</u>	<u>8,046,000</u>

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, increased by \$261.67 million during fiscal year 2016 as a result of additions on various capital projects including the following:

- Completion of the \$63.80 million San Jose Spartan Complex Renovation
- Completion of the \$55.69 million Chico Taylor II Replacement Building
- Completion of the \$53.29 million San Diego Zura Hall Renovation
- Construction in progress on the \$142.70 million San Diego South Campus Plaza
- Construction in progress on the \$126.19 million San Jose Campus Village, Phase 2
- Construction in progress on the \$90.55 million San Jose Student Union Expansion and Renovation
- Construction in progress on the \$80.49 million San Francisco Recreation Wellness Center
- Construction in progress on the \$76.55 million Pomona Administration Replacement Facility (Seismic)
- Construction in progress on the \$74.86 million San Diego Engineering and Interdisciplinary Sciences Complex

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are consumption of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period, which has a positive effect on the net position. The University's deferred outflows of resources consist of unamortized loss on debt refunding, the changes in net pension liability as a result of difference between expected and actual experience, and the pension contributions made by the University subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability.

The deferred outflows of resources increased by \$273.69 million from fiscal year 2015. The increase is due mainly to the following:

- Increase in University's retirement contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability of \$56.33 million, from \$603.00 million as of June 30, 2015 to \$659.33 million as of June 30, 2016.
- Increase of \$120.34 million arising from the differences between expected and actual experience in calculating net pension liability.
- Increase of \$31.67 million arising from the change in the University's proportionate share in net pension liability and deferred inflows of resources.
- The unamortized loss on debt refunding increased by \$73.83 million resulting from refunding of SRB Series 2005A, 2005B, 2005C, and 2007A, through the issuance of SRB Series 2015A in August 2015 and refunding of SRB Series 2008A and 2009A through the issuance of SRB Series 2016A in April 2016, offset by the current year amortization of \$8.48 million.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

Current and Noncurrent Liabilities

Current liabilities (liabilities due within one year) and noncurrent liabilities (liabilities due in more than one year) include accounts payable, accrued salaries and benefits, accrued compensated absences, unearned revenues, grants refundable, capitalized lease obligations, long-term debt obligations, claims liability for losses and loss adjustment expenses, depository accounts, other postemployment benefits obligations, net pension liability, and other liabilities.

Current and noncurrent liabilities of \$14.21 billion for the University represent an increase of \$1.70 billion compared to \$12.51 billion in fiscal year 2015. This is mainly due to the \$1.34 billion increase in long-term debt obligations as further discussed in the following page and \$1.06 billion increase in net pension liability recognized.

The net pension liability increased by \$1.06 billion due to additional employee service costs of \$2.01 billion, experience losses of \$161.58 million, and increase in proportionate share of \$35.13 million. The increase is offset by retirement contribution of \$608.37 million, actual earnings from investments in pension plan of \$350.15 million, and employees contribution of \$180.11 million.

The other major factors include \$55.44 million increase in other postemployment benefits obligations, \$39.49 million combined increase in accrued salaries and benefits and accrued compensated balance due to an increase in salary and benefit rates, \$19.82 million increase in accounts payable, and \$7.83 million increase in other items. Capitalized lease obligations for the University decreased by \$821.02 million in fiscal year 2016 due to termination of capital leases related to SPWB of \$800.56 million, current year repayments of \$85.44 million, and amortization of net premiums of \$2.00 million offset by capital lease obligations reclassified from long-term debt obligations of \$57.67 million, and new capital lease obligations of \$9.30 million.

Current and other noncurrent liabilities for the discretely presented component units decreased by \$174.69 million mainly due to \$169.55 million decrease in long-term debt obligations, \$13.00 million decrease in claims liability for losses and loss adjustment expense, \$8.70 million decrease in net pension liability, and \$6.95 million decrease in capitalized lease obligations. These are offset by an increase in other postemployment benefits obligation of \$15.77 million, and \$7.74 million increase in other items.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

Long-Term Debt Obligations

The University's long-term debt obligations are summarized as follows:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
	(In thousands)	
Systemwide Revenue Bonds (SRB)	\$ 4,944,168	3,687,508
Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs)	4,640	149,285
Others	6,180	65,988
	<u>4,954,988</u>	<u>3,902,781</u>
Total		
Unamortized net bond premium	506,760	223,491
	<u>5,461,748</u>	<u>4,126,272</u>
Total long-term debt obligations		
Less current portion	(112,404)	(259,535)
	<u>(112,404)</u>	<u>(259,535)</u>
Long-term debt obligations, net of current portion	<u>\$ 5,349,344</u>	<u>3,866,737</u>

In August 2015, the University issued its SRB Series 2015A (Tax-Exempt) and Series 2015B (Taxable). The proceeds were used to refund certain maturities of SRB Series 2005A, 2005B, 2005C, and 2007A, fund new capital projects, payment of BANs, refund outstanding bond indebtedness issued by the discretely presented component units, for capitalized interest, and payment of cost of issuance.

In April 2016, the University issued its SRB Series 2016A, 2016B-1, 2016B-2, and 2016B-3 (collectively referred as SRB Series 2016 bonds). The proceeds were used to refund certain maturities of SRB Series 2008A, and 2009A, refund SPWB Lease Revenue Bonds (including Series 1993A, 1997C, 1998A, 2006B, 2006G, 2009D, 2009J, 2011B, 2012D, 2012E, and 2013H), and for payment of cost of issuance. For the SRB debt, revenues pledged generally include student housing fees, parking fees, student union fees, health center facilities fees, and continuing education fees, as well as other revenues designated by the Trustees of California State University (Trustees) for inclusion in the SRB program. Effective as of the date of issuance of the SRB Series 2016 bonds, student tuition fees were added to the revenues pledged to secure the payment of the debt obligations.

The University's total long-term debt obligations increased by \$1.34 billion in fiscal year 2016, mainly due to the issuance of SRB Series 2015A and 2015B of \$1.17 billion (including a bond premium of \$104.93 million, net of \$15.17 million bond premium recorded by certain discretely presented component units), issuance of SRB Series 2016A and 2016B of \$1.59 billion (including a bond premium of \$210.34 million, net of \$5.15 million bond premium recorded by certain discretely presented component units), issuance of BANs of \$3.59 million to finance capital-related projects, and new debt of \$1.50 million, which were offset by the \$1.10 billion (including \$10.45 million unamortized bond premium) debt refunding of SRB Series 2005A, 2005B, 2005C, 2007A, 2008A, 2009A, \$256.55 million debt repayment, \$57.67 million long-term debt reclassified to capital lease obligations, and \$21.56 million amortization of net bond premium.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

Moody's Investors Service currently provides an intrinsic rating of Aa2, with a stable outlook, for the SRB. Standard & Poor's Ratings Services currently provides an intrinsic rating of AA-, with a stable outlook, for the SRB. All maturities in SRB Series 2007A, 2007B, 2007C, and 2007D and certain maturities in 2008A and 2009A were insured. Since the middle of fiscal year 2008, some providers of insurance for SRB have been downgraded to ratings below Aaa/AAA. Those bonds that are uninsured bear the intrinsic ratings of the SRB, which are Aa2 from the Moody's Investors Service and AA- from the Standard & Poor's Ratings Services.

In addition, the State's General Obligation Bond program has provided capital funding for various projects of the University. The debt related to these projects is not allocated to the University by the State and thus is not recorded in the University's financial statements. The total General Obligation Bond debt carried by the State related to University projects at June 30, 2016 and 2015 is approximately \$2.46 billion and \$2.53 billion, respectively.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources in fiscal year 2016 decreased by \$846.28 million due to lower than expected earnings on pension plan investments and amortization of \$104.14 million. This is offset by an increase in the University's proportionate share in the pension plan resulting to an increase in deferred inflows of resources of \$6.84 million.

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the University's financial position. Net position represents the residual interest in the University's assets and deferred outflows of resources after all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are deducted. As of June 30, 2016, the net position is \$41.23 million.

**University Net Position
 June 30, 2016
 (in thousands)**

Net investment in capital assets	\$3,522,905
Restricted nonexpendable	\$8,653
Restricted expendable	\$119,896
(\$3,610,229) Unrestricted	

Total Net Position: \$41,225,000

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The net position category "Net investment in capital assets" represents the University's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, and also net of outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any related deferred outflows of resources. The University uses these capital assets in its day-to-day operations. This category is the largest portion of the

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

University's net position year-over-year. The net investment in capital assets decreased by \$91.51 million as a result of depreciation of capital assets at a faster rate than repayment of the long-term debt.

Restricted

Restricted net position has constraints on its use that are either externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes a government to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for specific purposes. Such restrictions are primarily related to endowments, scholarships, capital projects, loans, and debt service funds. The restricted net position category consists of two subcategories: "Restricted nonexpendable" and "Restricted expendable."

i. Restricted nonexpendable

The restricted nonexpendable net position is made up of the permanent endowment funds, the corpus of which may not be expendable. Generally speaking, the University's foundations, which are discretely presented component units, hold the significant majority of the University-related endowments. In the current year, there was no significant change in the University's restricted nonexpendable net position.

ii. Restricted expendable

Restricted expendable net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Such restrictions are primarily related to scholarships, capital projects, loans, and debt service funds. In the current year, there was no significant change in the University's restricted expendable net position.

Unrestricted

The unrestricted net position represents all other net resources available to the University for general and educational obligations. Under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, net position that is not subject to externally imposed restrictions governing their use must be classified as unrestricted for financial reporting purposes. Although unrestricted net position is not subject to externally imposed restrictions per accounting definitions, the predominant portions of the unrestricted net position are designated for specific programs or projects related to certain revenue sources, as further explained in the following paragraphs.

As of June 30, 2016, the unrestricted net position is in a deficit position of \$3.61 billion, mainly due to the recognition of the University's net pension liability.

The unrestricted net position consists of \$1.27 billion designated resources from various funds and a deficit of \$4.88 billion in undesignated resources mainly from the operating fund. The undesignated resources would generally provide a prudent reserve for contingencies, such as the uncertain direction of future state appropriations, as well as the effects of an uncertain economic environment. However, the net undesignated resources is in a deficit position due mainly to the recognition of the University's net pension liability.

Within the unrestricted net position category, the designated resources are derived from fee collections and other activities that are designated for very specific purposes and are not to be repurposed and spent for other activities.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

For example, students pay fees including Housing and Parking fees, campus activities fees, all of which are to be used for specific designated purposes as described in the Education Code. The University also has certain designated resources that represent amounts pledged to support the SRB program.

Of the \$1.27 billion in designated unrestricted net position, approximately 56.38% was designated for supporting enterprise activities (i.e., Continuing Education, Housing, Parking, and Student Union), 6.64% was designated for campus-based projects or programs, and 20.45% was designated for special capital projects. The remaining 16.53% was designated for supporting activities related to education, financial aid, and other programs.

II. Condensed Schedules of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	<u>University</u>		<u>Discretely presented component units</u>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
	(In thousands)			
Operating revenues:				
Student tuition and fees, net	\$ 2,204,940	2,149,786	194,337	179,383
Grants and contracts, noncapital	73,161	99,545	514,867	477,309
Sales and services of educational activities	48,869	41,797	41,907	32,802
Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, net	485,090	451,993	500,000	504,282
Other operating revenues	200,497	194,216	243,049	241,490
Total operating revenues	<u>3,012,557</u>	<u>2,937,337</u>	<u>1,494,160</u>	<u>1,435,266</u>
Operating expenses	<u>7,328,256</u>	<u>6,868,506</u>	<u>1,621,855</u>	<u>1,570,435</u>
Operating loss	<u>(4,315,699)</u>	<u>(3,931,169)</u>	<u>(127,695)</u>	<u>(135,169)</u>
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
State appropriations, noncapital	3,007,533	2,762,018	—	—
Federal financial aid grants, noncapital	994,954	953,931	1,221	1,167
State financial aid grants, noncapital	668,871	627,321	908	1,185
Local financial aid grants, noncapital	—	—	104	89
Nongovernmental and other financial aid grants, noncapital	35,826	30,605	300	486
Other federal nonoperating grants, noncapital	4,304	3,944	1,043	—

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

	University		Discretely presented component units	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	(In thousands)			
Gifts, noncapital	\$ 68,010	48,060	190,390	167,918
Investment income, net	65,962	42,851	3,298	15,338
Endowment income, net	58	61	(24,785)	1,006
Interest expense	(229,573)	(223,034)	(23,694)	(24,579)
Other nonoperating expenses, net	(168,114)	(105,944)	(32,380)	(35,001)
Net nonoperating revenues	<u>4,447,831</u>	<u>4,139,813</u>	<u>116,405</u>	<u>127,609</u>
Income before other revenues and (expenses)	132,132	208,644	(11,290)	(7,560)
State appropriations, capital	25,757	5,766	—	—
Grants and gifts, capital	61,007	50,492	28,540	38,216
Additions (reductions) to permanent endowments	(1,951)	(1,996)	79,749	51,646
Change in net position	216,945	262,906	96,999	82,302
Net position – beginning of year, as restated	<u>(175,720)</u>	<u>(438,626)</u>	<u>2,654,812</u>	<u>2,572,510</u>
Net position – end of year	<u>\$ 41,225</u>	<u>(175,720)</u>	<u>2,751,811</u>	<u>2,654,812</u>

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

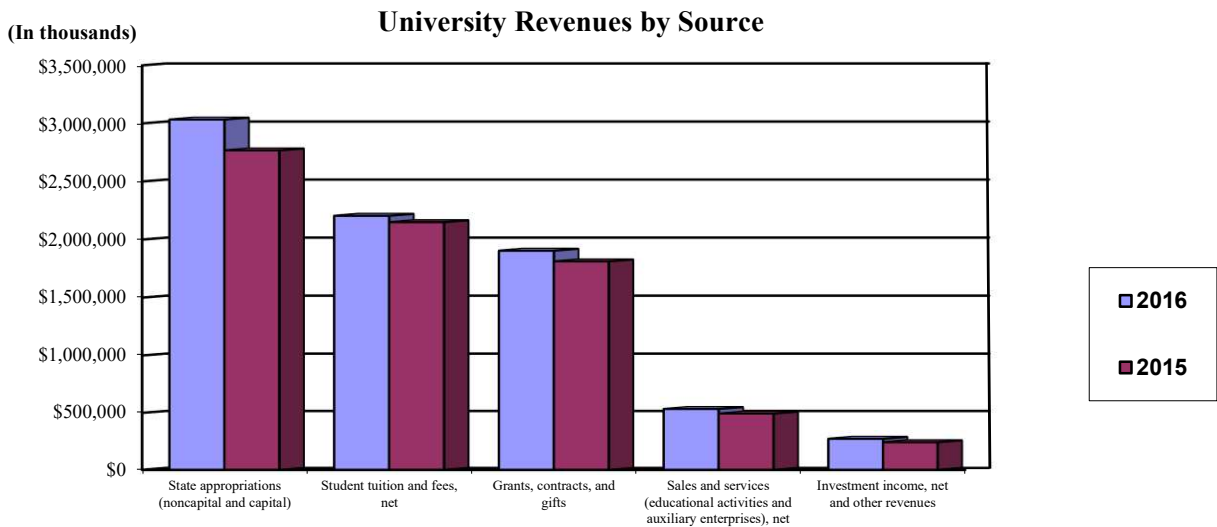
Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

Revenues (Operating and Nonoperating)

The following chart displays the components of the University's revenues for fiscal years 2016 and 2015:



	2016 (In thousands)	Percentage of total	2015 (In thousands)	Percentage of total
State appropriations (noncapital and capital)	\$ 3,033,290	38.19%	\$ 2,767,784	37.10%
Student tuition and fees, net	2,204,940	27.76	2,149,786	28.82
Grants, contracts, and gifts	1,904,182	23.97	1,811,902	24.29
Sales and services (educational activities and auxiliary enterprises), net	533,959	6.72	493,790	6.62
Investment income, net and other revenues	266,517	3.36	237,128	3.17
Total revenues (operating and nonoperating)	\$ 7,942,888	100.00%	\$ 7,460,390	100.00%

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

The two largest components of revenues are state appropriations and student tuition and fees, net, which accounted for a combined 65.95% of the University's revenues in fiscal year 2016. State appropriations are received for both noncapital and capital purposes. The noncapital state appropriation for the University in fiscal year 2016 was \$3.01 billion, \$245.52 million higher than in fiscal year 2015. This increase consists of \$65.53 million to pay employee compensation increases, \$58.91 million for funded student enrollment growth, \$49.15 million to fund Systemwide Initiatives and Performance Program, \$27.47 million for retirement costs adjustments, \$20.00 million to fund Student Success and Completion Program, \$11.04 million for employer-paid Health Care Premiums, \$7.63 million to pay SPWB capital lease obligation debt service, \$5.04 million for operations and maintenance of new space, and \$0.75 million for other items. Capital appropriations increased by \$19.99 million in the current year. The student tuition and fees (net of scholarship and allowances), increased by \$55.15 million, or 2.56%, mainly due to growth in overall student enrollment.

The University's grants, contracts, and gifts revenues of \$1.90 billion is approximately 69.97% of the total reporting entity's grants, contracts and gifts revenues (before elimination) of \$2.72 billion. The overall increase in the total reporting entity's grants, contracts, and gifts revenues is \$171.39 million or 6.72%. Of this increase, \$92.28 million is attributable to the University and \$79.11 million is for the discretely presented component units.

The increase of \$92.28 million in the University's grants, contracts, and gifts revenue is a result of \$87.79 million increase in Federal, State and nongovernmental student financial aid grants, mainly under the Federal Pell Grant Program and the Cal Grant Program due to growth in eligible students. In addition, nonfinancial aid grants and gifts increased by \$4.49 million in the current fiscal year.

Auxiliary enterprise operations such as student housing may be run by the University or by the discretely presented component units depending on the campus, whereas student unions are run by the discretely presented component units. The sales and services of auxiliary enterprises revenue for the total reporting entity (either the University or the discretely presented component units) in the current fiscal year increased by \$28.82 million, mainly due to growth in overall student enrollment.

Investment income, net and other revenues for the University increased by \$29.39 million in the current fiscal year due to an increase in the investment portfolio.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

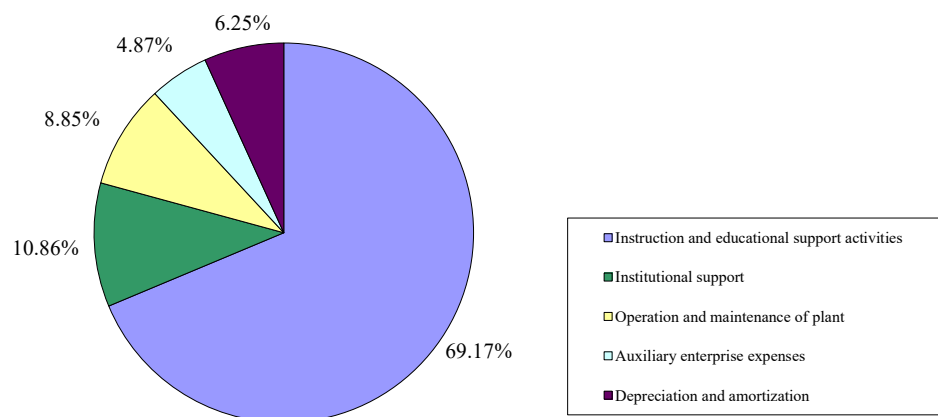
June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

Operating Expenses

When the mission-critical educational support activities of student services, academic support, student grants and scholarships, public service, and research are added to direct classroom instruction, then total instruction, and educational support activities account for 69.17% of the total operating expenses of the University as shown below:

	2016 (In thousands)	Percentage of total
Instruction	\$ 2,503,564	34.16%
Research	51,691	0.71
Public service	57,376	0.78
Academic support	762,920	10.41
Student services	812,010	11.08
Student grants and scholarships	881,578	12.03
Total instruction and educational support activities	5,069,139	69.17
Institutional support	795,550	10.86
Operation and maintenance of plant	648,618	8.85
Auxiliary enterprise expenses	357,030	4.87
Depreciation and amortization	457,919	6.25
Total operating expenses	\$ 7,328,256	100.00%



CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

Total operating expenses for the University increased by \$459.75 million. The expenses related to instruction and educational support activities increased by \$154.87 million in instruction, \$80.18 million in student services, \$53.28 million in academic support, and offset by a decrease of \$6.98 million in student grants and scholarships.

Other factors include increases of \$68.28 million in institutional support, \$53.62 million in maintenance and repair expenses, \$30.76 million in auxiliary enterprise expenses due to housing and parking lot maintenance, \$19.59 million increase in depreciation and amortization, and \$6.16 million net increase in other items.

The salaries and benefits expenses increased by \$377.75 million (including \$153.22 million in pension expense) due to the higher employee headcount, general salary rates, health benefit costs and other postretirement benefits costs. Of the increase in salaries and benefits, \$268.86 million or 71.17% were incurred for instruction and education support activities.

The pension expense, included in benefits expense, increased from \$418.73 million to \$571.95 million. The increase of \$153.22 million is due to the net effect of higher employee service costs and interest in pension liability of \$101.90 million, increase in net amortization of deferred outflows and inflows of resources of \$219.10 million, offset by higher projected earnings on pension plan investments of \$157.79 million, difference in proportionate share and actual retirement contribution during measurement date of \$5.38 million, higher employee contributions of \$2.46 million, and lower administrative expenses of \$2.15 million.

The supplies and other services also increased by \$69.39 million, of which the increase were in instructions and education support activities of \$25.63 million or 36.93%, in maintenance and repairs of plant of \$20.60 million, in institutional support of \$12.07 million and in auxiliary enterprise expenses of \$11.09 million. The depreciation and amortization increased by \$19.59 million due to full year of depreciation of completed capital projects in prior fiscal year.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

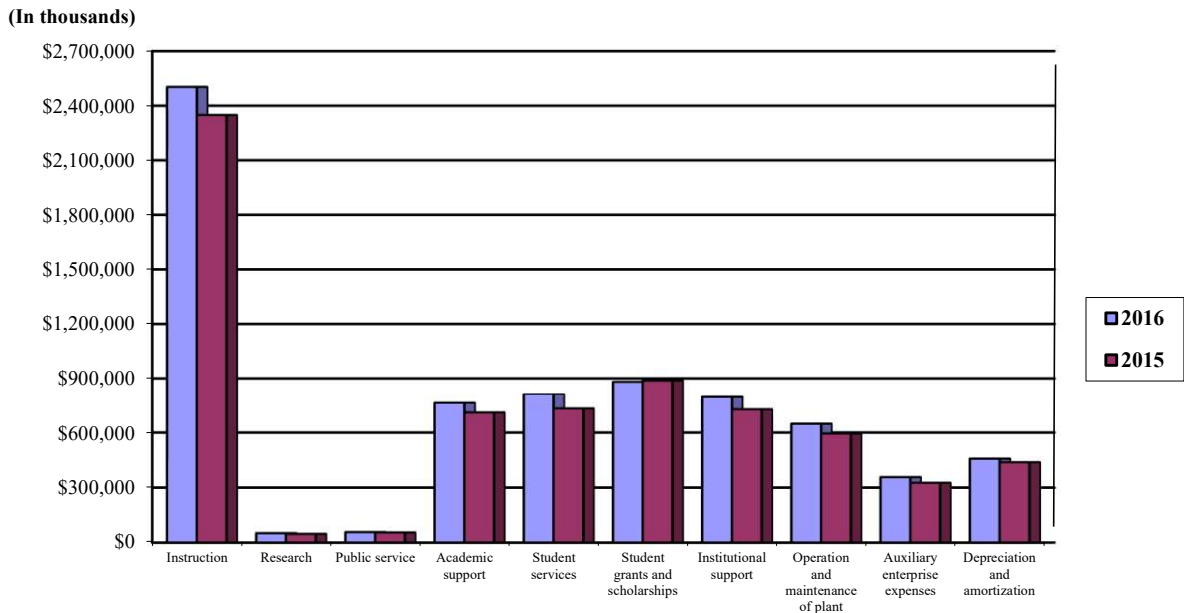
Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

The following chart displays the University's operating expenses by program for fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

University Operating Expenses by Program



Factors Impacting Future Periods

State Budget Act for Fiscal Year 2017

The State Budget Act for fiscal year 2017, approved by the Governor on June 27, 2016, resulted in noncapital state appropriation of \$3.17 billion, which represents an increase of \$161.89 million over the fiscal year 2016 enacted budget. This increase consists of \$69.55 million to pay employee compensation increases, \$35.08 million for employer-paid health care premiums, \$30.17 million to fund student enrollment growth, \$10.21 million to fund Student Success and Completion Program, \$7.87 million to pay SPWB capital lease obligation debt service, \$7.00 million for retirement costs adjustments, \$1.10 million for Education Insights CSU Student Success Network, \$0.89 million for operations and maintenance of new space, and \$0.02 million for Center for California Studies.

Subsequent Events

The University issued \$199.22 million of BANs subsequent to June 30, 2016. These BANs are issued to fund capital projects at various campuses.

In September 2016, the University deposited cash and certain investment securities in an irrevocable escrow with the Treasurer of the State of California, as security per the partial refunding of SRB Series 2007A bonds with par amount of \$70.30 million.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

In September 2016, the State Legislature passed SB 1412, which allows the University to invest in mutual funds including equity mutual funds, subject to registration by, and under the regulatory authority of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or in United States registered real estate investment trusts, effective January 1, 2017. Prior to SB 1412, the University is restricted to investing in fixed income securities.

Under SB 1412, the University is required to create an investment advisory committee reporting to the Board of Trustees. The total amount invested under the new authority shall not exceed \$200.00 million in fiscal year ending June 30, 2017; \$400.00 million in fiscal year ending June 30, 2018; \$600.00 million in fiscal year ending June 30, 2019; and in fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, and each fiscal year thereafter, 30.00% of total investments of the University. All earnings from investment under the new authority shall be used only for capital outlay or maintenance, and shall not be used for ongoing operations.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2016

Assets	University	Discretely presented component units	Total
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,107,000	228,550,000	237,657,000
Short-term investments	3,174,573,000	657,836,000	3,832,409,000
Accounts receivable, net	153,631,000	193,404,000	347,035,000
Capital lease receivable, current portion	12,356,000	1,815,000	14,171,000
Notes receivable, current portion	9,805,000	8,162,000	17,967,000
Pledges receivable, net	240,000	68,632,000	68,872,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	52,849,000	39,244,000	92,093,000
Total current assets	<u>3,412,561,000</u>	<u>1,197,643,000</u>	<u>4,610,204,000</u>
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	81,000	25,588,000	25,669,000
Accounts receivable, net	127,333,000	19,440,000	146,773,000
Capital lease receivable, net of current portion	329,822,000	64,851,000	394,673,000
Notes receivable, net of current portion	281,702,000	24,357,000	306,059,000
Student loans receivable, net	81,246,000	977,000	82,223,000
Pledges receivable, net	480,000	117,242,000	117,722,000
Endowment investments	8,653,000	1,304,151,000	1,312,804,000
Other long-term investments	891,399,000	467,399,000	1,358,798,000
Capital assets, net	8,307,666,000	815,871,000	9,123,537,000
Other assets	34,379,000	36,345,000	70,724,000
Total noncurrent assets	<u>10,062,761,000</u>	<u>2,876,221,000</u>	<u>12,938,982,000</u>
Total assets	<u>13,475,322,000</u>	<u>4,073,864,000</u>	<u>17,549,186,000</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows of resources	922,449,000	19,721,000	942,170,000
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	230,504,000	86,503,000	317,007,000
Accrued salaries and benefits	352,243,000	25,649,000	377,892,000
Accrued compensated absences, current portion	133,773,000	14,147,000	147,920,000
Unearned revenue	289,763,000	65,349,000	355,112,000
Capitalized lease obligations, current portion	43,818,000	12,490,000	56,308,000
Long-term debt obligations, current portion	112,404,000	19,154,000	131,558,000
Claims liability for losses and loss adjustment expenses, current portion	—	24,750,000	24,750,000
Depository accounts	10,143,000	13,288,000	23,431,000
Other liabilities	98,594,000	59,145,000	157,739,000
Total current liabilities	<u>1,271,242,000</u>	<u>320,475,000</u>	<u>1,591,717,000</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Accrued compensated absences, net of current portion	109,589,000	5,629,000	115,218,000
Unearned revenue	14,271,000	6,626,000	20,897,000
Grants refundable	84,778,000	9,205,000	93,983,000
Capitalized lease obligations, net of current portion	345,567,000	348,342,000	693,909,000
Long-term debt obligations, net of current portion	5,349,344,000	346,707,000	5,696,051,000
Claims liability for losses and loss adjustment expenses, net of current portion	—	57,369,000	57,369,000
Depository accounts	2,026,000	15,792,000	17,818,000
Other postemployment benefits obligations	368,803,000	100,764,000	469,567,000
Net pension liability	6,578,194,000	62,432,000	6,640,626,000
Other liabilities	89,565,000	52,170,000	141,735,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>12,942,137,000</u>	<u>1,005,036,000</u>	<u>13,947,173,000</u>
Total liabilities	<u>14,213,379,000</u>	<u>1,325,511,000</u>	<u>15,538,890,000</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows of resources	143,167,000	16,263,000	159,430,000

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
 Statement of Net Position
 June 30, 2016

Net Position	University	Discretely presented component units	Total
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,522,905,000	227,166,000	3,750,071,000
Restricted for:			
Nonexpendable – endowments	8,653,000	1,057,270,000	1,065,923,000
Expendable:			
Scholarships and fellowships	13,600,000	195,724,000	209,324,000
Research	4,000	25,955,000	25,959,000
Loans	15,857,000	1,942,000	17,799,000
Capital projects	23,025,000	90,276,000	113,301,000
Debt service	46,769,000	18,371,000	65,140,000
Others	20,641,000	560,836,000	581,477,000
Unrestricted	(3,610,229,000)	574,271,000	(3,035,958,000)
Total net position	<u>\$ 41,225,000</u>	<u>2,751,811,000</u>	<u>2,793,036,000</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Year ended June 30, 2016

	<u>University</u>	<u>Discretely presented component units</u>	<u>Eliminations</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues:				
Operating revenues:				
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$1,479,477,000)	\$ 2,204,940,000	194,337,000	(18,248,000)	2,381,029,000
Grants and contracts, noncapital:				
Federal	38,187,000	341,899,000	(132,000)	379,954,000
State	16,854,000	88,463,000	—	105,317,000
Local	4,569,000	15,367,000	—	19,936,000
Nongovernmental	13,551,000	69,138,000	(3,255,000)	79,434,000
Sales and services of educational activities	48,869,000	41,907,000	(205,000)	90,571,000
Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises (net of scholarship allowances of \$86,818,000)	485,090,000	500,000,000	(3,401,000)	981,689,000
Other operating revenues	200,497,000	243,049,000	(1,440,000)	442,106,000
Total operating revenues	<u>3,012,557,000</u>	<u>1,494,160,000</u>	<u>(26,681,000)</u>	<u>4,480,036,000</u>
Expenses:				
Operating expenses:				
Instruction	2,503,564,000	168,074,000	(4,354,000)	2,667,284,000
Research	51,691,000	201,599,000	—	253,290,000
Public service	57,376,000	168,037,000	(2,964,000)	222,449,000
Academic support	762,920,000	79,644,000	(3,666,000)	838,898,000
Student services	812,010,000	172,778,000	(24,082,000)	960,706,000
Institutional support	795,550,000	214,101,000	(24,918,000)	984,733,000
Operation and maintenance of plant	648,618,000	39,180,000	(416,000)	687,382,000
Student grants and scholarships	881,578,000	55,386,000	(32,523,000)	904,441,000
Auxiliary enterprise expenses	357,030,000	471,496,000	(32,882,000)	795,644,000
Depreciation and amortization	457,919,000	51,560,000	—	509,479,000
Total operating expenses	<u>7,328,256,000</u>	<u>1,621,855,000</u>	<u>(125,805,000)</u>	<u>8,824,306,000</u>
Operating loss	<u>(4,315,699,000)</u>	<u>(127,695,000)</u>	<u>99,124,000</u>	<u>(4,344,270,000)</u>
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
State appropriations, noncapital	3,007,533,000	—	—	3,007,533,000
Federal financial aid grants, noncapital	994,954,000	1,221,000	—	996,175,000
State financial aid grants, noncapital	668,871,000	908,000	—	669,779,000
Local financial aid grants, noncapital	—	104,000	—	104,000
Nongovernmental and other financial aid grants, noncapital	35,826,000	300,000	(26,037,000)	10,089,000
Other federal nonoperating grants, noncapital	4,304,000	1,043,000	—	5,347,000
Gifts, noncapital	68,010,000	190,390,000	(41,388,000)	217,012,000
Investment income, net	65,962,000	3,298,000	—	69,260,000
Endowment income (loss)	58,000	(24,785,000)	—	(24,727,000)
Interest expense	(229,573,000)	(23,694,000)	—	(253,267,000)
Other nonoperating expenses	(168,114,000)	(32,380,000)	11,561,000	(188,933,000)
Net nonoperating revenues	<u>4,447,831,000</u>	<u>116,405,000</u>	<u>(55,864,000)</u>	<u>4,508,372,000</u>
Income (loss) before other revenues (expenses)	132,132,000	(11,290,000)	43,260,000	164,102,000
State appropriations, capital	25,757,000	—	—	25,757,000
Grants and gifts, capital	61,007,000	28,540,000	(43,809,000)	45,738,000
Additions (reductions) to permanent endowments	(1,951,000)	79,749,000	549,000	78,347,000
Increase in net position	<u>216,945,000</u>	<u>96,999,000</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>313,944,000</u>
Net position:				
Net position at beginning of year	(175,720,000)	2,654,812,000	—	2,479,092,000
Net position at end of year	<u>\$ 41,225,000</u>	<u>2,751,811,000</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>2,793,036,000</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2016

	<u>University</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Student tuition and fees	\$ 2,209,323,000
Federal grants and contracts	39,984,000
State grants and contracts	12,972,000
Local grants and contracts	5,820,000
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	15,103,000
Payments to suppliers	(1,404,787,000)
Payments to employees	(4,568,669,000)
Payments to students	(882,020,000)
Collections of student loans	2,777,000
Sales and services of educational activities	49,547,000
Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises	478,198,000
Other receipts	210,289,000
	<u>(3,831,463,000)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
State appropriations	3,007,319,000
Federal financial aid grants	994,424,000
State financial aid grants	667,068,000
Nongovernmental and other financial aid grants	35,803,000
Other federal nonoperating grants	4,484,000
Gifts and grants received for other than capital purposes	67,014,000
Federal loan program receipts	1,304,206,000
Federal loan program disbursements	(1,308,207,000)
Monies received on behalf of others	131,874,000
Monies disbursed on behalf of others	(131,856,000)
Transfers to escrow agent	(151,871,000)
Proceeds from long-term debt	137,022,000
Principal paid on long-term debt	(32,560,000)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(26,992,000)
Issuance of notes receivable	(26,925,000)
Issuance of capital leases receivable	(94,000)
Principal collections on capital leases	11,911,000
Interest collections on capital leases	14,644,000
Principal collections on notes receivable	27,908,000
Interest collections on notes receivable	14,027,000
Other noncapital financing activities	(104,000,000)
	<u>4,635,199,000</u>
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Proceeds from capital debt	1,800,957,000
State appropriations	23,308,000
State appropriations – SPWB Lease Revenue Bond program	46,361,000
Capital grants and gifts	22,814,000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	3,276,000
Acquisition of capital assets	(648,025,000)
Transfers to escrow agent	(1,040,256,000)
Principal paid on capital debt and leases	(305,727,000)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases	(220,454,000)
Principal collection on capital leases	970,000
Interest collection on capital leases	95,000
	<u>(316,681,000)</u>
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2016

	<u>University</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Proceeds from sales of investments	\$ 9,002,378,000
Purchases of investments	(9,522,788,000)
Investment income proceeds	38,867,000
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(481,543,000)</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	5,512,000
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>3,676,000</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 9,188,000</u>
Summary of cash and cash equivalents at end of year:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,107,000
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	<u>81,000</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 9,188,000</u>
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (4,315,699,000)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	457,919,000
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable, net	1,753,000
Student loans receivable, net	(81,000)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(7,567,000)
Other assets	(99,000)
Deferred outflows of resources	(208,337,000)
Accounts payable	15,619,000
Accrued salaries and benefits	27,315,000
Accrued compensated absences	12,176,000
Unearned revenue	6,729,000
Other postemployment benefits obligations	55,443,000
Net pension liability	1,064,539,000
Other liabilities	2,404,000
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>(943,577,000)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$ (3,831,463,000)</u>
Supplemental schedule of noncash transactions:	
Issuance of long-term debt to terminate SPWB capitalized lease obligations	\$ 831,538,000
Termination of SPWB capitalized lease obligations	800,558,000
Reclassification of long term debt to capitalized lease obligations	57,672,000
Other assets used to terminate SPWB capitalized lease obligations	38,298,000
Contributed capital assets	37,240,000
Amortization of net bond premium	23,565,000
Acquisition of capital assets through capitalized lease obligations	8,188,000
Additional construction reserves held by the State	7,516,000
Change in accrued capital asset purchases	4,959,000
Amortization of loss on debt refundings	4,746,000
Gifts in kind	1,257,000

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

(1) Organization

California State University (the University) was established under the State of California Education Code as a public university to offer undergraduate and graduate instruction for professional and occupational goals emphasizing a broad liberal arts education. As an agency of the State of California (the State), the University is also included in the State's financial statements. Responsibility for the University is vested in the Trustees of California State University (the Trustees) who, in turn, appoint the Chancellor, the chief executive officer of the University, the University presidents, and the chief executive officers of the respective campuses. In addition to the Office of the Chancellor, the following 23 campuses comprise the California State University at June 30, 2016:

- California State University, Bakersfield
- California State University Channel Islands
- California State University, Chico
- California State University, Dominguez Hills
- California State University, East Bay
- California State University, Fresno
- California State University, Fullerton
- Humboldt State University
- California State University, Long Beach
- California State University, Los Angeles
- California State University Maritime Academy
- California State University, Monterey Bay
- California State University, Northridge
- California State Polytechnic University, Pomona
- California State University, Sacramento
- California State University, San Bernardino
- San Diego State University
- San Francisco State University
- San José State University
- California Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo
- California State University San Marcos
- Sonoma State University
- California State University, Stanislaus

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

The University provides instruction for baccalaureate, masters', doctorate, and certificate programs, and operates various auxiliary enterprises, such as student housing and parking facilities. In addition, the University administers a variety of financial aid programs that are funded primarily through state and federal programs.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) *Financial Reporting Entity*

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, and No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 34*, the accompanying financial statements present the Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows of the 23 campuses and the Office of the Chancellor of the University.

In addition, the accompanying financial statements include the accounts of the 90 discretely presented component units, which are primarily University-related recognized auxiliary organizations. These discretely presented component units are legally separate entities that provide services primarily to the University and its students. Recognized auxiliary organizations include foundations, associated students, student unions, food service entities, bookstores, and similar organizations. Foundations, whose net position comprises approximately 78.69% of the discretely presented component unit totals, carry out a variety of campus-related activities. Such activities consist primarily of administering grants from governmental and private agencies for research, as well as soliciting and accepting donations, gifts, and bequests for University-related use. Separate financial statements are issued for each of the discretely presented component units and may be obtained from the individual campuses.

The recognized discretely presented component units are as follows:

- California State University, Bakersfield, Foundation
- Associated Students, California State University, Bakersfield, Inc.
- California State University, Bakersfield Student Union
- California State University, Bakersfield, Auxiliary for Sponsored Programs Administration
- California State University Institute
- California State University Foundation
- California State University Risk Management Authority
- California State University, Channel Islands Foundation
- Associated Students of California State University, Channel Islands, Inc.
- California State University Channel Islands Financing Authority
- California State University Channel Islands Site Authority

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

- California State University Channel Islands University Glen Corporation
- The CSU, Chico Research Foundation
- The University Foundation, California State University, Chico
- Associated Students of California State University, Chico
- California State University Dominguez Hills Foundation
- Associated Students, Inc., California State University, Dominguez Hills
- The Donald P. and Katherine B. Loker University Student Union, Inc., California State University, Dominguez Hills
- California State University Dominguez Hills Philanthropic Foundation
- California State University, East Bay Foundation, Inc.
- Associated Students, Inc. of California State University, East Bay
- Cal State East Bay Educational Foundation, Inc.
- California State University, Fresno Foundation
- Associated Students, Inc. of California State University, Fresno
- California State University, Fresno Association, Inc.
- The Agricultural Foundation of California State University, Fresno
- California State University, Fresno Athletic Corporation
- The Bulldog Foundation (Fresno)
- Fresno State Programs for Children, Inc.
- Cal State Fullerton Philanthropic Foundation
- Associated Students, California State University, Fullerton, Inc. (including Titan Student Centers)
- CSU Fullerton Auxiliary Services Corporation
- Humboldt State University Sponsored Programs Foundation
- Associated Students of Humboldt State University
- Humboldt State University Center Board of Directors
- Humboldt State University Advancement Foundation
- California State University, Long Beach Research Foundation
- CSULB 49er Foundation
- Associated Students, Inc., California State University, Long Beach

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

- Forty-Niner Shops, Inc. (Long Beach)
- Cal State L.A. University Auxiliary Services, Inc.
- California State University, Los Angeles Foundation
- Associated Students of California State University, Los Angeles, Inc.
- University – Student Union at California State University, Los Angeles
- California Maritime Academy Foundation, Inc.
- Associated Students of the California Maritime Academy
- University Corporation at Monterey Bay
- Foundation of California State University, Monterey Bay
- California State University, Northridge Foundation
- Associated Students, Inc., California State University, Northridge
- University Student Union, California State University, Northridge
- North Campus – University Park Development Corporation (Northridge)
- The University Corporation (Northridge)
- Cal Poly Pomona Foundation, Inc.
- Associated Students, Inc., California State Polytechnic University, Pomona
- The University Foundation at Sacramento State
- University Enterprises, Inc. (Sacramento)
- Associated Students of California State University, Sacramento
- University Union Operation of California State University, Sacramento
- Capital Public Radio, Inc. (Sacramento)
- Santos Manuel Student Union of California State University, San Bernardino
- Associated Students, Incorporated, California State University, San Bernardino
- CSUSB Philanthropic Foundation
- University Enterprises Corporation at CSUSB
- San Diego State University Research Foundation
- The Campanile Foundation (San Diego)
- Associated Students of San Diego State University
- Aztec Shops, Ltd. (San Diego)

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

- The University Corporation, San Francisco State
- Associated Students of San Francisco State University
- San Francisco State University Foundation
- Associated Students of San Jose State University
- The Student Union of San Jose State University
- The Tower Foundation of San Jose State University
- San Jose State University Research Foundation
- Spartan Shops, Inc. (San Jose)
- California Polytechnic State University Foundation (San Luis Obispo)
- Cal Poly Corporation (San Luis Obispo)
- Associated Students, Inc. (California Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo)
- University Auxiliary and Research Services Corporation (San Marcos)
- Associated Students, Inc. of California State University, San Marcos
- San Marcos University Corporation
- California State University San Marcos Foundation
- Sonoma State University Academic Foundation, Inc.
- Associated Students of Sonoma State University
- Sonoma State Enterprises, Inc.
- California State University, Stanislaus Foundation
- Associated Students Incorporated of California State University, Stanislaus
- University Student Union of California State University, Stanislaus
- California State University, Stanislaus Auxiliary and Business Services

These component units are presented in the accompanying financial statements as discretely presented component units of the University due to the nature and significance of their relationship with the University. The relationships are such that exclusion of these organizations from the reporting entity would render the financial statements incomplete, primarily due to their close affiliation with the University. These organizations are discretely presented to allow the financial statement users to distinguish between the University and the component units. None of the component units are considered individually significant to the total discretely presented component units.

All significant nonexchange transactions have been eliminated.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

The accompanying financial statements also include the Stockton Center Site Authority, and Fullerton Arboretum, which are included as blended component units. These organizations primarily provide services to the University in the areas of asset management and student support. The University is financially accountable for these organizations.

(b) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

As a public institution, the University is considered a special-purpose government under the provisions of GASB Statements Nos. 34 and 35. The University records revenue in part from fees and other charges for services to external users and, accordingly, has chosen to present financial statements using the reporting model for special-purpose governments engaged in business-type activities. This model allows all financial information for the University to be reported in a single column in each of the financial statements, accompanied by aggregated financial information for the discretely presented component units, as discussed above. The effects of internal activities between funds or groups of funds have been eliminated from these financial statements.

(c) New Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, effective for the University's fiscal year beginning July 1, 2015. This Statement defines fair value and describes how fair value should be measured, what assets and liabilities should be measured at fair value, and what information about fair value should be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. For disclosures on fair value measurement and hierarchy, refer to note 3(b).

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, effective for the University's fiscal year beginning July 1, 2017. This Statement establishes how government employers should measure, recognize, display, and disclose the long-term obligations and annual costs arising from their promises to provide other postemployment benefits to their retired employees. The University has not yet determined the impact of GASB Statement No. 75 on the University's financial statements.

In January 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14*, effective for the University's fiscal year beginning July 1, 2016. This Statement amends the blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The University has not yet determined the impact of GASB Statement No. 80 on the University's financial statements.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*, effective for the University's fiscal year beginning July 1, 2017. This Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this Statement requires

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This Statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period. The University has not yet determined the impact of GASB Statement No. 81 on the University's financial statements.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73*, effective for the University's fiscal year beginning July 1, 2016. This Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee contribution requirements. The University has not yet determined the impact of GASB Statement No. 82 on the University's financial statements.

(d) *Classification of Current and Noncurrent Assets (Other than Investments) and Liabilities*

The University considers assets to be current that can reasonably be expected, as part of its normal business operations, to be converted to cash and be available for liquidation of current liabilities within 12 months of the Statement of Net Position date. Liabilities that reasonably can be expected, as part of normal University business operations, to be liquidated within 12 months of the Statement of Net Position date are considered to be current. All other assets and liabilities are considered noncurrent. For classification of current and noncurrent investments, refer to note 2(f).

(e) *Cash and Cash Equivalents and Statement of Cash Flows*

The University considers highly liquid investments with an original maturity date of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents. The University considers amounts included in the California State University (CSU) Consolidated Investment Pool to be investments. The Statement of Cash Flows does not include the cash flows of the discretely presented component units. Certain discretely presented component units are also participants in the CSU Consolidated Investment Pool. The University considers changes in the equity in the CSU Consolidated Investment Pool as investing cash flows of the University in the accompanying Statement of Cash Flows.

(f) *Investments*

Investments are reflected at fair value using quoted market prices. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position as a component of net investment income.

Investments that are used for current operations are classified as short-term investments. Investments that are restricted from withdrawal or use for other than current operations, designated or restricted for the acquisition or construction of noncurrent assets, designated or restricted for the liquidation of the noncurrent portion of long-term debt, and restricted as to the liquidity of the investments are classified as other long-term investments.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

The University invests in the Surplus Money Investment Fund (SMIF), an external investment pool. The State Treasurer invests the SMIF funds through the Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA). PMIA policy sets as primary investment objectives safety, liquidity, and yield. The Investment Division of the State Treasurer's Office manages the PMIA under statutory authority granted by California Government Code Sections 16430 and 16480.4. The Pooled Money Investment Board (Board) governs the PMIA. The State Treasurer chairs the Board, which also includes the State Controller and the State Director of Finance.

(g) *Accounts Receivable*

The University maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts for estimated losses inherent in its accounts receivable based on type of receivables and expectations of repayment. In establishing the required allowance, management considers one or more of the following: type of receivable, state guidelines, historical losses adjusted to take into account current market conditions, the amount of receivable in dispute, the current receivable aging, and current payment patterns. The University reviews its allowance for doubtful accounts annually. Past-due balances over 90 days and over a specified amount are reviewed individually for collectibility.

(h) *Capital Assets*

Capital assets are stated at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased, or, if donated, at estimated acquisition value (an entry price) at date of donation. Capital assets, including infrastructure and intangible assets, with an original value of \$5,000 or more and with a useful life of one year or more, are capitalized. Such cost includes, where applicable, interest capitalized as part of the cost of constructed capital assets. Title to all University assets, whether purchased, constructed, or donated, is held by the State. Although title is not with the University for land and buildings, the University has exclusive use of these assets and is responsible for the maintenance of these assets and thus has recorded the cost of these assets in the accompanying financial statements. Capital assets, with the exception of land and land improvements, works of art and historical treasures, construction work in progress, and certain intangible assets, are depreciated or amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, which ranges from 3 to 45 years. Library books, unless considered rare collections, are capitalized and depreciated over a 10-year period. Periodicals and subscriptions are expensed as purchased. Works of art and historical treasures are valued at cost, if purchased, or the acquisition value (an entry price) at the date of donation, if contributed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its life are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation and amortization expense is shown separately in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position rather than being allocated among other categories of operating expenses.

(i) *Unearned Revenue*

Unearned revenue consists primarily of fees collected in advance for summer and fall terms and continuing education programs.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

(j) *Compensated Absences*

Compensated absences are recognized when the right to receive the compensation is earned by the employees. Vacation is accrued on a monthly basis. The University uses an employee's current pay rate as of July 1, 2016 to calculate the liability for accrued compensated absences. The University provides vacation based on length of service and job classifications.

(k) *Grants Refundable*

The University periodically receives contributions from the federal government in support of its operation of the Federal Perkins and Nursing Loan programs, both Title IV Loan programs. The federal government has the ability to terminate its support of these programs at any time and to request that the University return those contributions on a cumulative basis. Accordingly, the federal contributions received and retained by the University at year-end are considered liabilities of the University and are reflected as such in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. During the year ending June 30, 2016, the Federal Perkins Loan program expired.

(l) *Claims Liability for Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses*

The claims liability for losses and loss adjustment expenses included in the aggregate discretely presented component units column of the financial statements includes California State University Risk Management Authority's (CSURMA) estimated ultimate cost of settling claims relating to events that have occurred on or before June 30, 2016. The liability includes the estimated amount that will be required for future payments of claims that have been reported and claims related to events that have occurred but have not been reported. The liability is also reduced by estimated amounts recoverable from the reinsurance that is related to the liabilities for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses. The liability is estimated through an actuarial calculation using individual case basis valuations and statistical analyses. The liability is not discounted.

Claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency, and other economic and social factors. Adjustments to claim liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

In the estimate of the unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses, CSURMA and its consulting actuary have employed methods and assumptions they considered reasonable and appropriate given the information currently available. Given the inherent uncertainty in the nature of such estimates, future losses may deviate from those estimates.

(m) *Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources*

The University classifies losses on debt refundings as deferred outflows of resources and amortizes it as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter.

Changes in net pension liability not included in pension expense are reported as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows and

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

inflows of resources related to differences between expected and actual experience and related to change in the University's proportionate share of pensionable compensation made subsequent to the measurement date are amortized over a closed period equal to the average employees' remaining service lives. The deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

(n) Net Position

The University's net position is classified into the following categories:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any related deferred outflows of resources.
- Restricted:
 - Nonexpendable: Net position subject to externally imposed conditions that the University retains in perpetuity. Net position in this category consists of endowments held by the University or its related discretely presented component units.
 - Expendable: Net position subject to externally imposed conditions that can be fulfilled by the actions of the University or by the passage of time.
- Unrestricted: All other categories of net position. In addition, unrestricted net position may have legislative or bond indenture requirements associated with their use or may be designated for use by management of the University. These requirements limit the area of operations for which expenditures of net position may be made and require that unrestricted net position be designated to support future operations in these areas. University housing programs are a primary example of operations that have unrestricted net position with designated uses.

(o) Classification of Revenues and Expenses

The University considers operating revenues and expenses in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position to be those revenues and expenses that result from exchange transactions and from other activities that are connected directly to the University's primary functions. Exchange transactions include charges for services rendered and the acquisition of goods and services. Certain other transactions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses in accordance with GASB Statement No. 35. These nonoperating activities include the University's capital and noncapital appropriations from the State, financial aid, net investment income, noncapital gifts, interest expense, and capital grants and gifts.

The State appropriates funds to the University on an annual basis. The appropriations are, in turn, allocated among the campuses by the Office of the Chancellor. Appropriations are recognized as revenue in general when authorization is received and are reported as either noncapital appropriations when used to support general operations or capital appropriations when used for capital projects.

Student tuition and fees revenue, and sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, including revenues from student housing programs, are presented net of scholarships and fellowships applied to student

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

accounts. Certain other scholarship amounts are paid directly to, or refunded to, the student and are reflected as operating expenses.

(p) Other Postemployment Benefits Obligations

The University's other postemployment benefits obligations included in the accompanying financial statements reflects the University's estimated funding liability of the State administered and sponsored plan as of the fiscal year ended. The State's actuary has employed methods and assumptions considered reasonable and appropriate given the information currently available. Given the inherent uncertainty in the nature of such estimates, future amounts may deviate from those estimates.

(q) Net Pension Liability

The University records pension liability equal to the net pension liability for its cost sharing defined-benefit plans with the State of California's Miscellaneous Plan and Peace Officers and Firefighters Plan (Agent Multiple-Employer Defined-Benefit Pension Plans). The net pension liability is measured as the University's proportionate share of the State's total pension liability, less the University's proportionate share of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The fiduciary net position and changes in net position of the cost sharing defined-benefit plans has been measured consistent with the accounting policies used by the plans.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plan, and additions to/deductions from the pension plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

(r) Grant Revenues and Expenses

The University records grant revenue when all applicable grant eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded as expenditures are incurred. Expenditure-driven grant revenue is recorded as the expenditures are incurred, in amounts equal to the expenditures.

(s) Internal Services Activities

Certain institutional internal service providers offer goods and services to University departments, as well as to their external customers. These include activities such as copy centers, postal services, and telecommunications. All internal service activities to University departments have been eliminated in the accompanying financial statements. These eliminations are recorded by removing the revenue and expense in the internal service sales and service units and, if significant, allocating any residual balances to those departments receiving the goods and services during the fiscal year.

(t) Income Taxes

The University is an agency of the State and is treated as a governmental entity for tax purposes. As such, the University is generally not subject to federal or state income taxes pursuant to Internal Revenue Code (IRC) §115. The component units are either governmental entities exempt pursuant to

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

IRC §115 or not-for-profit organizations exempt under IRC Section 501(c)(3). However, the University and its component units remain subject to income taxes on any net income that is derived from a trade or business, regularly carried on and not in furtherance of the purpose for which it was granted exemption. No income tax provision has been recorded. If there is net income from any unrelated trade or business, such provision, in the opinion of management, is not material to the financial statements taken as a whole.

(u) Eliminations

All significant nonexchange transactions between the University and the discretely presented component units have been eliminated from the total column and are separately presented in the eliminations column in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

(v) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the accompanying financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(3) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The University's cash, cash equivalents, and investments as of June 30, 2016 are classified in the accompanying Statement of Net Position as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,107,000
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	81,000
	<hr/>
Total cash and cash equivalents	9,188,000
	<hr/>
Short-term investments	3,174,573,000
Endowment investments	8,653,000
Other long-term investments	891,399,000
	<hr/>
Total investments	4,074,625,000
	<hr/>
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 4,083,813,000
	<hr/> <hr/>

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2016, cash and cash equivalents consist of demand deposits held at the State Treasury, commercial banks, and petty cash. Total cash and cash equivalents of \$9,188,000 had a corresponding carrying balance with the State Treasury and commercial banks of \$14,395,000 at June 30, 2016. The difference was primarily related to deposits in transit and outstanding checks.

Cash in demand deposit accounts is minimized by sweeping available cash balances into the CSU Consolidated Investment Pool on a daily basis.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of the custodian, the deposits may not be returned to the University. The University deposits are maintained at financial institution that are Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) secured. As a result, custodial credit risk for deposits is remote.

(b) Investments

At June 30, 2016, the University's investment portfolio consists primarily of investments in the CSU Consolidated Investment Pool and SMIF. Separate accounting is maintained as to the amounts allocable to the various University funds and programs.

Investment Policy

State law and regulations require that surplus monies of the University must be invested. The primary objective of the University's investment policy is to safeguard the principal. The secondary objective is to meet the liquidity needs of the University. The third objective is to return an acceptable yield.

The University's investment policy authorizes funds held in local trust accounts under Education Code Sections 89721 and 89724 to be invested in any of the securities authorized by Government Code Section 16430 and Education Code Section 89724, subject to certain limitations. In general, the University's investment policy permits investments in obligations of the Federal and California state governments, certificates of deposit, high-quality domestic corporate and fixed income securities, and certain other investment instruments.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that fluctuations in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The University's investment guidelines manage its interest rate risk by limiting an eligible investment to maximum effective maturity and by limiting the average duration of the portfolio. The effective maturity date reflects a bond with embedded options such as a call, put or reset date, and prepayment speed resulting in the maturity of a bond being less than the final maturity date. Duration is a measure of the sensitivity of the price of an investment relative to fluctuations in market interest rates. Durations of the University's investment portfolio for each investment type, except for SMIF in which weighted average life is used, as of June 30, 2016 are presented in the following table.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Duration</u>
Money market funds	\$ 27,192,000	—
Repurchase agreements	19,774,000	0.00272
Certificates of deposit	261,896,000	0.22407
U.S. agency securities	1,096,461,000	1.35711
U.S. Treasury securities	756,276,000	1.76091
Municipal bonds	34,913,000	0.13505
Corporate bonds	1,030,765,000	1.12292
Asset-backed securities	211,887,000	1.00332
Mortgage-backed securities	689,000	1.16662
Commercial paper	9,714,000	0.32250
SMIF	625,058,000	0.45753
Total	<u>\$ 4,074,625,000</u>	

Another way the University manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of short-term and long-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or nearing maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

By law, the University invests in low credit risk securities such as: U.S. government securities, securities of federally sponsored agencies, highly rated domestic corporate bonds, prime-rated commercial paper, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, banker's acceptance, and negotiable certificates of deposit. Therefore, the occurrence of credit risk is remote. Ratings of the University's investment portfolio for each investment type as of June 30, 2016 are presented in the following table.

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Rating as of year-end</u>			
		<u>AAA</u>	<u>AA</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>Not rated</u>
Money market funds	\$ 27,192,000	11,102,000	103,000	2,871,000	13,116,000
Repurchase agreements	19,774,000	—	—	4,755,000	15,019,000
Certificates of deposit	261,896,000	—	34,117,000	227,779,000	—
U.S. agency securities	1,096,461,000	—	1,063,806,000	32,655,000	—
U.S. Treasury securities	756,276,000	—	—	—	756,276,000
Municipal bonds	34,913,000	—	34,913,000	—	—
Corporate bonds	1,030,765,000	2,521,000	225,096,000	803,148,000	—
Asset-backed securities	211,887,000	211,887,000	—	—	—
Mortgage-backed securities	689,000	—	689,000	—	—
Commercial paper	9,714,000	—	—	9,714,000	—
SMIF	625,058,000	—	—	—	625,058,000
Total	<u>\$ 4,074,625,000</u>	<u>225,510,000</u>	<u>1,358,724,000</u>	<u>1,080,922,000</u>	<u>1,409,469,000</u>

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

By law, the SMIF only invests in: U.S. government securities, securities of federally sponsored agencies, domestic corporate bonds, interest-bearing time deposits in California banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions, prime-rated commercial paper, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, security loans, banker's acceptances, negotiable certificates of deposit, and loans to various bond funds.

Concentration Risk

Concentration risk rises as investments become concentrated relative to a portfolio characteristic such as issuance, issuer, market sector, counterparty, or sovereign nation and is best mitigated by diversification. The University's investment policy has concentration limits that provide sufficient diversification. As such, the concentration risk is remote.

As of June 30, 2016, the following investments (excluding U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) represented 5% or more of the University's investment portfolio: Federal Home Loan Banks (\$339,466,000 or 9.84%), Federal National Mortgage Association, Inc. (\$267,152,000 or 7.74%), Federal Farm Credit Banks Funding Corporation (\$248,519,000 or 7.20%), and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (\$241,733,000 or 7.01%).

Risk and Uncertainties

The University may invest in various types of investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that the changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position.

The University, through the CSU Consolidated Investment Pool, invests in securities with contractual cash flows, such as asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities. The value, liquidity, and related income of these securities are sensitive to changes in economic conditions, including real estate values, delinquencies or defaults, or both, and may be adversely affected by shifts in the market's perception of the issuers and changes in interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the custodian, the investments may not be returned to the University. Substantially all of the University's securities are registered in the University's name by the custodial bank as an agent for the University. As a result, custodial credit risk for such investments is remote.

Fair Value Measurements

The University uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine the fair value disclosures. The fair value of a financial instrument is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is best determined based upon quoted market prices. However, in certain instances, where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

significantly affected by the assumptions used, including discount rates and estimates of future cash flows. Accordingly, the fair value estimates may not be realized in an immediate settlement of the instrument. The University groups its assets and liabilities measured at fair value in three levels, based on markets in which the asset and liabilities are traded and the reliability of the assumptions used to determine fair value. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the University has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset and liability. This valuation is accomplished using management's best estimate of fair value, with inputs into the determination of fair value that require significant management judgment or estimation. The level in the fair value hierarchy with which a fair measurement in its entirety falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

The following table presents investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2016:

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>
Money market funds	\$ 27,192,000	27,192,000	—
Repurchase agreements	19,774,000	—	19,774,000
Certificates of deposit	261,896,000	—	261,896,000
U.S. agency securities	1,096,461,000	—	1,096,461,000
U.S. Treasury securities	756,276,000	756,276,000	—
Municipal bonds	34,913,000	—	34,913,000
Corporate bonds	1,030,765,000	—	1,030,765,000
Asset-backed securities	211,887,000	—	211,887,000
Mortgage-backed securities	689,000	—	689,000
Commercial paper	9,714,000	—	9,714,000
	<u>3,449,567,000</u>	<u>783,468,000</u>	<u>2,666,099,000</u>
SMIF	<u>625,058,000</u>		
Total	<u>\$ 4,074,625,000</u>		

The following discussions describe the valuation methodologies used for financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value. The techniques utilized in estimating the fair value are affected by the assumptions used.

Securities such as asset-backed, mortgaged-backed, U.S. agency and U.S. Treasury are valued at the last sale price on the last business day of the current fiscal year, as quoted on a recognized exchange or an industry standard pricing, when available. Securities for which no sale was reported as of the close of the last business day of the current fiscal year are valued at the quoted bid price provided by the University's external investment managers or their custodians.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

For investments that include money market funds, municipal bonds, repurchase agreements, and corporate bonds, the carrying value is similarly calculated using valuations that include observable market quoted prices. However, observable inputs other than quoted prices such as price services or indexes, estimates, appraisals, assumptions, and other methods that are reviewed by management. Change in market conditions and economic environments may impact the net asset value of the funds and consequently the fair value of the University's interests in the funds.

Securities such as certificates of deposit and commercial paper with short maturities and infrequent secondary market trades are typically priced via mathematical calculations.

There were no assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during fiscal year 2016.

Discretely Presented Component Units' Investments

Investments of the discretely presented component units at fair value consisted of the following at June 30, 2016:

	<u>Current</u>	<u>Noncurrent</u>	<u>Total</u>
Money market funds	\$ 27,147,000	4,694,000	31,841,000
Repurchase agreements	524,000	7,000	531,000
Certificates of deposit	22,894,000	35,693,000	58,587,000
U.S. agency securities	38,881,000	21,129,000	60,010,000
U.S. Treasury securities	29,586,000	104,336,000	133,922,000
Municipal bonds	1,127,000	5,114,000	6,241,000
Corporate bonds	61,227,000	87,148,000	148,375,000
Asset-backed securities	5,686,000	10,160,000	15,846,000
Mortgage-backed securities	2,127,000	14,260,000	16,387,000
Commercial paper	257,000	3,000	260,000
State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	175,390,000	5,555,000	180,945,000
State of California Surplus Money Investment Fund (SMIF)	1,000	—	1,000
Mutual funds	214,433,000	924,070,000	1,138,503,000
Exchange traded funds	7,644,000	52,672,000	60,316,000
Equity securities	55,707,000	277,129,000	332,836,000
Alternative investments:			
Private equity (including limited partnerships)	7,835,000	49,042,000	56,877,000
Hedge funds	2,584,000	56,220,000	58,804,000
Real estate investments (including Real Estate Investment Trust)	1,811,000	32,457,000	34,268,000
Commodities	479,000	10,615,000	11,094,000
Other alternative investments	2,312,000	24,741,000	27,053,000
Other external investment pools	92,000	19,791,000	19,883,000
Other investments	92,000	36,714,000	36,806,000
	<u>\$ 657,836,000</u>	<u>1,771,550,000</u>	<u>2,429,386,000</u>

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

The following table presents investments of the discretely presented component units that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2016:

	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Net Asset Value (NAV)</u>
Money market funds	\$ 31,841,000	29,265,000	2,512,000	—	64,000
Repurchase agreements	531,000	19,000	512,000	—	—
Certificates of deposit	58,587,000	26,385,000	32,202,000	—	—
U.S. agency securities	60,010,000	4,302,000	55,708,000	—	—
U.S. Treasury securities	133,922,000	125,935,000	7,987,000	—	—
Municipal bonds	6,241,000	756,000	5,485,000	—	—
Corporate bonds	148,375,000	80,028,000	68,345,000	2,000	—
Asset-backed securities	15,846,000	314,000	15,532,000	—	—
Mortgage-backed securities	16,387,000	6,367,000	10,020,000	—	—
Commercial paper	260,000	8,000	252,000	—	—
Mutual funds	1,138,503,000	1,065,404,000	73,099,000	—	—
Exchange traded funds	60,316,000	60,316,000	—	—	—
Equity securities	332,836,000	317,053,000	12,791,000	821,000	2,171,000
Alternative investments:					
Private equity (including limited partnerships)	56,877,000	3,318,000	453,000	41,705,000	11,401,000
Hedge funds	58,804,000	—	10,914,000	15,993,000	31,897,000
Real estate investments (including Real Estate Investment Trust)	34,268,000	7,887,000	1,397,000	24,984,000	—
Commodities	11,094,000	4,531,000	—	6,563,000	—
Other alternative investments	27,053,000	19,503,000	500,000	2,175,000	4,875,000
Other external investment pools	19,883,000	92,000	4,435,000	15,356,000	—
Other investments	36,806,000	30,964,000	1,594,000	4,229,000	19,000
	<u>2,248,440,000</u>	<u>1,782,447,000</u>	<u>303,738,000</u>	<u>111,828,000</u>	<u>50,427,000</u>
LAIF	180,945,000				
SMIF	<u>1,000</u>				
	<u>\$ 2,429,386,000</u>				

For additional information regarding the investments of the individual discretely presented component units, refer to their separately issued financial statements.

Investments reported by the University of \$54,043,000 are invested under contractual agreements on behalf of the discretely presented component units of the University.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

(4) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable of the University at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	<u>Current</u>	<u>Noncurrent</u>	<u>Total</u>
State appropriations	\$ 4,401,000	29,555,000	33,956,000
State appropriations – SPWB Lease			
Revenue Bond program	—	90,922,000	90,922,000
Discretely presented component units	38,893,000	1,429,000	40,322,000
Student accounts	53,411,000	—	53,411,000
Government grants and contracts	20,596,000	—	20,596,000
Others	43,063,000	5,427,000	48,490,000
	<u>160,364,000</u>	<u>127,333,000</u>	<u>287,697,000</u>
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>(6,733,000)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(6,733,000)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 153,631,000</u>	<u>127,333,000</u>	<u>280,964,000</u>

(5) Capital Lease Receivable

The University has entered into capital lease agreements with certain discretely presented component units using proceeds from issuance of SRB bonds and BANs to lease existing and newly constructed facilities to the discretely presented component units amounting to \$333,710,000. Interest rates range from 1.50% to 5.55%. Lease payments are due twice a year on May 1 and November 1.

Under the lease agreements, payments are due to the University as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30:	
2017	\$ 30,433,000
2018	26,714,000
2019	26,741,000
2020	26,995,000
2021	27,281,000
2022–2026	160,755,000
2027–2031	131,348,000
2032–2036	74,898,000
2037–2041	28,647,000
2042–2046	17,971,000
Total minimum lease payments to be received	<u>551,783,000</u>
Less amounts representing interest	<u>(209,605,000)</u>
Present value of future minimum lease payments to be received	342,178,000
Less current portion	<u>(12,356,000)</u>
Capital lease receivable, net of current portion	<u>\$ 329,822,000</u>

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

(6) Notes Receivable

The University has entered into note agreements with certain discretely presented component units to finance existing and newly constructed facilities for the discretely presented component units amounting to \$290,910,000. Interest rates range from 1.50% to 6.48%. Note payments are due twice a year, on May 1 and November 1.

Under the agreements, payments are due to the University as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30:	
2017	\$ 23,886,000
2018	23,917,000
2019	23,863,000
2020	23,567,000
2021	23,213,000
2022–2026	113,278,000
2027–2031	105,797,000
2032–2036	78,674,000
2037–2041	43,739,000
2042–2046	<u>13,788,000</u>
Total minimum note payments to be received	473,722,000
Less amounts representing interest	<u>(182,215,000)</u>
Present value of future minimum note payments to be received	291,507,000
Less current portion	<u>(9,805,000)</u>
Notes receivable, net of current portion	<u><u>\$ 281,702,000</u></u>

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

(7) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the University for the year ended June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	<u>Beginning balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Ending balance</u>
Nondepreciable/nonamortizable capital assets:					
Land and land improvements	\$ 271,059,000	322,000	(2,560,000)	—	268,821,000
Works of art and historical treasures	33,719,000	5,125,000	(11,000)	—	38,833,000
Construction work in progress	632,139,000	576,999,000	(813,000)	(378,024,000)	830,301,000
Intangible assets	14,053,000	5,786,000	(36,000)	(1,233,000)	18,570,000
Total nondepreciable/ nonamortizable capital assets	<u>950,970,000</u>	<u>588,232,000</u>	<u>(3,420,000)</u>	<u>(379,257,000)</u>	<u>1,156,525,000</u>
Depreciable/amortizable capital assets:					
Buildings and building improvements	10,914,827,000	33,764,000	(1,749,000)	297,318,000	11,244,160,000
Improvements other than buildings	597,691,000	15,323,000	(956,000)	24,421,000	636,479,000
Infrastructure	1,041,706,000	20,623,000	(2,127,000)	50,312,000	1,110,514,000
Personal property:					
Equipment	785,947,000	54,352,000	(31,609,000)	5,603,000	814,293,000
Library books and materials	392,006,000	6,121,000	(4,428,000)	—	393,699,000
Intangible assets	313,400,000	11,742,000	(65,065,000)	1,603,000	261,680,000
Total depreciable/ amortizable capital assets	<u>14,045,577,000</u>	<u>141,925,000</u>	<u>(105,934,000)</u>	<u>379,257,000</u>	<u>14,460,825,000</u>
Total cost	<u>14,996,547,000</u>	<u>730,157,000</u>	<u>(109,354,000)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>15,617,350,000</u>
Less accumulated depreciation/ amortization:					
Buildings and building improvements	(4,863,851,000)	(328,869,000)	1,338,000	—	(5,191,382,000)
Improvements other than buildings	(426,775,000)	(28,977,000)	563,000	—	(455,189,000)
Infrastructure	(444,830,000)	(34,707,000)	2,198,000	—	(477,339,000)
Personal property:					
Equipment	(562,839,000)	(48,569,000)	25,889,000	—	(585,519,000)
Library books and materials	(356,009,000)	(7,744,000)	4,476,000	—	(359,277,000)
Intangible assets	(296,243,000)	(9,053,000)	64,318,000	—	(240,978,000)
Total accumulated depreciation/ amortization	<u>(6,950,547,000)</u>	<u>(457,919,000)</u>	<u>98,782,000</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(7,309,684,000)</u>
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 8,046,000,000</u>	<u>272,238,000</u>	<u>(10,572,000)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>8,307,666,000</u>

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

Capital assets activity of the discretely presented component units of the University for the year ended June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	<u>Beginning balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Ending balance</u>
Nondepreciable/nonamortizable capital assets:					
Land and land improvements	\$ 125,188,000	2,052,000	(935,000)	—	126,305,000
Works of art and historical treasures	9,959,000	343,000	(2,000)	—	10,300,000
Construction work in progress	16,232,000	33,976,000	(11,307,000)	(18,217,000)	20,684,000
Intangible assets	<u>5,098,000</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>5,098,000</u>
Total nondepreciable/ nonamortizable capital assets	<u>156,477,000</u>	<u>36,371,000</u>	<u>(12,244,000)</u>	<u>(18,217,000)</u>	<u>162,387,000</u>
Depreciable/amortizable capital assets:					
Buildings and building improvements	785,994,000	14,042,000	(4,024,000)	7,876,000	803,888,000
Improvements other than buildings	120,888,000	2,584,000	(1,102,000)	6,013,000	128,383,000
Infrastructure	67,573,000	120,000	—	—	67,693,000
Personal property:					
Equipment	197,303,000	18,222,000	(11,900,000)	4,284,000	207,909,000
Intangible assets	<u>9,260,000</u>	<u>128,000</u>	<u>(96,000)</u>	<u>44,000</u>	<u>9,336,000</u>
Total depreciable/ amortizable capital assets	<u>1,181,018,000</u>	<u>35,096,000</u>	<u>(17,122,000)</u>	<u>18,217,000</u>	<u>1,217,209,000</u>
Total cost	<u>1,337,495,000</u>	<u>71,467,000</u>	<u>(29,366,000)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>1,379,596,000</u>
Less accumulated depreciation/ amortization:					
Buildings and building improvements	(292,985,000)	(26,849,000)	838,000	—	(318,996,000)
Improvements other than buildings	(57,751,000)	(8,171,000)	1,310,000	—	(64,612,000)
Infrastructure	(17,445,000)	(1,692,000)	—	—	(19,137,000)
Personal property:					
Equipment	(149,097,000)	(15,027,000)	10,665,000	—	(153,459,000)
Intangible assets	<u>(7,022,000)</u>	<u>(591,000)</u>	<u>92,000</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(7,521,000)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation/ amortization	<u>(524,300,000)</u>	<u>(52,330,000)</u>	<u>12,905,000</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(563,725,000)</u>
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 813,195,000</u>	<u>19,137,000</u>	<u>(16,461,000)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>815,871,000</u>

For additional information regarding the capital assets of the individual discretely presented component units of the University, refer to their separately issued financial statements.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

(8) Lease Obligations

The University is obligated under various capital and operating leases and installment purchase agreements for the acquisition of equipment and facility rentals. A substantial amount of the capital leases are a result of the University's participation with the State in the State Public Works Board (SPWB) Lease Revenue Bond program. The University has participated in this program since 1986 in connection with the construction of campus facilities and related equipment. Current California law permits the SPWB to authorize the sale of bonds to construct certain state facilities if there is a revenue stream that can be pledged to repay the obligations. The process in general is described in brief as follows:

- The University and the State of California Department of Finance agree to the construction of one or more facilities to be funded by SPWB bonds. The projects are approved as part of the University's capital outlay budget.
- The SPWB approves the sale of bonds for the project(s) and the University agrees to execute certain legal documents in connection with the financing, including a site lease to the SPWB, a construction agreement to construct the facility for the SPWB, and a facility lease to lease the completed facility from the SPWB for annual rental payments.
- Prior to the execution of the facility lease, the University receives a short-term loan from the State of California Pooled Money Investment Board to provide working capital for initial phases of the construction and in some cases the entire construction.
- Generally, during the construction phase of the project, the bonds are sold by the SPWB, the construction loan is repaid, and site leases and facility leases are executed requiring semiannual lease payments, beginning upon completion of the facilities, by the Trustees that are used to pay principal and interest on the bonds.
- As part of the annual budget process, the State of California Department of Finance augments the University's operating budget to provide additional funds for the required lease payments.

The capitalized lease obligation related to the SPWB Lease Revenue Bond program amounted to \$207,557,000. The University also enters into capital leases with financial institutions and via commercial paper issued by the California State University Institute (the Institute), a discretely presented component unit of the University.

Overall capital leases consist primarily of leases of campus facilities, but also include certain computer, energy efficiency, and telecommunications equipment. Total assets related to capital leases have a carrying value of \$466,733,000 at June 30, 2016. The leases bear interest at rates ranging from 1.39% to 35.64% and have terms expiring in various years through fiscal year 2041.

Operating leases consist primarily of leases for the use of real property. The University's operating leases expire in various years through fiscal year 2099. The leases can be canceled if the State does not provide adequate funding. Some of these leases are with discretely presented component units for the rental of office space used in the operations of the University. Total operating lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$25,757,000 of which \$13,995,000 was paid to related discretely presented component units.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

Future minimum lease payments under capital and operating leases having remaining terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	<u>Capital leases</u>	<u>Operating leases</u>
Year ending June 30:		
2017	\$ 63,683,000	24,052,000
2018	61,232,000	18,612,000
2019	34,614,000	15,456,000
2020	33,229,000	13,940,000
2021	32,476,000	14,841,000
2022–2026	144,813,000	29,785,000
2027–2031	127,436,000	15,920,000
2032–2036	91,829,000	5,198,000
2037–2041	13,005,000	2,603,000
2042–2046	—	397,000
2047–2051	—	324,000
2052–2056	—	33,000
2057–2061	—	33,000
2062-2099	—	211,000
Total minimum lease payments	602,317,000	\$ <u>141,405,000</u>
Less amount representing interest	<u>(214,744,000)</u>	
Present value of future minimum lease payments	387,573,000	
Unamortized net premium	<u>1,812,000</u>	
Total capitalized lease obligations	389,385,000	
Less current portion	<u>(43,818,000)</u>	
Capitalized lease obligations, net of current portion	<u>\$ 345,567,000</u>	

(9) Long-Term Debt Obligations

(a) State's General Obligation Bond Program

The General Obligation Bond program of the State has provided capital outlay funds for the three segments of California Higher Education through voter-approved bonds. Each of the approved bond programs provides a pool of available funds, which is allocated on a project-by-project basis among the University, the University of California, and the Community Colleges. Financing provided to the University through State's General Obligation Bonds is not allocated to the University by the State. This debt remains the obligation of the State and is funded by state tax revenues. Accordingly, such debt is not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The total General Obligation Bonds carried by the State related to the University projects is approximately \$2,457,142,000 as of June 30, 2016.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

(b) Revenue Bond Program

The State University Revenue Bond Act of 1947, Sections 90010 through 90091 of the Education Code of the State of California (the Bond Act) authorizes the Trustee to issue revenue bonds to finance projects that support the University's educational mission. The University's financing program, referred to as the Systemwide Revenue Bond (SRB) Program, is designed to provide lower cost debt and greater flexibility to finance projects at the University than would be possible if projects were financed separately. Rather than relying on specific pledged revenues to support specific debt obligations, the SRB program pools several sources of revenue as the security for the debt. The University's total outstanding balance of revenue bond indebtedness under the SRB program was \$4,944,168,000 at June 30, 2016.

Under the Bond Act authority, the University has constructed or acquired facilities located at its 23 campuses and the Office of the Chancellor.

In 2014, the State enacted legislation that granted additional capital financing authorities to the University, leading to the SRB program expanding to allow the financing of academic facilities and energy conservation projects. Allowable academic projects include construction and equipping of new and existing academic facilities; infrastructure; deferred maintenance; and refunding of SPWB lease revenue bonds (which funded the construction of certain academic facilities of the University; see note 8, Lease Obligation).

Systemwide Revenue Bonds are not secured by mortgages on the facilities constructed or acquired and therefore the facilities do not act as security for the debt. Revenues pledged under the SRB program include program fees from continuing education, health center facilities, housing, parking, and student union; student tuition fees (effective in fiscal year 2016); and designated auxiliary revenues, net of maintenance and operation expenses before extraordinary items (net income available for debt service), to repay \$5,989,163,000 in Systemwide Revenue Bonds issued through fiscal year 2016.

(c) Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs)

The Trustees have authorized the issuance of BANs to provide short-term financing to the University for certain projects. The BANs are purchased by the Institute with proceeds from the commercial paper issued by the Institute. The BANs are generally issued for periods of up to three years in anticipation of issuing permanent revenue bonds at a future date. State law was amended in fiscal year 2008 to allow BAN maturities to extend beyond three years and the maturity date for the issuance of BANs to be determined by the Trustees. In fiscal year 2010, the Trustees authorized three projects for financing with maturities beyond three years and they will remain in BANs until the debt is retired. BAN interest is variable and changes based upon the cost of the Institute's commercial paper program. The maximum and minimum weighted average interest rates for the year ended June 30, 2016 were 0.18% and 0.05%, respectively. The University's BANs totaled \$4,640,000 at June 30, 2016. The not-to-exceed amounts related to the outstanding amounts totaled \$20,655,000 of which \$1,400,000 has not been issued and \$14,615,000 has been issued and paid back.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

Long-term debt obligations of the University as of June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

Description	Interest rate percentage	Final maturity date	Original issue amount	Amount outstanding
Systemwide Revenue Bonds,				
Housing Series J – K	3.00%	2019/20	\$ 8,558,000	1,398,000
Housing Series L – M	3.00	2020/21	5,510,000	1,130,000
Housing Series N, P & Q	3.00	2021/22	6,695,000	1,615,000
Series 2007A	4.50–5.00	2044/45	245,405,000	153,785,000
Series 2007B	5.27–5.55	2037/38	13,165,000	10,640,000
Series 2007C	5.00	2028/29	63,275,000	43,410,000
Series 2007D	4.00–5.00	2037/38	80,360,000	70,040,000
Series 2008A	3.50–5.00	2039/40	375,160,000	28,645,000
Series 2009A	3.50–5.00	2018/19	454,240,000	28,055,000
Series 2010A	3.00–5.00	2031/32	146,950,000	111,590,000
Series 2010B	5.45–6.48	2041/42	205,145,000	205,145,000
Series 2011A	2.50–5.25	2042/43	429,855,000	380,835,000
Series 2012A	3.00–5.00	2042/43	436,220,000	425,030,000
Series 2012B	2.79–4.17	2036/37	16,700,000	15,620,000
Series 2013A	1.50–5.00	2026/27	308,855,000	296,595,000
Series 2014A	3.00–5.00	2044/45	747,740,000	740,950,000
Series 2015A	2.00–5.00	2047/48	1,032,920,000	1,017,275,000
Series 2015B	0.65–4.41	2035/36	29,305,000	29,305,000
Series 2016A	2.00–5.00	2045/46	1,133,105,000	1,133,105,000
Series 2016B-1	Variable	2047/48	50,000,000	50,000,000
Series 2016B-2	Variable	2049/50	100,000,000	100,000,000
Series 2016B-3	Variable	2051/52	100,000,000	100,000,000
			\$ 5,989,163,000	4,944,168,000
Bond Anticipation Notes	Variable			4,640,000
Others	Various			6,180,000
Total				4,954,988,000
Unamortized net bond premium				506,760,000
Total long-term debt				5,461,748,000
Less current portion				(112,404,000)
Long-term debt, net of current portion				\$ 5,349,344,000

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

Long-term debt principal and interest are payable in the following fiscal years:

Year ending June 30:	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2017	\$ 112,404,000	232,009,000
2018	127,355,000	225,365,000
2019	130,315,000	219,794,000
2020	135,417,000	213,600,000
2021	139,584,000	207,218,000
2022–2026	765,132,000	927,225,000
2027–2031	977,010,000	718,253,000
2032–2036	1,008,660,000	474,346,000
2037–2041	777,130,000	261,879,000
2042–2046	478,875,000	109,119,000
2047–2051	258,691,000	28,189,000
2052–2056	44,415,000	777,000
	<u>\$ 4,954,988,000</u>	<u>3,617,774,000</u>

Long-term debt obligations of the individual discretely presented component units have been issued to purchase or construct facilities for University-related uses. For additional information regarding long-term debt obligations of the individual discretely presented component units, refer to their separately issued financial statements.

(10) Long-Term Debt Refunding

Current Year Refunding

In August 2015, the University issued its SRB Series 2015A (Tax-Exempt) to refund certain maturities of SRB Series 2005A, 2005B, 2005C, and 2007A. In April 2016, the University issued its SRB Series 2016A. The proceeds were used to refund certain maturities of SRB Series 2008A and 2009A.

A portion of the proceeds from the issuance of the SRB Series 2015A and 2016A refunding bonds are in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. The proceeds from the Series 2015A and 2016A refunding bonds were used to purchase U.S. federal, state, and local government securities that were placed in escrow accounts. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are considered sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matured. These transactions will reduce the University's total financing cost by approximately \$210,339,000 over the life of the refunded bonds. The economic gain (difference between net present values of the debt service payments on the old debt and new debt) from these transactions was approximately \$154,344,000. Accordingly, the refunded bonds have been considered defeased and, therefore, removed as a liability from the accompanying financial statements. The total par amount of bonds outstanding as of date of refunding totaled \$1,085,455,000, of which \$766,225,000 is still outstanding as of June 30, 2016.

The University recognized a loss on the debt refunding for SRB Series 2015A and 2016A of \$73,827,000 as of date of refunding. The loss on debt refunding is the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt, together with any unamortized difference from the prior refunding. The loss on debt refunding is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the old debt (or original amortization period

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

remaining in the prior refunding) or the life of the latest refunding debt. The unamortized loss on debt refunding, for SRB Series 2015A and 2016A, included in deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position, amounted to \$73,304,000 as of June 30, 2016.

(11) Long-Term Liabilities Activity

Long-term liabilities activity of the University for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending balance</u>	<u>Current portion</u>
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 231,188,000	144,418,000	(132,244,000)	243,362,000	133,773,000
Capitalized lease obligations (note 8)	1,210,409,000	66,972,000	(887,996,000)	389,385,000	43,818,000
Long-term debt obligations (note 9):					
Systemwide Revenue					
Bonds	3,687,508,000	2,446,780,000	(1,190,120,000)	4,944,168,000	110,345,000
Bond Anticipation Notes	149,285,000	3,595,000	(148,240,000)	4,640,000	400,000
Others	65,988,000	1,506,000	(61,314,000)	6,180,000	1,659,000
	<u>3,902,781,000</u>	<u>2,451,881,000</u>	<u>(1,399,674,000)</u>	<u>4,954,988,000</u>	<u>112,404,000</u>
Unamortized net bond premium	<u>223,491,000</u>	<u>315,276,000</u>	<u>(32,007,000)</u>	<u>506,760,000</u>	<u>—</u>
Total long-term debt obligations	<u>4,126,272,000</u>	<u>2,767,157,000</u>	<u>(1,431,681,000)</u>	<u>5,461,748,000</u>	<u>112,404,000</u>
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 5,567,869,000</u>	<u>2,978,547,000</u>	<u>(2,451,921,000)</u>	<u>6,094,495,000</u>	<u>289,995,000</u>

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

Long-term liabilities activity of the aggregated discretely presented component units of the University for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending balance</u>	<u>Current portion</u>
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 18,361,000	13,853,000	(12,438,000)	19,776,000	14,147,000
Claims liability for losses and loss adjustment expenses	95,115,000	19,066,000	(32,062,000)	82,119,000	24,750,000
Capitalized lease obligations	367,786,000	113,911,000	(120,865,000)	360,832,000	12,490,000
Long-term debt obligations:					
Revenue bonds	39,090,000	—	(16,670,000)	22,420,000	835,000
Commercial paper	154,439,000	18,863,000	(167,338,000)	5,964,000	5,264,000
Notes payable	233,840,000	49,771,000	(49,011,000)	234,600,000	8,400,000
Others	93,530,000	1,190,000	(13,694,000)	81,026,000	4,655,000
	<u>520,899,000</u>	<u>69,824,000</u>	<u>(246,713,000)</u>	<u>344,010,000</u>	<u>19,154,000</u>
Unamortized net bond premium	<u>14,515,000</u>	<u>8,240,000</u>	<u>(904,000)</u>	<u>21,851,000</u>	<u>—</u>
Total long-term debt obligations	<u>535,414,000</u>	<u>78,064,000</u>	<u>(247,617,000)</u>	<u>365,861,000</u>	<u>19,154,000</u>
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 1,016,676,000</u>	<u>224,894,000</u>	<u>(412,982,000)</u>	<u>828,588,000</u>	<u>70,541,000</u>

The University has entered into note agreements with certain discretely presented component units to finance existing and newly constructed facilities, using proceeds from issuance of SRB bonds, for the discretely presented component units amounting to \$234,600,000 included in notes payable and \$56,310,000 in other long-term debt obligations as of June 30, 2016.

The University has also entered into capital lease agreements with certain discretely presented component units using proceeds from issuance of SRB bonds and BANs to lease existing and newly constructed facilities to the discretely presented component units amounting to \$332,332,000 as of June 30, 2016.

For additional information regarding the long-term liabilities of the individual discretely presented component units of the University, refer to their separately issued financial statements.

(12) Pension Plan and Postretirement Benefits

(a) Pension Plan

Plan Description

The University, as an agency of the State, contributes to CalPERS. The State's plan with CalPERS is an agent multiple-employer defined-benefit pension plan and CalPERS functions as an investment and administrative agent for its members. For the University, the plan acts as a cost sharing multiple-employer defined-benefit pension plan, which provides a defined-benefit pension and postretirement program for substantially all eligible University employees. The plan also provides

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

survivor, death, and disability benefits. Eligible employees are covered by the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) for medical benefits.

A full description of the pension plan regarding numbers of employees covered, benefit provision, assumptions, and membership information are listed in the June 30, 2014 Annual Actuarial Valuation Report. Details of the benefits provided can be obtained in Appendix B of the actuarial valuation report.

CalPERS issues a publicly available Actuarial Valuation Report and Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS Actuarial Valuation Report CAFR may be obtained from the California Public Employees' Retirement System Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

Pensionable Compensation

The schedule of pensionable compensation is prepared by the State to provide the total pensionable compensation. This amount was used to calculate the University's proportionate share of pension amounts. The schedule of pensionable compensation and the schedule of pension amounts have the same measurement period of July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015.

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2015, the average active employee contribution rates for State Miscellaneous and Peace Officer and Firefighters Plans are 6.587% and 11.498% of annual pay, respectively. The State's contribution rates for State Miscellaneous and Peace Officer and Firefighters Plans are 24.265% and 36.780% of annual payroll, respectively.

State Miscellaneous Plan members of the University are required to contribute 5.00% of their annual earnings in excess of \$513 per month to CalPERS. Effective January 1, 2013, all new employees that are considered "new members" to CalPERS are required to contribute 50.00% of the normal cost for their category (e.g., State Miscellaneous Plan member is 6.00% of their annual earnings per month to CalPERS). The University is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate for State Miscellaneous is approximately 25.15% of annual covered payroll.

State Peace Officers and Firefighters Plan members of the University are required to contribute 8.00% of their annual earnings in excess of \$238 per month to CalPERS. Effective January 1, 2013, all new employees that are considered "new members" to CalPERS are required to contribute 50.00% of the normal cost for their category (e.g., State Peace Officers and Firefighters Plan members is 11.00% of their annual earnings per month to CalPERS). The University is required to contribute at an actuarially

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

determined rate; the current rate for State Peace Officers and Firefighters Plan is approximately 38.99% of annual covered payroll.

The contribution requirements of the plan members are established and may be amended by CalPERS. The contractual maximum contribution required for the University is determined by the annual CalPERS compensation limit(s), which are based on provisions of Assembly Bill (AB) 340 and the IRC 401 (a) 17 limits.

The University's contributions to CalPERS for the most recent three fiscal years were equal to the required contributions and were as follows:

2014	\$ 493,922,000
2015	602,995,000
2016	659,326,000

Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2016, the University reported a liability of \$6,578,194,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 rolled forward to the measurement date. The University's proportion of the State's net pension liability was calculated based on its proportionate share of pensionable compensation. The State considered this a practical, systematic, and a rational approach. At June 30, 2015, the University's proportionate share of the total State net pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plan and Peace Officers and Firefighters Plan (collectively the Plans) were 22.84970% and 1.07094%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the University recognized pension expense of \$571,952,000, which was reported as benefits expense.

The following table presents deferred outflows and inflows of resources as of June 30, 2016. Deferred outflows of resources are recognized for the University's retirement contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, the difference between expected and actual experience, and changes in the University's proportionate share of pensionable compensation. Net deferred inflows of resources are recognized for the aggregate difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments arising in different measurement periods.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

	<u>Deferred outflows of resources</u>	<u>Deferred inflows of resources</u>
University retirement contribution subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 659,326,000	—
Difference between expected and actual experience	120,339,000	—
Difference due to change in proportionate share	31,667,000	—
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	—	143,167,000
Total	<u>\$ 811,332,000</u>	<u>143,167,000</u>

The \$659,326,000 of deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the University's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2015 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

The deferred outflows of resources due to the change in the University's proportionate share and difference in the expected and actual experience will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Schedule of Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

Measurement period ended June 30:	Initial Differences	Remaining period (Years)	Increase in pension expense arising from the recognition of the differences between expected and actual experience (measurement dates)				
			2016	2017	2018	2019	Total
Miscellaneous Plan: 2015	\$ 158,494,000	3.9	\$ 40,640,000	40,640,000	36,574,000	—	117,854,000
Peace Officers and Firefighters Plan: 2015	\$ 3,091,000	5.1	606,000	606,000	606,000	667,000	2,485,000
Increase in pension expense			<u>\$ 41,246,000</u>	<u>41,246,000</u>	<u>37,180,000</u>	<u>667,000</u>	<u>120,339,000</u>

Schedule of Change in Proportionate Share

Measurement period ended June 30:	Initial differences	Remaining period (Years)	Increase in pension expense arising from the change in proportionate share in pensionable compensation (measurement dates)				
			2016	2017	2018	2019	Total
Miscellaneous Plan: 2015	\$ 34,438,000	3.9	\$ 8,830,000	8,830,000	7,948,000	—	25,608,000
Peace Officers and Firefighters Plan: 2015	\$ 7,537,000	5.1	1,478,000	1,478,000	1,478,000	1,625,000	6,059,000
Increase in pension expense			<u>\$ 10,308,000</u>	<u>10,308,000</u>	<u>9,426,000</u>	<u>1,625,000</u>	<u>31,667,000</u>

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

The deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

Schedule of Differences between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments

Measurement period ended June 30:	Initial differences *	Remaining period (Years)	Increase (decrease) in pension expense arising from the recognition of the differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments (measurement dates)				Total
			2016	2017	2018	2019	
Miscellaneous Plan:							
2014	\$ (1,342,919,000)	4.0	\$ (268,584,000)	(268,584,000)	(268,583,000)	—	(805,751,000)
2015	\$ 831,102,000	5.0	166,220,000	166,220,000	166,220,000	166,222,000	664,882,000
Peace Officers and Firefighters Plan:							
2014	\$ (24,064,000)	4.0	(4,813,000)	(4,813,000)	(4,813,000)	—	(14,439,000)
2015	\$ 15,176,000	5.0	3,035,000	3,035,000	3,035,000	3,036,000	12,141,000
Net increase (decrease) in pension expense			\$ (104,142,000)	(104,142,000)	(104,141,000)	169,258,000	(143,167,000)

* Adjusted for any changes in University's proportionate share

Actuarial Assumptions

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2015 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2014 total pension liability. The June 30, 2014 and 2015 total pension liability were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	7.65%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by entry age and service
Investment rate of return	7.65%, net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for administrative expenses including inflation
Mortality rate of return	Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds
Postretirement benefit increase	Contract cost of living allowance up to 2.75% until purchasing power protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies; 2.75% thereafter

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report (Experience Study).

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality, and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained from CalPERS' website.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65%. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, the plans do not exhaust assets. Therefore, the current 7.65% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.65% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test result is presented in the GASB Crossover Testing Report, which may be obtained from CalPERS' website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for administrative expenses, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short term (first 10 years) and the long term (11–60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short term and long term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the CalPERS's Board of Administration effective on July 1, 2014.

<u>Asset class</u>	<u>Current target allocation</u>	<u>Real return years 1–10¹</u>	<u>Real return years 11+²</u>
Global equity	51.00%	5.25%	5.71%
Global fixed income	19.00	0.99	2.43
Inflation sensitive	6.00	0.45	3.36
Private equity	10.00	6.83	6.95
Real estate	10.00	4.50	5.13
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.00	4.50	5.09
Liquidity	2.00	(0.55)	(1.05)

¹ An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period

² An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the University's proportionate share of net pension liability of the Plans as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.65%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (6.65%) or one-percentage point higher (8.65%) than the current rate:

Plan	Discount rate -1% (6.65%)	Current discount rate (7.65%)	Discount rate +1% (8.65%)
Miscellaneous Plan	\$ 9,114,262,000	6,453,200,000	4,220,570,000
Peace Officers and Firefighters Plan	182,619,000	124,994,000	77,734,000
Net pension liability	\$ 9,296,881,000	6,578,194,000	4,298,304,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The plan fiduciary net position disclosed in the GASB 68 accounting valuation report may differ from the plan assets reported in the funding actuarial valuation report due to several reasons. First, for the accounting valuations, CalPERS must keep items such as deficiency reserves, fiduciary self-insurance, and OPEB expense included as assets. These amounts are excluded for rate setting purposes in your funding actuarial valuation. In addition, differences may result from early CAFR closing and final reconciled reserves.

(b) Postretirement Healthcare Plan

Plan Description

The State provides retiree healthcare benefits to statewide employees, including the University employees, through the programs administered by CalPERS. The State's plan represents a substantive single-employer defined-benefit OPEB Plan, which includes medical and prescription drug benefits (collectively, healthcare benefits) to the retired University employees. The University provides dental benefits to eligible University's retirees. Eligible retirees receive healthcare and dental benefits upon retirement at age 50 with five years of service credit.

For healthcare benefits, CalPERS offers Preferred Provider Organizations (PPOs), Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs), and Exclusive Provider Organizations (EPOs) (limited to members in certain California counties); for dental benefits, a Dental Maintenance Organization (DMO) and dental indemnity plans to the University's retirees. Health plans offered, covered benefits, monthly rates, and copayments are determined by the CalPERS Board, which reviews health plan contracts annually.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

The contribution requirements of retirees and the State are established and may be amended by the State legislature. For healthcare benefits, the State makes a contribution toward the retiree's monthly health premiums, with the retirees covering the difference between the State's contribution and the actual healthcare premium amount. The State contribution is normally established through collective bargaining agreements. No retiree contribution is required for dental benefits.

The State contributes to the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust Fund (CERBTf). The CERBTf is a self-funded trust fund for the prefunding of health, dental, and other nonpension benefits. CalPERS reports on the CERBTf as part of its separately issued annual financial statements, which can be obtained from CalPERS on its website at www.CalPERS.ca.gov.

Funding Policy

For healthcare benefits, responsibility for funding the cost of the employer share of premiums is apportioned between the State and the University based on "billable" and "nonbillable" accounts. Billable accounts have special revenue sources such as fees, licenses, penalties, assessments, and interest, which offset the costs incurred by a State department during the year. The University reimburses the State for retiree's health benefit costs allocated to billable accounts but not for costs allocated to nonbillable accounts. The University is responsible for funding the costs of the billable accounts on a pay-as-you-go basis as part of the statewide general administrative costs charged to the University. The State is responsible for funding the cost of the employer share of healthcare premiums of retirees for all nonbillable accounts.

The University is responsible for paying the cost of dental benefits for all University retirees using funds provided by the State through general fund appropriations. The University makes payments directly to Delta Dental for the retiree's monthly dental premiums. The University is paying these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The following table shows the components of the total annual required contribution (ARC) for the University's allocated portion of the postretirement healthcare plan, the amount contributed to the plan by the University, and changes in the University's net OPEB obligation (NOO) for the fiscal years ended 2016, 2015, and 2014:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Annual required contribution (ARC):			
Billable accounts	\$ 50,349,000	40,931,000	38,942,000
Nonbillable accounts (dental only)	40,862,000	38,765,000	40,057,000
Total ARC	<u>91,211,000</u>	<u>79,696,000</u>	<u>78,999,000</u>
Contributions:			
Billable accounts	(18,665,000)	(16,293,000)	(14,584,000)
Nonbillable accounts (dental only)	(17,103,000)	(17,056,000)	(16,420,000)
Total contributions	<u>(35,768,000)</u>	<u>(33,349,000)</u>	<u>(31,004,000)</u>
Increase in net OPEB obligation (NOO)	55,443,000	46,347,000	47,995,000
NOO – beginning of year	313,360,000	267,013,000	219,018,000
NOO – end of year:			
Billable accounts	183,630,000	151,946,000	127,308,000
Nonbillable accounts (dental only)	185,173,000	161,414,000	139,705,000
Total NOO	<u>\$ 368,803,000</u>	<u>313,360,000</u>	<u>267,013,000</u>
Percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed during the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014	39.21%	41.85%	39.25%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions and Plan Funding Information

As an agency of the State, the University was included in the State's OPEB actuarial study. The analysis of the statewide ARC by accounts is performed by the State Controller's Office (SCO) and a portion related to billable accounts is allocated to the University. Since the ARC allocated by the SCO does not provide a breakdown of the ARC for health and dental benefits separately, the ARC for the nonbillable accounts, which related only to dental benefits, was estimated based on dental contributions as a percentage of the total OPEB contributions.

Projections of benefits for financial statement reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit cost between the State and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are consistent with a long-term perspective. In the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the individual entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.25% investment rate of return, and 4.25% discount rate. Both rates included a 2.75% annual inflation

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

assumption. Annual wage inflation is assumed to be 3.00%. The unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis over a 30-year period.

Funding progress information specifically related to the University's portion of the statewide OPEB plan is not available. For more details about the actuarial methods and assumptions used by the State as well as the statewide plans' funding progress and status, refer to the State of California's CAFR for the fiscal year ended 2016.

(13) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The composition of deferred outflows and inflows of resources at June 30, 2016 is summarized as follows:

	Deferred outflows of resources	Deferred inflows of resources
Related to net pension liability	\$ 811,332,000	143,167,000
Loss on debt refundings:		
Systemwide revenue bonds	110,830,000	—
SPWB capitalized lease obligations	287,000	—
Total	<u>\$ 922,449,000</u>	<u>143,167,000</u>

(14) Claims Liability for Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

The University and certain auxiliary organizations have established the CSURMA, a discretely presented component unit of the University, to centrally manage workers' compensation, general liability, industrial and nonindustrial disability, unemployment insurance coverage, and other risk-related programs. The claims liability included in the discretely presented component unit column reflects the estimated ultimate cost of settling claims related to events that have occurred on or before June 30, 2016. The liability includes estimated amounts that will be required for future payments of claims that have been reported and claims related to events that have occurred but have not yet been reported. The liability is also reduced by estimated amounts recoverable from the reinsurer that are related to the liabilities for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses. The liability is estimated through an actuarial calculation using individual case basis valuations and statistical analyses. Although considerable variability is inherent in such estimates, management believes that the liability is a reasonable estimate at June 30, 2016.

The information of the change in claims liability for losses and loss adjustment expenses may be obtained from the separate financial statements issued for CSURMA.

(15) Commitments and Contingencies

The State is a defendant in multiple lawsuits involving University matters not covered by the CSURMA as discussed in note 14. Management of the University is of the opinion that the liabilities, if any, arising from litigation will not have a material effect on the financial position of the University.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

Federal grant programs are subject to review by the grantor agencies, which could result in requests for reimbursement to grantor agencies for disallowed expenditures. Management believes that it has adhered to the terms of its grants and that any disallowed expenditures resulting from such reviews would not have a material effect on the financial position of the University.

Authorized but unexpended costs for construction projects as of June 30, 2016 totaled \$472,502,000. These expenditures will be funded primarily by State appropriations and bond proceeds.

In order to secure access to natural gas and electricity used for normal operation, the University participates in forward purchase contracts of natural gas and electricity operated by the Department of General Service and Shell Energy North America, respectively. The University's obligation under these special purchase arrangements requires it to purchase an estimated total of \$10,224,000 and \$29,834,000 of natural gas and electricity at fixed prices through June 2018 and December 2019, respectively. The University estimates that the special purchase contracts in place represent approximately 50.27% and 10.42% of its total annual natural gas and electricity expenses, respectively.

(16) Classification of Operating Expenses

The University has elected to report operating expenses by functional classification in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and to provide the natural classification of those expenses as an additional disclosure. For the year ended June 30, 2016, operating expenses by natural classification consisted of the following:

	<u>Salaries</u>	<u>Benefits</u>	<u>Scholarships and fellowships expense</u>	<u>Supplies and other services</u>	<u>Depreciation and amortization</u>	<u>Total operating expenses</u>
Instruction	\$ 1,624,612,000	661,321,000	—	217,631,000	—	2,503,564,000
Research	24,126,000	9,502,000	—	18,063,000	—	51,691,000
Public service	29,142,000	11,323,000	—	16,911,000	—	57,376,000
Academic support	377,311,000	194,332,000	—	191,277,000	—	762,920,000
Student services	396,519,000	193,736,000	—	221,755,000	—	812,010,000
Institutional support	399,312,000	179,138,000	—	217,100,000	—	795,550,000
Operation and maintenance of plant	214,161,000	121,298,000	—	313,159,000	—	648,618,000
Student grants and scholarships	—	—	881,578,000	—	—	881,578,000
Auxiliary enterprise expenses	76,969,000	66,167,000	—	213,894,000	—	357,030,000
Depreciation and amortization	—	—	—	—	457,919,000	457,919,000
Total	<u>\$ 3,142,152,000</u>	<u>1,436,817,000</u>	<u>881,578,000</u>	<u>1,409,790,000</u>	<u>457,919,000</u>	<u>7,328,256,000</u>

(17) Transactions with Related Entities

The University is an agency of the State and receives about 38.19% of total revenues through state appropriations. State appropriations allocated to the University aggregated approximately \$3,033,290,000 for the year ended June 30, 2016. State appropriations receivable is \$124,878,000 at June 30, 2016.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

(18) Subsequent Events

The University issued \$199,221,000 of BANs subsequent to June 30, 2016. These BANs are issued to fund capital projects at various campuses.

In September 2016, the University deposited cash and certain investment securities in an irrevocable escrow with the Treasurer of the State of California, as security for the partial refunding of SRB Series 2007A bonds with par amount of \$70,300,000.

In September 2016, the State Legislature passed SB 1412, which allows the University to invest in mutual funds including equity mutual funds, subject to registration by, and under the regulatory authority of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or in United States registered real estate investment trusts, effective January 1, 2017. Prior to SB 1412, the University is restricted to investing in fixed income securities.

Under SB 1412, the University is required to create an investment advisory committee reporting to the Board of Trustees. The total amount invested under the new authority shall not exceed \$200,000,000 in fiscal year ending June 30, 2017; \$400,000,000 in fiscal year ending June 30, 2018; \$600,000,000 in fiscal year ending June 30, 2019; and in fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, and each fiscal year thereafter, 30.00% of total investments of the University. All earnings from investment under the new authority shall be used only for capital outlay or maintenance, and shall not be used for ongoing operations.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Schedule of University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

*Last Ten Fiscal Years**

State of California Miscellaneous Plan	2016	2015
University's proportion of the net pension liability	22.84970 %	22.72891 %
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,453,200,000	5,411,439,000
University's covered-employee payroll	2,407,821,000	2,209,786,000
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	268.00996 %	244.88521 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.68274 %	74.17418 %
State of California Peace Officers & Firefighters Plan		
University's proportion of the net pension liability	1.07094 %	1.00623 %
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 124,994,000	102,216,000
University's covered-employee payroll	33,341,000	30,160,000
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	374.89140 %	338.91247 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.61241 %	72.18915 %

* The University implemented GASB Statement No. 68 effective July 1, 2014, therefore, no information is available for the measurement periods prior to June 30, 2014.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
 Schedule of Employer Contributions
 Year ended June 30, 2016
 (Unaudited)

*Last Ten Fiscal Years**

State of California Miscellaneous Plan

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 593,632,000	487,992,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(596,100,000)	(490,106,000)
Contribution excess	<u>\$ (2,468,000)</u>	<u>(2,114,000)</u>
University's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,407,821,000	2,209,786,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	24.75682 %	22.17889 %

State of California Peace Officers & Firefighters Plan

Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 11,725,000	9,403,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(12,275,000)	(9,657,000)
Contribution excess	<u>\$ (550,000)</u>	<u>(254,000)</u>
University's covered-employee payroll	\$ 33,341,000	30,160,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	36.81653 %	32.01923 %

* The University implemented GASB Statement No. 68 effective July 1, 2014, therefore, no information is available for the measurement periods prior to June 30, 2014.

Notes to required supplementary information schedule:

Valuation date	Actuarially calculated contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.
Methods and assumption used to determine contribution rates:	
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal in accordance with the requirements of GASB
Amortization method/period	For details, see June 30, 2013 Funding Valuation Report
Asset valuation method	Actuarial Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2013 Funding Valuation Report.
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by entry age and service
Payroll growth	3%
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses; includes inflation.
Retirement age	The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011.
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014 CalPERS experience retirement mortality rates include CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using scale BB published by the Society of Actuaries.
Significant factors affecting contribution rates	For details, see June 30, 2013 Funding Valuation Report

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Systemwide Revenue Bond Program's Net Income Available for Debt Services

Year ended June 30, 2016

Gross revenues:	
Tuition fees	\$ 3,076,532,676
Student housing	451,881,471
Student unions/recreation centers	223,369,642
Parking	117,313,997
Health centers	10,722,889
Extended and continuing education	388,486,999
Auxiliary organization (1)	571,404,651
Other related entity (2)	<u>12,075,156</u>
Total gross revenues	<u>4,851,787,481</u>
Maintenance and operations expenses:	
Academic facilities	144,023,588
Student housing	287,892,582
Student unions/recreation centers	102,292,739
Parking	72,224,778
Health centers	3,710,459
Extended and continuing education	387,553,491
Auxiliary organization (1)	<u>503,833,540</u>
Total maintenance and operations expenses	<u>1,501,531,178</u>
Net income available for debt service	<u>\$ 3,350,256,303</u>
Debt service:	
Systemwide revenue bonds debt	\$ 271,610,145
Designated auxiliary debt	<u>2,023,793</u>
Total debt service	<u>\$ 273,633,938</u>

The purpose of this schedule is to meet bond reporting covenants covering the operations of the projects showing the gross revenues and expenses for the fiscal year.

- (1) Revenue and expenditures shown include 17 auxiliary organizations that have financed with Systemwide Revenue Bonds through a lease or loan and exclude research grant and contract activity and restricted gifts. Gross Revenues under the Indenture are a smaller amount derived from payments under certain leases or loans with the Board of Trustees.
- (2) Includes revenue derived from leases with California State University, Channel Islands Site Authority which are used solely to pay debt service on Systemwide Revenue Bonds; operating expenditures are not paid from Gross Revenues.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
Systemwide Revenue Bond Program's Residence and Dining Halls Operating Data by Campus (1)
Year ended June 30, 2016
(Unaudited)

	Operating & other revenue	Operating expenditures	Excess of revenue over expenditures	Design capacity	Operational capacity (2)	Average number of spaces occupied	% of spaces occupied (3)
CSU, Bakersfield	\$ 5,876,804	4,137,613	1,739,191	512	504	419	83%
CSU, Channel Islands	14,016,130	9,702,903	4,313,227	820	1,389	1,314	95
CSU, Chico	24,072,926	16,174,277	7,898,649	2,222	2,221	2,173	98
CSU, Dominguez Hills	4,647,483	3,223,591	1,423,892	712	679	671	99
CSU, East Bay	12,773,533	8,019,049	4,754,484	1,296	1,645	1,510	92
CSU, Fullerton	28,765,450	14,538,759	14,226,691	1,918	1,904	1,929	101
Humboldt State University	14,422,705	7,668,558	6,754,147	2,047	2,073	2,025	98
CSU, Long Beach	23,731,651	10,422,449	13,309,202	1,826	2,052	2,017	98
CSU, Los Angeles	8,095,807	5,224,339	2,871,468	1,069	1,008	1,002	99
California Maritime Academy	9,112,928	5,820,679	3,292,249	735	735	683	93
CSU, Northridge	24,462,636	11,697,777	12,764,859	3,826	3,260	3,108	95
CSPU, Pomona	22,566,351	10,387,852	12,178,499	2,338	2,338	2,205	94
CSU, Sacramento	19,096,604	14,125,602	4,971,002	1,672	1,692	1,670	99
CSU, San Bernardino	10,703,960	7,081,922	3,622,038	1,529	1,453	1,341	92
San Diego State University	40,733,822	24,799,507	15,934,315	3,510	3,803	3,323	87
San Francisco State University (5)	51,679,646	31,857,847	19,821,799	3,314	3,439	3,475	101
San Jose State University	49,871,524	26,943,575	22,927,949	3,339	3,677	3,651	99
CPSU, San Luis Obispo	51,171,563	26,471,791	24,699,772	6,245	7,375	7,280	99
Sonoma State University	27,639,300	15,772,340	11,866,960	3,146	3,135	2,979	95
CSU, Stanislaus	4,903,349	3,715,708	1,187,641	460	470	455	97
	<u>448,344,172</u>	<u>257,786,138</u>	<u>190,558,034</u>	<u>\$ 42,536</u>	<u>44,852</u>	<u>43,230</u>	<u>96%</u>
Systemwide Offices	—	(3,041,904)	3,041,904				
Interest income	3,537,301	—	3,537,301				
Total	<u>\$ 451,881,473</u>	<u>254,744,234</u>	<u>197,137,239</u>				

Average annual rates per academic year (4)

	Residence Halls			Apartments		
	Single	Double	Suite	Single	Double	Suite
CSU, Bakersfield	\$ 12,225	8,229	—	—	—	—
CSU, Channel Islands	11,090	10,060	—	12,050	10,520	—
CSU, Chico	9,275	7,657	—	9,275	7,657	—
CSU, Dominguez Hills	—	—	—	—	8,424	—
CSU, East Bay	—	—	7,745	9,047	7,342	—
CSU, Fullerton	—	11,238	—	11,970	9,120	—
Humboldt State University	7,304	5,900	—	7,304	5,900	—
CSU, Long Beach	8,650	7,650	—	—	—	—
CSU, Los Angeles	—	—	—	8,181	6,321	—
California Maritime Academy	7,262	5,562	—	—	—	—
CSU, Northridge	—	—	6,036	—	6,259	—
CSPU, Pomona	9,858	8,598	—	—	—	—
CSU, Sacramento	7,346	6,811	—	7,574	—	8,655
CSU, San Bernardino	6,351	5,100	—	8,649	—	8,604
San Diego State University	10,120	8,640	—	10,120	8,640	—
San Francisco State University (5)	—	8,090	—	11,282	10,090	—
San Jose State University	9,035	7,924	—	12,639	10,046	—
CPSU, San Luis Obispo	10,767	7,176	—	8,302	6,311	—
Sonoma State University	8,190	6,282	—	9,690	7,748	—
CSU, Stanislaus	7,121	—	—	7,584	6,347	—
	<u>\$ 8,900</u>	<u>7,661</u>	<u>6,891</u>	<u>9,548</u>	<u>7,909</u>	<u>8,630</u>

- (1) Housing facilities at the Fresno, Monterey Bay and San Marcos campuses are operated by Auxiliary Organizations.
- (2) This column reflects capacity adjusted for increase or decrease in permanent conversions and temporary adjustments.
- (3) % of spaces occupied is based on Operational Capacity. In certain cases, % occupancy by Design Capacity is over 100%.
- (4) This section primarily reflects an average of the more traditional rates to students. Each campus has different rates depending on accommodations such as super doubles, cluster occupancy, etc.
- (5) The operational capacity does not include 551 apartment units that were occupied by students, faculty and staff. The annual rates for the one-bedroom, two-bedroom or three-bedroom units (not bed-spaces) vary between \$1,600 and \$4,250.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
 Systemwide Revenue Bond Program's Rental Fees
 Year ended June 30, 2016
 (Unaudited)

<u>Campus</u>	<u>Student Union</u>	<u>Health Facilities</u>
CSU, Bakersfield	\$ 456	6
CSU, Channel Islands	324	6
CSU, Chico	776	6
CSU, Dominguez Hills	330	6
CSU, East Bay	360	6
CSU, Fresno	228	6
CSU, Fullerton	268	6
Humboldt State University	185	6
CSU, Long Beach	358	6
CSU, Los Angeles	275	6
California Maritime Academy*	n/a	21
CSU, Monterey Bay	200	n/a
CSU, Northridge	536	6
CSPU, Pomona	711	6
CSU, Sacramento	638	33
CSU, San Bernardino	383	40
San Diego State University	474	50
San Francisco State University	164	6
San Jose State University	690	116
CPSU, San Luis Obispo	679	10
CSU, San Marcos	630	50
Sonoma State University	748	32
CSU, Stanislaus	157	17
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Min fee	157	6
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Max fee	\$ 776	116
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

* Campus does not have Student Union

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Systemwide Revenue Bond Program's Statement of Insurance Coverage

Year ended June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

Expiration date	Coverage	Amount	Company	Policy number
July 1, 2016*	CSU Master Property Policy, "All Risk" Building, Equipment, and Rental Income	\$ 1,000,000,000 per occurrence	Alliant Property Insurance Program (APIP)	APIP1516
July 1, 2016*	CSU Master Property Policy, Boiler, and Machinery	100,000,000	Alliant Property Insurance Program (APIP)	APIP1516
July 1, 2016*	Bodily Injury and Property Damage Liability (Primary)	5,000,000	CSURMA	CSURMA-SYST-1516-1
July 1, 2016*	Bodily Injury and Property Damage Liability (Excess)	5,000,000	Ironshore	_000541305
July 1, 2016*	Bodily Injury and Property Damage Liability (Excess)	10,000,000	Allied World Assurance Company (AWAC)	_03057227

* New insurance policies are maintained for the period from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017. These policies provide the same coverage indicated above.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

COMMITTEE ON AUDIT

Single Audit Reports of Federal Funds

Presentation By

Steve Relyea
Executive Vice Chancellor and
Chief Financial Officer

Mary Ek
Assistant Vice Chancellor/Controller
Financial Services

Summary

Federal awards received by the California State University, including student financial aid, are subject to both compliance and internal control audit procedures as required by the Office of Management and Budget Compliance Supplement and the Uniform Guidance.

The CSU Single Audit Reports were issued on December 1, 2016 with an unmodified opinion, and are included as Attachment A to this item.

There were three audit findings identified in the Single Audit Reports. Two findings were related to internal controls over administration of federal financial aid funds at several campuses and one was related to internal controls over eligibility requirements for special education at one campus. The two findings related to administration of financial aid funds were essentially repeat findings from the previous year, but at different campus locations sampled in the current year. Corrective actions are underway and a status update will be provided at a future board meeting.



CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
Single Audit Reports
Year ended June 30, 2016
(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Table of Contents

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	1
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance	3
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	6
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	15
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	16



KPMG LLP
Suite 700
20 Pacifica
Irvine, CA 92618-3391

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

The Board of Trustees
California State University:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the California State University, an agency of the State of California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise California State University's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2016. Our report refers to other auditors who audited 88 of the 90 aggregate discretely presented component units, which statements reflect total assets constituting 95% and total revenues constituting 94% of the aggregate discretely presented component units totals. The reports of the other auditors have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the 88 aggregate discretely presented component units, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The financial statements of 46 discretely presented component units are not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered California State University's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of California State University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of California State University's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether California State University's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the California State University's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the California State University's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KPMG LLP

Orange County, California
December 1, 2016



KPMG LLP
Suite 700
20 Pacifica
Irvine, CA 92618-3391

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Board of Trustees
California State University:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the California State University's (the University) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the University's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The University's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

The University's basic financial statements include the operations of the University's discretely presented component units, which received federal awards totaling \$343,120,000, which is not included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the year ended June 30, 2016. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of these component units because the component units engaged other auditors to perform audits in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the University's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the University's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the University's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the California State University complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2016-001, 2016-002, and 2016-003. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The University's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The University's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance, and accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the University is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the University's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2016-001, 2016-2002, and 2016-003 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

The University's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The University's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance, and accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.



The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the University, an agency of the State of California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2016, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

KPMG LLP

Los Angeles, California
December 1, 2016

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year ended June 30, 2016

Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title	Catalog of federal domestic assistance (CFDA) number	Pass-through entity identifying number	Federal disbursements/ expenditures	Amounts provided to subrecipients
Student Financial Assistance Cluster:				
U.S. Department of Education:				
Direct programs:				
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant	84.007		\$ 13,420,245	—
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033		16,712,861	—
Federal Perkins Loan Program	84.038		97,096,291	—
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063		959,027,030	—
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268		1,493,586,808	—
Teacher Education Assistance for College and Higher Education Grants (TEACH Grants)	84.379		1,951,532	—
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>2,581,794,767</u>	<u>—</u>
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:				
Direct programs:				
Nurse Faculty Loan Program (NFLP)	93.264		21,685	—
Nursing Student Loans	93.364		1,686,103	—
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			<u>1,707,788</u>	<u>—</u>
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster			<u>2,583,502,555</u>	<u>—</u>
Other programs and clusters:				
U.S. Department of Agriculture:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Passed through California Department of Education: Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	04050-SFSP-37	11,730	—
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>11,730</u>	<u>—</u>
Passed through Mid Coast Fire Brigade:				
U.S. Department of Agriculture (not classified elsewhere)	10.UNK	MCFB-073114	3,032	—
Direct program:				
Rural Development, Forestry, and Communities	10.672		1,988	—
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>16,750</u>	<u>—</u>
U.S. Department of Defense:				
Passed through Institute of International Education Inc.:				
		#0054-SFSU-8-SSC-280-PO2 2340-SFSU-14 NSEP-U631073-		
The Language Flagship Grants to Institutions of Higher Education	12.550	SFSU-CHN	364,106	32,094
Total U.S. Department of Defense			<u>364,106</u>	<u>32,094</u>
U.S. Department of the Interior:				
Direct programs:				
U.S. Department of the Interior (not classified elsewhere)	15.UNK		18,155	—
Fish and Wildlife Management Assistance	15.608		3,793	—
Passed through California Office of Historic Preservation:				
Historic Preservation Fund Grants-in-Aid	15.904	C8956509, C8957509	11,107	—
Direct programs:				
Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act	15.922		22,868	—
Cultural Resources Management	15.946		15,185	—
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			<u>71,108</u>	<u>—</u>
U.S. Department of Labor:				
WIA/WIOA Cluster:				
Passed through Imperial County Workforce Development Board: Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Adult Program	17.258	M.O. #55	2,092	—
Total WIA/WIOA Cluster			<u>2,092</u>	<u>—</u>
Direct program:				
Trade Adjustment Assistance Community College and Career Training (TAACCCT) Grants	17.282		937,413	170,731
Passed through Spokane Community College – Air Washington Project:				
Trade Adjustment Assistance Community College and Career Training (TAACCCT) Grants	17.282	AW061515	11,710	—
Subtotal CFDA 17.282			<u>949,123</u>	<u>170,731</u>
Passed through City and County of San Francisco: Workforce Innovation Fund	17.283	N/A	2,900	—
Total U.S. Department of Labor			<u>954,115</u>	<u>170,731</u>
U.S. Department of Transportation:				

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
 Year ended June 30, 2016

Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title	Catalog of federal domestic assistance (CFDA) number	Pass-through entity identifying number	Federal disbursements/ expenditures	Amounts provided to subrecipients
Passed through California Department of Transportation:				
U.S. Department of Transportation (not classified elsewhere)	20.UNK	04A3889, 04A4091 03A2168, 04A4643	\$ 199,874	—
Passed through County of San Diego Sheriff:		NONE, 04A4658, 04A4782		
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated	20.608	528851-3	1,839	—
Direct programs:				
State Maritime Schools	20.806		798,808	—
Ballast Water Treatment Technologies	20.819		61,439	—
Women on the Water (WOW)	20.821		15,000	—
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			1,076,960	—
National Aeronautics and Space Administration:				
Direct program:				
Science	43.001		137,854	—
Passed through Association of Universities for Research in Astronomy, Incorporated:				
Science	43.001	STI-509915	58,279	—
Passed through Stanford University:				
Science	43.001	PY04430-22727-C	262,598	—
Passed through California Institute of Technology:				
Science	43.001	44A-1085525	2,051	—
Passed through The Regents of the University of California:				
Science	43.001	012815	5,744	—
Subtotal CFDA 43.001			466,526	—
Direct Program:				
Education	43.008		19,368	—
Passed through Napa Valley College:				
Education	43.008	SSU16	26,708	—
Subtotal CFDA 43.008			46,076	—
Total National Aeronautics and Space Administration			512,602	—
National Endowment for the Arts:				
Direct program:				
Promotion of the Arts – Grants to Organizations and Individuals	45.024		10,000	—
Total National Endowment for the Arts			10,000	—
National Endowment for the Humanities:				
Direct program:				
Promotion of the Humanities – Division of Preservation and Access	45.149		4,153	—
Total National Endowment for the Humanities			4,153	—
National Science Foundation:				
Direct programs:				
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	47.049		9,968	—
Geosciences	47.050		613	—
Education and Human Resources	47.076		199,952	—
Passed through University Enterprises, Incorporated California State University, Sacramento:				
Education and Human Resources	47.076	HRD-1302873, 520541A HRD-1302873	33,115	—
Subtotal CFDA 47.076			233,067	—
Total National Science Foundation			243,648	—
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency:				
Passed through Environmental Quality Management:				
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (not classified elsewhere)	66.UNK	019624, 020942	113,724	—
Passed through Weston Solutions, Incorporated:				
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (not classified elsewhere)	66.UNK	0091101	4,679	—
Subtotal CFDA 66.UNK			118,403	—
Direct program:				
Regional Wetland Program Development Grants	66.461		321,411	—
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			439,814	—

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
 Year ended June 30, 2016

Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title	Catalog of federal domestic assistance (CFDA) number	Pass-through entity identifying number	Federal disbursements/ expenditures	Amounts provided to subrecipients
U.S. Department of Energy:				
Direct program:				
Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Information Dissemination, Outreach, Training and Technical Analysis/Assistance	81.117		\$ 202,748	—
Total U.S. Department of Energy			<u>202,748</u>	<u>—</u>
U.S. Department of Education, excluding Student Financial Assistance Cluster:				
TRIO Cluster:				
Direct program:				
TRIO – Student Support Services	84.042		1,471,831	—
Passed through The CSU, Chico Research Foundation:				
TRIO – Student Support Services	84.042	P042A100854-15	29,400	—
Passed through California State University, Fresno Foundation:				
TRIO – Student Support Services	84.042	P042A150383, P042A150475	68,810	—
Subtotal CFDA 84.042			<u>1,570,041</u>	<u>—</u>
Direct programs:				
TRIO – Talent Search Program	84.044		474,299	—
TRIO – Upward Bound Program	84.047		1,496,751	—
TRIO – McNair Post-Baccalaureate Achievement	84.217		213,440	—
Total TRIO Cluster			<u>3,754,531</u>	<u>—</u>
Passed through Virginia Commonwealth University:				
Undergraduate International Studies and Foreign Language Programs	84.016	PT108273-SCI04765	8,010	—
Passed through University Enterprises Corporation at California State University San Bernardino:				
Undergraduate International Studies and Foreign Language Programs	84.016	GT-14130	3,356	—
Subtotal CFDA 84.016			<u>11,366</u>	<u>—</u>
Direct program:				
Higher Education-Institutional Aid	84.031		6,202,816	570,481
Passed through Bakersfield College:				
Higher Education-Institutional Aid	84.031	GRA 1994/P031C110073	3,070	—
Passed through California State University, Long Beach Research Foundation:				
Higher Education-Institutional Aid	84.031	SG1391SUP-CO SG1391SUP-CI SG1391SUP-ST	68,364	—
Passed through Santa Barbara City College:				
Higher Education – Institutional Aid	84.031	12131.4070.562000.60	130,667	—
Passed through Ventura County Community College District:				
Higher Education – Institutional Aid	84.031	P0083733	220,600	—
Passed through San Mateo County Community College District:				
Higher Education – Institutional Aid	84.031	P031C1100159	147,978	—
Subtotal CFDA 84.031			<u>6,773,495</u>	<u>570,481</u>
Direct programs:				
TRIO Staff Training Program	84.103		714,695	—
Fund for the Improvement of Postsecondary Education	84.116		85,030	—
Minority Science and Engineering Improvement	84.120		34,003	—
Passed through California Department of Rehabilitation:				
Rehabilitation Services – Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States	84.126	28592	162,942	—
Direct program:				
Rehabilitation Long-Term Training	84.129		342,696	—
Passed through Oxnard School District:				
Magnet Schools Assistance	84.165	13-176	13,206	—
Direct program:				
Special Education – Personnel Development to Improve Services and Results for Children with Disabilities	84.325		1,090,652	52,821
Passed through Commission on Teacher Credentialing:				
Special Education – Personnel Development to Improve Services and Results for Children with Disabilities	84.325	14STC0035	6,253	—
Subtotal CFDA 84.325			<u>1,096,905</u>	<u>52,821</u>

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
 Year ended June 30, 2016

Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title	Catalog of federal domestic assistance (CFDA) number	Pass-through entity identifying number	Federal disbursements/ expenditures	Amounts provided to subrecipients
Direct programs:				
Special Education – Technical Assistance and Dissemination to Improve Services and Results for Children with Disabilities	84.326		\$ 581,396	—
Child Care Access Means Parents in School	84.335		260,673	—
Passed through The California State University, Chico Research Foundation:				
Teacher Quality Partnership Grants	84.336	14-042, 15-034, SUB 12-059	124,083	—
Passed through California State University Dominguez Hills Foundation:				
Transition to Teaching	84.350	SA NO 5857	27,303	—
Direct program:				
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365		170,520	—
Passed through University of California, Santa Cruz:				
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S0183643	92,682	—
Subtotal CFDA 84.365			<u>263,202</u>	<u>—</u>
Passed through Santa Rosa City Schools:				
Mathematics and Science Partnerships	84.366	101	124,773	—
Passed through California Department of Education:				
Supporting Effective Instruction Grant (Formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	15-15196-3064-00	22,133	—
Passed through The Regents of the University of California:				
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	NCLB11-CISP-SONOMA NCLB11-CMP-SONOMA NCLB12-CISP-SONOMA NCLB12-CMP-SONOMA NCLB12-CMP-STANISLAUS NCLB12-CWP-TURLOCK	144,555	—
Passed through National Writing Project:				
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	92-CA10-SEED2012 92-CA10-SEED2016 92-CA10-SEED2016-ILI AM2A 92CA10 SEED2012	34,357	—
Subtotal CFDA 84.367			<u>201,045</u>	<u>—</u>
Passed through California Department of Rehabilitation:				
Promoting Readiness of Minors in Supplemental Security Income	84.418	29505	44,106	—
Total U.S. Department of Education, excluding Student Financial Assistance Cluster			<u>14,615,450</u>	<u>623,302</u>
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:				
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster:				
Passed through California Department of Education:				
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	CCTR-5042	61,506	—
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	CCTR-5042	136,912	—
Total Child Care and Development Fund Cluster			<u>198,418</u>	<u>—</u>
Direct programs:				
Mental Health Research Grants	93.242		91,684	64,825
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services – Projects of Regional and National Significance	93.243		384,657	—
Passed through University of California, San Francisco:				
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services – Projects of Regional and National Significance	93.243	8300SC	14,421	—
Subtotal CFDA 93.243			<u>399,078</u>	<u>—</u>
Passed through University of California, San Francisco:				
Minority Health and Health Disparities Research	93.307	7518SC	8,112	—
Direct program:				
Trans-NIH Research Support	93.310		28,876	7,820
Passed through California Department of Education:				
Head Start	93.600	EHS-CCP	503,381	—
Passed through University of California, Berkeley:				

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year ended June 30, 2016

Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title	Catalog of federal domestic assistance (CFDA) number	Pass-through entity identifying number	Federal disbursements/ expenditures	Amounts provided to subrecipients
Foster Care – Title IV-E	93.658	CDSS Agreement No.15-IA-00850 00008889	\$ 2,002,496	—
Passed through The Regents of the University of California:				
Foster Care – Title IV-E	93.658	15-IA-00850	995,417	—
Subtotal CFDA 93.658			<u>2,997,913</u>	<u>—</u>
Passed through County of Sonoma:				
PPHF: Community Transformation Grants – Small Communities Program financed solely by Public Prevention and Health Funds	93.737	2013-0159-A00	2,609	—
Direct program:				
Biomedical Research and Research Training	93.859		1,738,549	—
Passed through AIDS United:				
HIV Prevention Activities – Non-Governmental Organization Based	93.939	880-20172, 1U65PS004409-01	97,555	—
Passed through The Regents of the University of California, Los Angeles:				
PPHF Geriatric Education Centers	93.969	1558 G NA589	306	—
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			<u>6,066,481</u>	<u>72,645</u>
Corporation for National and Community Service:				
Direct programs:				
Learn and Serve America Higher Education	94.005		80,956	—
AmeriCorps	94.006		69,335	—
Passed through Jumpstart for Young Children:				
AmeriCorps	94.006	CFDA-94.006-JS-SITE#10, N/A	15,671	—
Subtotal CFDA 94.006			<u>85,006</u>	<u>—</u>
Direct program:				
Volunteers in Service to America	94.013		10,307	—
Total Corporation for National and Community Service			<u>176,269</u>	<u>—</u>
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:				
Passed through County of San Diego Sheriff:				
Homeland Security Preparedness Technical Assistance Program	97.007	2011-1077	103,078	—
Passed through Department of Parks and Recreation, Division of Boating and Waterways:				
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	C8956314, 11-201-014	16,643	—
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			<u>119,721</u>	<u>—</u>
Research and Development Cluster:				
U.S. Department of Agriculture:				
Passed through The CSU, Chico Research Foundation:				
U.S. Department of Agriculture (not classified elsewhere)	10.UNK	SUB-14-001	18,068	—
Passed through California Department of Education:				
Agricultural Research – Basic and Applied Research	10.001	59-6201-4-020 and 68-6201-1-039	212	—
Direct program:				
Capacity Building for Non-Land Grant Colleges of Agriculture (NLGCA)	10.326		22,616	3,288
Passed through University of California, Santa Barbara:				
Forestry Research	10.652	KK1339	10,733	—
Direct program:				
Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.664		106,292	—
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>157,921</u>	<u>3,288</u>
U.S. Department of Commerce:				
Passed through Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute:				
Integrated Ocean Observing System (IOOS)	11.012	NA11NOS0120032	139,903	—
Passed through The Regents of the University of California:				
Sea Grant Support	11.417	71780057	24,092	—
Passed through California Coastal Commission:				
Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards	11.419	RD	1,737	—
Direct program:				
Coastal Zone Management Estuarine Research Reserves	11.420		586,070	—
Passed through Merkel & Associates Incorporated:				
Coastal Zone Management Estuarine Research Reserves	11.420	GS-10F-0060T/ AB-133F-14NC-1535	61,175	—
Subtotal CFDA 11.420			<u>647,245</u>	<u>—</u>

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
 Year ended June 30, 2016

Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title	Catalog of federal domestic assistance (CFDA) number	Pass-through entity identifying number	Federal disbursements/ expenditures	Amounts provided to subrecipients
Direct program: Marine Sanctuary Program	11.429		\$ 57,609	—
Passed through Merkel & Associates Incorporated:				
Habitat Conservation	11.463	GS-10F-0060T/ AB-133F-14NC-0346	15,984	—
Total U.S. Department of Commerce			886,570	—
U.S. Department of Defense:				
Passed through George Mason University: Department of Defense (not classified elsewhere)	12.UNK	E203705-1	49,502	—
Direct programs:				
Flood Control Projects	12.106		37,704	—
Basic and Applied Scientific Research	12.300		107,880	—
Passed through National Marine Mammal Foundation: Basic and Applied Scientific Research	12.300	SSU-2773	15,437	—
Subtotal CFDA 12.300			123,317	—
Direct program: Basic, Applied, and Advanced Research in Science and Engineering	12.630		61,427	—
Passed through Army Research Office: Basic, Applied, and Advanced Research in Science and Engineering	12.630	W911NF – 15 -1-0033	124,620	—
Subtotal CFDA 12.630			186,047	—
Direct program: Air Force Defense Research Sciences Program	12.800		66,849	—
Total U.S. Department of Defense			463,419	—
U.S. Department of the Interior:				
Direct programs:				
Forest Plan Revision Collaboration for Northwest and Northern / Central Sierra Forrest	15.UNK		2,417	—
Fish, Wildlife and Plant Conservation Resource Management	15.231		58,176	—
Challenge Cost Share	15.238		4,586	—
Central Valley Improvement Act, Title XXXIV	15.512		49,148	6,000
Fish and Wildlife Management Assistance	15.608		20,532	—
Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation Fund	15.615		70,179	47,631
Central Valley Improvement (CVI) Anadromous Fish Restoration Program (AFR)	15.648		20,016	17,928
Research Grants (Generic)	15.650		58,809	—
Earthquake Hazards Reduction Program	15.807		57,227	—
U.S. Geological Survey-Research and Data Collection	15.808		67,496	—
Passed through California Office of Historic Preservation: Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid	15.904	C1410019, C8957510	30,788	—
Direct program: Cooperative Research and Training Programs – Resources of the National Park System	15.945		19,806	—
Direct program: National Park Service Conservation, Protection, Outreach, and Education	15.954		16,956	—
Passed through Santa Monica Mountains Fund: National Park Service Conservation, Protection, Outreach, and Education	15.954	103114	4,227	—
Subtotal CFDA 15.954			21,183	—
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			480,363	71,559
National Aeronautics and Space Administration:				
Direct program: Science	43.001		199,664	—
Passed through Los Gatos Research: Science	43.001	SFSU-1	1,334	—
Passed through Oregon State University: Science	43.001	NS251A-A	209,059	—
Passed through Arizona State University, Tempe: Science	43.001	15-718	42,931	—

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
 Year ended June 30, 2016

Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title	Catalog of federal domestic assistance (CFDA) number	Pass-through entity identifying number	Federal disbursements/ expenditures	Amounts provided to subrecipients
Passed through Space Telescope Science Institute:				
Science	43.001	HST-GO-12950.03-A HST-GO-13297.07-A	\$ 1,674	—
Subtotal CFDA 43.001			454,662	—
Passed through San Jose State University Research Foundation:				
Aeronautics	43.002	21-1614-4877-SFSU 21-1614-4877-SFSU2015	93,316	—
Passed through Georgia Institute of Technology:				
Exploration	43.003	RD224-G1	34,352	—
Total National Aeronautics and Space Administration			582,330	—
National Science Foundation:				
Direct programs:				
Engineering Grants	47.041		252,591	—
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	47.049		601,359	36,655
Passed through American Physical Society:				
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	47.049	APS090114	7,786	—
Subtotal CFDA 47.049			609,145	36,655
Direct program:				
Geosciences	47.050		778,258	48,476
Passed through Consortium for Ocean Leadership:				
Geosciences	47.050	BA-120	32,343	—
Passed through The Regents of the University of California:				
Geosciences	47.050	S0184227	12,465	—
Passed through Sonoma State University:				
Geosciences	47.050	1061530	1,505	—
Subtotal CFDA 47.050			824,571	48,476
Direct programs:				
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	47.070		71,316	—
Biological Sciences	47.074		1,119,942	—
Passed through University of California, Berkeley:				
Biological Sciences	47.074	00007925	25,943	—
Subtotal CFDA 47.074			1,145,885	—
Direct programs:				
Social, Behavioral, and Economic Sciences	47.075		28,857	—
Education and Human Resources	47.076		930,643	33,808
Passed through California State University Sacramento:				
Education and Human Resources	47.076	523911, 523913	9,861	—
Passed through The University Foundation at Sacramento State:				
Education and Human Resources	47.076	MOU HRD-1302873	15,000	—
Passed through Missouri State University:				
Education and Human Resources	47.076	16043-007	52,437	—
Passed through University Enterprises, Incorporated				
California State University, Sacramento:				
Education and Human Resources	47.076	523751, 523951 A523953	24,511	—
Passed through Northeastern University:				
Education and Human Resources	47.076	502277-78050	16,176	—
Passed through The Regents of the University of California:				
Education and Human Resources	47.076	KK1627 A00-1696S004-P056579	106,761	—
Passed through Research Foundation for The State University of				
New York / Buffalo State:				
Education and Human Resources	47.076	1347681-CHANNEL ISLANDS	6,353	—
Passed through WestEd:				
Education and Human Resources	47.076	S00028711.0	71,839	—
Subtotal CFDA 47.076			1,233,581	33,808
Direct program:				
Polar Programs	47.078		5,361	33,137
Passed through University of Nevada, Las Vegas:				
Office of International Science and Engineering	47.079	11-707D-F	55,069	—
Direct program:				
Trans-NSF Recovery Act Research Support	47.082		33,821	—
Total National Science Foundation			4,260,197	152,076

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
 Year ended June 30, 2016

Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title	Catalog of federal domestic assistance (CFDA) number	Pass-through entity identifying number	Federal disbursements/ expenditures	Amounts provided to subrecipients
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: Passed through California State Coastal Conservancy: Congressionally Mandated Projects	66.202	CONTRACT NO. 10-030	\$ 157,972	—
Direct program: TSCA Title IV State Lead Grants Certification of Lead-Based Paint Professionals	66.707		15,000	—
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			<u>172,972</u>	<u>—</u>
U.S. Department of Energy: Direct programs: U.S. Department of Energy (not classified elsewhere) Office of Science Financial Assistance Program	81.UNK 81.049		78,022 143,763	— —
Total U.S. Department of Energy			<u>221,785</u>	<u>—</u>
U.S. Department of Education: Passed through San Mateo County Community College District: Minority Science and Engineering Improvement	84.120	P120A150014	23,680	—
Direct program: Research in Special Education Investing in Innovation (i3) Fund	84.324 84.411		503,669 593,142	137,302 —
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>1,120,491</u>	<u>137,302</u>
U.S. Morris K. Udall Foundation: Direct program: Morris K. Udall Scholarship Program	85.400		82,704	—
Total U.S. Morris K. Udall Foundation			<u>82,704</u>	<u>—</u>
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Direct programs: Environmental Public Health and Emergency Response Hospital Preparedness Program (HPP) and Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP) Aligned Cooperative Agreements	93.070 93.074		11,250 11,003	— —
Research Related to Deafness and Communication Disorders Mental Health Research Grants	93.173 93.242		146,358 343,046	— 25,774
Passed through Santa Clara University: Mental Health Research Grants	93.242	NIH008-01	15,628	—
Subtotal CFDA 93.242			<u>358,674</u>	<u>25,774</u>
Direct program: Immunization Cooperative Agreements Centers for Disease Control and Prevention-Investigations and Technical Assistance	93.268 93.283		18,750 71,250	— —
Passed through Stanford University: Discovery and Applied Research for Technological Innovations to Improve Human Health	93.286	60917381-114033	107,230	—
Direct programs: Trans-NIH Research Support Cancer Detection and Diagnosis Research Cancer Biology Research	93.310 93.394 93.396		3,053,637 26,460 127,965	482,729 — —
PPHF: Health Care Surveillance / Health Statistics – Surveillance Program Announcement: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Financed in Part by Prevention and Public Health Fund	93.745		312,326	—
State and Local Public Health Actions to Prevent Obesity, Diabetes, Heart Disease and Stroke (PPHF)	93.757		7,500	—
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant funded solely with Prevention and Public Health Funds (PPHF)	93.758		67,500	—
Cardiovascular Diseases Research	93.837		188,126	—
Passed through University of California, San Francisco: Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	93.847	8109SC	48,066	—
Direct program: Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	93.855		122,998	46,414
Passed through The Regents of the University of California: Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	93.855	6125 SC	6,219	—
Subtotal CFDA 93.855			<u>129,217</u>	<u>46,414</u>

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
 Year ended June 30, 2016

Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title	Catalog of federal domestic assistance (CFDA) number	Pass-through entity identifying number	Federal disbursements/ expenditures	Amounts provided to subrecipients
Direct program:				
Biomedical Research and Research Training	93.859		\$ 684,751	—
Passed through University of California, San Francisco:				
Biomedical Research and Research Training	93.859	A120112, 7284SC	71,277	—
Subtotal CFDA 93.859			<u>756,028</u>	<u>—</u>
Direct program:				
Child Health and Human Development Extramural Research	93.865		366,319	12,909
Passed through Research Foundation for Mental Hygiene, Incorporated:				
Child Health and Human Development Extramural Research	93.865	25999	132,146	—
Subtotal CFDA 93.865			<u>498,465</u>	<u>12,909</u>
Passed through University of Southern California:				
Aging Research	93.866	57764387	147,568	—
Passed through Stanford University:				
Medical Library Assistance	93.879	61100260-12656-A	46,907	—
Direct program:				
Assistance Programs for Chronic Disease Prevention and Control	93.945		33,750	—
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			<u>6,168,030</u>	<u>567,826</u>
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:				
Passed through Smithsonian Institution:				
Information Analysis Infrastructure Protection (IAIP) and Critical Infrastructure Monitoring and Protection	97.080	15-SUBC-440-0000315055	40,079	—
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			<u>40,079</u>	<u>—</u>
Total Research and Development Cluster			<u>14,636,861</u>	<u>932,051</u>
Total expenditures of federal awards			<u>\$ 2,623,013,341</u>	<u>1,830,823</u>

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards and independent auditors' report on compliance for each major federal program; report on internal control over compliance; and report on schedule of expenditures of federal awards required by the Uniform Guidance.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2016

(1) General

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) presents the activity of all federal award programs of the California State University (the University). The University does not consider itself a subrecipient of federal funds when those funds are received as payments for services rendered from individual campus foundations, which are discretely presented component units in the basic financial statements of the University. Accordingly, these amounts are not reflected in the accompanying Schedule.

For purposes of the Schedule, federal awards include all grants and contracts entered into directly between the University and agencies and departments of the federal government and pass-through agencies. The awards are classified into major program categories in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance.

(2) Basis of Accounting

The information in the accompanying Schedule is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and is also presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Therefore, some amounts presented in this Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

(3) Loan Programs

Total loans outstanding under the Federal Perkins Loan Program and the Nursing Student Loan Program are \$82,307,699 and \$1,837,686, respectively, at June 30, 2016. The amounts included in the accompanying Schedule consist of the beginning balances of the loans, loans advanced to students during the year and the administrative cost allowance for the year ended June 30, 2016.

(4) Administrative Cost Allowances

Administrative cost allowances included in the accompanying Schedule are summarized as follows:

Federal Perkins Loan Program	\$	1,142,202
Federal Pell Grant Program		787,220
Federal Work-Study Program		599,852
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program		<u>106,365</u>
Total administrative cost allowances	\$	<u><u>2,635,639</u></u>

(5) Indirect Cost Rate

The University did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as discussed in the Uniform Guidance section 200.414. For all sponsored programs where indirect costs are allowed to be claimed, the rates approved by the University's cognizant agency were used.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
 Year ended June 30, 2016

(1) Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued on financial statements: Unmodified opinion

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness identified? _____ Yes X No
- Significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed by the audit of the financial statements _____ Yes X No
- Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted _____ Yes X No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weakness identified? _____ Yes X No
- Significant deficiencies in internal control over major programs X Yes _____ No

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified opinion

Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516 of Uniform Guidance X Yes _____ No

Identification of Major Programs

CFDA number(s)	Name of federal program or cluster
84.007, 84.033, 84.038, 84.063, 84.268, 84.379, 93.364, and 93.264	Student Financial Assistance Cluster
84.042, 84.044, 84.047, and 84.217	TRIO Cluster
Various	Research and Development Cluster
84.325	Special Education Personnel Development to Improve Services and Results for Children with Disabilities

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$1,185,324

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes _____ No

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year ended June 30, 2016

(2) Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

None noted

(3) Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards

2016-001

<i>Compliance requirement:</i>	Disbursements To and On Behalf of Students
<i>Campus:</i>	Chico, Northridge, San Francisco, and Sonoma
<i>Cluster name/program:</i>	Student Financial Assistance Cluster
<i>CFDA number:</i>	84.268 Federal Direct Student Loans 84.038 Federal Perkins Loan Program
<i>Federal agency:</i>	U.S. Department of Education
<i>Passed through entity:</i>	None
<i>Award year:</i>	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016

Criteria or Specific Requirement

Per 34 CFR section 668.165, with respect to each disbursement of Federal Direct Loans or Federal Perkins Loans, institutions must notify the student or parent in writing to communicate the date and amount of the disbursement and of the student's or parent's right to cancel all or a portion of the loan or loan disbursement and have the loan proceeds returned to the holder of the loan. This notification must be made no earlier than 30 days before and no later than 30 days after each loan disbursement if the campus has implemented an affirmative confirmation process and no later than seven days after disbursement if they have not implemented an affirmative confirmation process.

Condition Found and Context

During our testwork, we randomly selected 200 samples of notifications for federal loan disbursements made to students from eight campuses and noted the following:

- We identified 18 student notifications that were not sent to the students.
- We identified two student notifications that were not performed in a timely manner. The notifications were sent up to 97 days after the date of loan disbursement.

Since student notifications were late or missing information at four of the eight campuses sampled, we consider this to be a significant deficiency in internal control over the compliance requirement for disbursements to and on behalf of students.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year ended June 30, 2016

Cause and Effect

The notification noncompliance at the four campuses resulted from not having a control in place that was properly designed to ensure that notifications sent to students or parents have met all federal requirements. The effect of these loan notifications not being made eliminates the students' right to cancel and could lead to students borrowing funds and not realizing the long-term financial commitment.

Sampling

Not statistical

Isolated or Systemic

Systemic

Questioned Costs

None noted

Repeat Finding

Yes, however, different campus locations were sampled in the current year.

Recommendation

We recommend that the University put controls in place in its system that would automatically send a loan notification based on disbursements of loan proceeds made in the student financial aid system. In addition, we recommend that the University maintain these e-mail notifications as part of the student's electronic file to provide evidence that these notifications were performed.

Views of Responsible Officials

The University concurs with the recommendation. Campuses will review and revise procedures and processes to ensure timely and accurate student notifications related to Federal Direct and Perkins loan disbursements, including documentation that notification was sent.

2016-002

<i>Compliance requirement:</i>	Enrollment Reporting
<i>Campus:</i>	Channel Islands, Chico, Long Beach, Maritime, Northridge, San Bernardino, San Francisco, and Sonoma
<i>Cluster name/program:</i>	Student Financial Assistance Cluster
<i>CFDA number:</i>	84.268 Federal Direct Student Loans
<i>Federal agency:</i>	U.S. Department of Education

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year ended June 30, 2016

Passed through entity: None
Award year: July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016

Criteria or Specific Requirement

Per 34 CFR section 685.309, institutions with direct loan programs must complete and return to the National Student Loan Data System for Students (NSLDS) within 30 days the enrollment reporting roster file provided by NSLDS, unless the school expects to complete the next roster within 60 days, then they must return it within 60 days. The institution must update changes in student status, report the date the enrollment status was effective, enter the new anticipated completion date, and then submit changes electronically to the NSLDS, for the purpose of providing complete and accurate data to lenders regarding enrollment status so they may properly determine when repayment of the loans should begin.

Condition Found and Context

During our testwork, we randomly selected 200 students from eight campuses that withdrew or graduated during the year that had direct loans that we tested for reporting the change of status to NSLDS and noted the following:

- We identified 62 students where their change in status was not reported to the NSLDS within the 30/60-day reporting period. For these students, status was communicated between 47-189 days late.
- We identified one student with status changes that were not accurately reported to NSLDS.
- We identified three students with status changes that were not reported to NSLDS.
- We identified 10 students that the student graduation status change was not reported to NSLDS.

Since late or inaccurate enrollment status reporting in conjunction with inadequate documentation of controls was identified at eight of the eight campuses sampled, we consider this to be a significant deficiency in internal control over the compliance requirement for enrollment status reporting.

Cause and Effect

All campuses utilize the services of the National Student Clearinghouse (NSC) to assist in the reporting of enrollment status changes to NSLDS. NSC generally requires approximately 45 days to submit information provided to them by institutions to NSLDS. The cause of the late or inaccurate submissions was caused by each of the eight campuses relying on the NSC, and as such, were not performing their own independent checks of data received by NSLDS, or properly accounting for the time lag incurred by NSLDS in the processing of changes. The effect of these status changes not being reported timely is that the repayment of outstanding loan balances to the lenders is not started and payment to them is delayed.

Sampling

Not statistical

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year ended June 30, 2016

Isolated or Systemic

Systemic

Questioned Costs

None noted

Repeat Finding

Yes, however, different campus locations were sampled in the current year.

Recommendation

We recommend the University select a sample of students from each transmission sent to the NSC and compare the information received by NSLDS against what was sent to the NSC to ensure the information was transmitted by NSC accurately and timely. In addition, we recommend that the University conduct this sample prior to the 60-day deadline to ensure that disbursement information is reported timely.

Views of Responsible Officials

The University concurs with the recommendation. Campuses will review their policies and procedures and devise appropriate internal controls to ensure the timely and accurate reporting of student status changes, including data provided on behalf of the campus by the NSC.

2016-003

<i>Compliance requirement:</i>	Eligibility
<i>Campus:</i>	San Francisco
<i>Cluster name/program:</i>	Special Education – Personnel Development to Improve Services and Results for Children with Disabilities
<i>CFDA number:</i>	84.325
<i>Federal agency:</i>	U.S. Department of Education
<i>Passed through entity:</i>	None
<i>Award year:</i>	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016

Criteria or Specific Requirement

Per 34 CFR Part 304.22 on requirements for grantee in disbursing scholarships, the following must be met by the student prior to receiving assistance:

- They must be a citizen or national of the United States.

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year ended June 30, 2016

- Scholarship assistance (federal, state, and local) plus the stipend from the program may not exceed the cost of attendance.
- Obtain a certification of eligibility as prescribed in 34 CFR 75.60.
- Enter into a service agreement in which the student agrees to terms and conditions as set forth in 34 CFR 304.30.

Condition Found and Context

We randomly sampled 23 students receiving scholarship assistance and found the following conditions:

- Eight of 23 students sampled did not have a certification of eligibility.
- Five out of 23 students sampled had scholarship assistance from federal, state, and local aid plus amounts awarded as stipends in the program that exceeded their cost of attendance for the year.

In addition, the University did not have a control that was properly designed to ensure that each of these four eligibility requirements listed above were met prior to disbursing stipends to students.

Cause and Effect

For students sampled that did not have a certification of eligibility and their scholarship assistance exceeded their cost of attendance, the cause was that the principal investigators (PI's) were uncertain that these were requirements of the program. In addition, the cause of these exceptions was that the University did not have a centralized monitoring control in place to ensure that all these requirements were checked prior to disbursing the stipend to the student.

Sampling

Not statistical

Isolated or Systemic

Systemic

Questioned Costs

Total scholarship assistance that exceeded the students' cost of attendance for these five students in our sample is \$17,883 of \$195,700 in stipends awarded in our sample. Total stipends awarded for the year for the program were \$675,600.

Repeat Finding

No

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year ended June 30, 2016

Recommendation

We recommend that the PI's complete all the required eligibility checks prior to disbursement of stipends. In addition, we recommend that an eligibility checklist be created that is completed by the PI's and that the campus improve internal controls to ensure compliance with eligibility requirements.

Views of Responsible Officials

The University concurs with the recommendation. The University will enhance internal controls to improve compliance with eligibility requirements, including coordination with PIs and Student Financial Aid to ensure that all requirements are met.

AGENDA

COMMITTEE ON INSTITUTIONAL ADVANCEMENT

Meeting: 2:30 p.m., Tuesday, January 31, 2017
Glenn S. Dumke Auditorium

Silas H. Abrego, Chair
Lateefah Simon, Vice Chair
Douglas Faigin
John Nilon
Maggie K. White

Consent Item

Approval of Minutes of the Meeting of November 15, 2016

Discussion Items

1. Naming of the Patricia A. Chin School of Nursing and the Chin Family Institute for Nursing – California State University, Los Angeles, *Action*
2. Naming of the Clorinda Donato Center for Global Romance Languages and Translation Studies – California State University, Long Beach, *Action*
3. Annual Report on Philanthropic Support for 2015-2016, *Action*

**MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF
COMMITTEE ON INSTITUTIONAL ADVANCEMENT**

**Office of the Chancellor
Glenn S. Dumke Auditorium
401 Golden Shore
Long Beach, California**

November 15, 2016

Members Present

Silas H. Abrego, Chair
Lateefah Simon, Vice Chair
Rebecca D. Eisen, Chair of the Board
Douglas Faigin
Maggie K. White
Timothy P. White, Chancellor

Trustee Abrego called the meeting to order.

Approval of Minutes

The minutes of September 20, 2016, were approved as submitted.

Naming of the Hollywood Foreign Press Association Wing – California State University, Northridge

Mr. Garrett Ashley, vice chancellor for university relations and advancement, reported that the proposed naming recognizes the \$2 million contribution by the Hollywood Foreign Press Association to the Department of Cinema and Television Arts in the Mike Curb College of Arts, Media, and Communication at CSUN. The gift will be used to establish a scholarship endowment and upgrade equipment and systems in the Department of Cinema and Television Arts.

CSUN President Dianne Harrison and Chancellor Timothy P. White thanked the Hollywood Foreign Press for their generosity and 20-year relationship with the university.

The committee approved the proposed resolution (RIA 11-16-11) that the south wing of Manzanita Hall at California State University, Northridge be named as the Hollywood Foreign Press Association Wing.

Naming of the Fowler College of Business Administration – San Diego State University

Mr. Ashley reported that the proposed naming recognizes the \$25 million pledge by Ron L. Fowler to San Diego State University, which includes \$10 million for the Fowler Scholars Program, \$10 million for the Fowler Professorships, \$2 million for the Fowler Lectureship

2

Inst. Adv.

Series, \$1.5 million for the Fowler International Experience and \$1.5 million for other projects. This is a challenge gift intended to incentive other matching donations providing an overall impact of a \$50 million endowment.

The committee approved the proposed resolution (RIA 11-16-12) that the College of Business Administration at San Diego State University be named as the Fowler College of Business Administration.

Trustee Abrego adjourned the meeting.

COMMITTEE ON INSTITUTIONAL ADVANCEMENT

Naming of the Patricia A. Chin School of Nursing and the Chin Family Institute for Nursing – California State University, Los Angeles

Presentation By

Garrett P. Ashley
Vice Chancellor
University Relations and Advancement

William A. Covino
President
California State University, Los Angeles

Summary

This item will consider the naming of the School of Nursing in the Rongxiang Xu College of Health and Human Services at the California State University, Los Angeles as the Patricia A. Chin School of Nursing and establishing the Chin Family Institute for Nursing.

This proposal, submitted by California State University, Los Angeles, meets the criteria and other conditions specified in the Board of Trustees Policy on Naming California State University Academic Entities, including approval by the system review panel and the campus academic senate.

Background

The proposed naming of the School of Nursing and the Institute for Nursing recognizes the \$7 million gift from Dr. Patricia A. Chin and William Chin, M.D. Dr. Patricia A. Chin has been a member of the California State University community for more than 35 years. She graduated from Cal State LA with a bachelor of science in nursing in 1980 and a masters in nursing in 1984. Patricia Chin earned her DNS in nursing in 1992 from the University of San Diego, and was a member of the nursing faculty at Cal State LA from 1981 through 2008, where she retired as a full professor. Upon her retirement, Patricia Chin was named to the Emeriti Faculty, and has remained active in the community since her retirement. While serving as Director of the School of Nursing, Patricia Chin envisioned a nursing wellness center and nurse managed clinic associated with the school.

Her husband, William Chin, M.D., was one of the founders and executive medical director of HealthCare Partners, LLC, which was sold to DaVita and merged to form DaVita HealthCare Partners. He was also the President and CEO of Healthcare Partners Institute for Applied Research and Education.

Inst. Adv.
Agenda Item 1
January 31-February 1, 2017
Page 2 of 2

Through the named institute, the Chins intend to enhance the nursing education in academic institutions, clinical practice and the community. They expect the institute to assist in advocacy for patients and clients focusing on diverse, underserved and vulnerable populations. The Chins are passionate about facilitating leadership in the areas of professional nursing and regional and national health care policy, and look forward to their gift enabling the School of Nursing at California State University, Los Angeles to be a primary source of research and training in urban health and the needs of diverse and underserved populations.

The gift will also support the enhancements to Cal State LA's current simulation lab, including upgrades to state-of-the-art equipment and technology. The Chin's gift will provide the lead funding for this facility upgrade.

Recommended Action

The following resolution is recommended for approval:

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the School of Nursing in the Rongxiang Xu College of Health and Human Services at California State University, Los Angeles be named the Patricia A. Chin School of Nursing and the Chin Family Institute for Nursing be established.

COMMITTEE ON INSTITUTIONAL ADVANCEMENT

Naming of the Clorinda Donato Center for Global Romance Languages and Translation Studies – California State University, Long Beach

Presentation By

Garrett P. Ashley
Vice Chancellor
University Relations and Advancement

Jane C. Conoley
President
California State University, Long Beach

Summary

This item will consider naming an academic center at California State University, Long Beach (CSULB) as the Clorinda Donato Center for Global Romance Languages and Translation Studies.

This proposal, submitted by CSULB, meets the criteria and other conditions specified in the Board of Trustees Policy on Naming California State University Academic Entities, including approval by the system review panel and the campus academic senate.

Background

The proposed naming of the center recognizes the \$1.1 million gift by Mario Giannini to CSULB's College of Liberal Arts. The gift will be used to create an endowment to provide ongoing funding, which will generate \$45,000 per year (present value) in support of the Clorinda Donato Center for Global Romance Languages and Translation Studies.

Mario Giannini is the Chief Executive Officer of Hamilton Lane and sits on the firm's Investment Committees. He is responsible for the firm's strategic direction and oversees the development of the firm's management structure and process. Giannini also plays a significant role in providing client services to the firm's numerous clients and in marketing the firm's products and services. In addition, Giannini serves on several advisory boards on behalf of Hamilton Lane and its clients, including Thomas H. Lee, TPG Partners and Providence Equity Partners.

Giannini received a juris doctor from Boston College, a master of laws degree from the University of Virginia, and a bachelor's degree from California State University, Northridge.

Giannini is proud to create an academic center named after Dr. Clorinda Donato, a long-time acquaintance and friend. Giannini and Donato's friendship spans several decades and his respect and admiration of her work has grown over the years. Giannini's passion for the humanities and a deeper understanding between cultures inspired him to create a center that will serve as a wellspring for Donato's research and talent.

Since joining the Romance, German, Russian Language and Literatures (RGRLL) Department in 1988, Donato has taught some twenty courses—many of which she created or co-created. She has also spearheaded the creation of several new degree programs. However, Donato is proudest of working with community members to establish the George L. Graziadio Center for Italian Studies and of her involvement with the NEH-funded project, "French and Italian for Spanish Speakers," which has become a national model for multilingual communication and language acquisition.

Donato's published research spans eighteenth-century cultural studies in the areas of knowledge transfer through translation and genre adaptation in encyclopedic compilations across six languages; she also works on gender in medical and literary accounts, the Catholic and Protestant Enlightenments in Italy and Europe, and book history. Multilingual and intercultural teaching and research form a second core of scholarly and pedagogical pursuits over the past ten years. Donato has published seven authored, co-authored, or co-edited books and over 75 articles in the aforementioned fields and is a highly sought after presenter at conferences and workshops in her varied fields of study.

Donato was recognized as a Chevalier dans l'Ordre des Palmes Académique by the French Government in 2005 in recognition of her promotion of French language and culture. In 2011, Donato received the award "Educator of the Year" from The Sons of Italy of America for her dedication to the teaching of Italian language and culture and Italian American Studies. In 2016, she was recognized as the "Outstanding Professor" at CSULB.

Recommended Action

The following resolution is recommended for approval:

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the new academic center at California State University, Long Beach, be named the Clorinda Donato Center for Global Romance Languages and Translation Studies.

CORRECTED

Action Item

Agenda Item 3

January 31 – February 1, 2017

Page 1 of 3

COMMITTEE ON INSTITUTIONAL ADVANCEMENT

Annual Report on Philanthropic Support for 2015-2016

Presentation By

Garrett P. Ashley
Vice Chancellor
University Relations and Advancement

Lori A. Redfearn
Assistant Vice Chancellor
Advancement Services

Summary

This item presents information on philanthropic support received by the California State University system from July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016. Section 89720 of the Education Code requires that an annual gift report be submitted to the California Joint Legislative Budget Committee and the California Department of Finance.

A full report is available at <http://www.calstate.edu/philanthropic>.

Overview

The legacy of philanthropic support continues to grow throughout the California State University. The CSU continues to benefit from increases in philanthropic support, furthering our systemwide efforts and educational mission to provide access to opportunity for all Californians.

Donors made significant investments in our students by providing \$53 million in private scholarships. Beyond making college more affordable, these scholarships bolster students' dreams, raise confidence, and broaden horizons.

This year, the CSU reached an all-time high of 242,000 individual donors, an annual increase of 11,000 over the prior year. The increase was energized by our growing network of 3.3 million alumni which collectively reaffirmed its commitment to the values and vision of the university. An additional 5,500 alumni made gifts to the CSU in 2015-2016 compared to the prior year.

The increase in individual donors powered gift commitments to the CSU and its 23 campuses, which increased 22 percent – over \$86.7 million – to a record high of nearly \$489 million.

CORRECTED

Inst. Adv.

Agenda Item 3

January 31 – February 1, 2017

Page 2 of 3

The majority of all gifts serve the immediate needs of CSU students, faculty and staff. These gifts provide students from diverse and dynamic communities across California access to educational opportunity and achievement, facilitate innovative teaching and advisement, and enhance the learning environment and student experience.

In 2015-2016, the CSU received \$181.4 million in support of these efforts:

- \$26.8 million for student scholarships
- \$49.2 million for academic enrichment
- \$10.5 million for directed research
- \$2.1 million for faculty support
- \$3.6 million for library resources
- \$17.5 million for athletics
- \$34.8 million for public service programs
- \$1.9 million for equipment and facility improvements
- \$35.0 million for other designated priorities

Unrestricted support of \$10.3 million represents three percent of all gifts received and is available for high-priority needs. Additionally, campuses received \$22.3 million in property and capital improvement gifts.

In 2015-2016, donors contributed an additional \$64 million to endowments. The total market value of endowments reached \$1.4 billion systemwide. These endowments distributed \$46 million to support student scholarships, research, creative activities and other programs.

Performance Benchmarking

Gift commitments, which consists of new gifts, pledges and revocable deferred gifts represent the breadth of philanthropic activity and are used as an internal performance benchmark.

The benchmarks are based on peer groups of similar size and capacity. Gift commitments are compared to the State General Fund allocation which tends to calibrate to the current economic conditions. Group I campuses are making incremental progress toward raising an equivalent of 10 percent of the state budget allocation. Group II campuses are expected to raise an equivalent of 10-15 percent of the state budget allocation. Group III campuses are expected to raise more than 15 percent. Overall, the CSU raised an equivalent of 20 percent of the state budget allocation.

CORRECTED

Inst. Adv.

Agenda Item 3

January 31 – February 1, 2017

Page 3 of 3

Charitable Gift Commitments as a Percentage of the State Funded Budget

	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	
Gift Commitments	\$437 Million	\$402 Million	\$489 Million	
State Budget	\$2.1 Billion	\$2.3 Billion	\$2.5 Billion	
Total Gift Commitments as a Percentage of State Budget	21%	18%	20%	
				Benchmark
Group I Average	8%	11%	11%	<10%
Group II Average	16%	14%	14%	10-15%
Group III Average	42%	33%	38%	>15%

Gift receipts, which consist of new gifts, pledge payments and irrevocable deferred gifts, represents gifts that have been received and have a charitable deduction value to donors. Gift receipts are the national standard used by Council for Aid to Education and the Council for Advancement and Support of Education to compare fundraising results across universities. Out of all public master's institutions across the nation, Cal Poly San Luis Obispo ranked number one and was joined by San José State, CSU Northridge, CSU Long Beach, Sacramento State and CSU Monterey Bay in the top 20 for overall fundraising. San Diego State ranked 11th among high-activity public research institutions.

The following resolution is recommended for approval:

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the Annual Report on Philanthropic Support for 2015-2016 be adopted for submission to the California Joint Legislative Budget Committee and the California Department of Finance.

AGENDA

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATIONAL POLICY

Meeting: **8:00 a.m., Tuesday, January 31, 2017**
 Munitz Conference Room—Closed Session
 Government Code §11126(c)(5)

3:15 p.m., Tuesday, January 31, 2017
Glenn S. Dumke Auditorium

Lillian Kimbell, Chair
Jane W. Carney, Vice Chair
Silas H. Abrego
Douglas Faigin
Debra S. Farar
Jean P. Firstenberg
Thelma Meléndez de Santa Ana
Steven G. Stepanek
Maggie K. White

Open Session—Glenn S. Dumke Auditorium

Consent Item

Approval of Minutes of the Meeting of November 15, 2016

Discussion Items

1. Recommended Amendments to Title 5 Regarding Admission of Veterans, *Action*
2. Recommended Amendment to Title 5 Regarding Nonresident Determination Appeals, *Information*
3. The Wang Family Excellence Awards, *Information*

**MINUTES OF MEETING OF
COMMITTEE ON EDUCATIONAL POLICY**

**Trustees of The California State University
Office of the Chancellor
Glenn S. Dumke Conference Center
401 Golden Shore
Long Beach, California**

November 15, 2016

Members Present

Lillian Kimbell, Chair
Jane W. Carney, Vice Chair
Rebecca D. Eisen, Chair of the Board
Douglas Faigin
Debra S. Farar
Jean P. Firstenberg
Thelma Meléndez de Santa Ana
Steven G. Stepanek
Maggie K. White
Timothy P. White, Chancellor

Trustee Kimbell called the meeting to order.

Approval of Minutes

The minutes of September 20, 2016 were approved as submitted.

Recommended Amendments to Title 5 Regarding Admission of Veterans

Dr. Loren Blanchard, executive vice chancellor for academic and student affairs introduced the information item by asserting the CSUs commitment to serving active duty military, veterans and their dependents which make up 19,000 of our student population as of spring 2016. Patrick O'Rourke, director, active duty and veteran affairs presented on the proposed changes to Title 5. These changes include a new definition of "eligible veteran" to include all veterans and military students, including those who serve in the National Guard or Reserves. The second proposal is that the CSU be allowed to admit eligible veteran's regardless of the number of transferable units earned. Both items will be presented at the January 2017 meeting for board action on these recommended changes to Title 5.

Graduation Initiative 2025

Dr. Loren Blanchard, executive vice chancellor for academic and student affairs introduced the information item acknowledging the success of the efforts dependent upon the ability to engage partners, including K-12 and community college stakeholders, alumni, business community,

elected officials, community-based organizations and students and their families. Jeff Gold, assistant vice chancellor student success strategies and initiatives along with James Minor, senior strategist, academic success and inclusive excellence, provided the update. The focus of the Graduation Initiative 2025 is on four critical areas; faculty-driven innovation, smarter student support, strategic partnerships and focused leadership.

A number of strategies were shared with the board with the goal of increasing degree completion and eliminating the achievement gap. These include funding more high-demand courses, reviewing non-payment drop policies, addressing courses with high DFW rates and reviewing graduation procedures. Additionally, the CSU Data Dashboard was highlighted with additional features to include the focus of leveraging data to engage the K-12 community with the addition of the High School Dashboard (www.calstate.edu/highschool) providing insight into the math and English preparedness and ultimately how many students from respective California high schools earn their degrees from the CSU. Finally, the Faculty Dashboard was shared with provides CSU faculty a review on student standing in their courses.

The preliminary data on graduation rates indicate positive movement towards the Graduation Initiative 2025 goals as it relates to overall graduation but not as it relates to decreasing the achievement gap for underserved students.

Trustee Kimbell adjourned the Committee on Educational Policy.

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATIONAL POLICY

Recommended Amendments to Title 5 Regarding Admission of Veterans

Presentation By

Loren J. Blanchard
Executive Vice Chancellor
Academic and Student Affairs

Patrick O'Rourke
Director
Active Duty and Veterans Affairs

Summary

The California State University has a long-standing commitment to serving active duty military, veterans and their dependents. In spring 2016, there were nearly 8,000 veteran and military students and an additional 11,000 military dependents enrolled across the system.

The two sections of Title 5 that govern veterans' admissions regulations refer to a definition of eligible veteran written in the 1970s. That definition came from the US Code of Federal Regulations, Title 38, and defined an eligible veteran as one who has served between 1955 and 1977 and did not include the National Guard or Reserve forces.

This item calls for the Board of Trustees to approve changes to sections 40756.1 and 40805.1 of Title 5 related to veterans' admissions, applying a more comprehensive and inclusive definition of "eligible veteran" and clarifying and consolidating rules for admission for transferring student veterans.

The Board discussed this matter as an information item in November 2016.

Proposed Revision

The following resolution is proposed to modify Title 5 by amending sections 40756.1 – Admission as First-Time Freshman, and 40805.1 – Admission as an Undergraduate Transfer:

RESOLVED by the Board of Trustees of the California State University that Title 5, California Code of Regulations sections 40756.1 and 40805.1 be amended as follows:

Title 5. Education
Division 5 – Board of Trustees of the California State Universities
Chapter 1 – California State University
Subchapter 3 – Admission Requirements
Article 4. Admission as First-Time Freshman

§ 40756.1 Veterans.

An applicant who is not otherwise eligible under the provisions of this Article may be admitted to a campus as a first-time freshman if the applicant is an eligible veteran ~~as that term is defined in subdivision (a) (1) of Section 1652, Title 38, United States Code~~ and a California resident. For purposes of this section only, eligible veteran means a person who served, or is currently serving, in the active Armed Forces or Reserve Component. Eligible discharged servicemembers at a minimum must be released under conditions other than dishonorable. Armed Forces means the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, and Coast Guard, including their Reserve components. Reserve Component means the Army, Naval, Marine Corps, Air Force, and Coast Guard Reserves and the National and Air National Guard of the United States. The Chancellor is authorized to establish and from time to time to revise procedures appropriate for the administration of this section.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 66600, 89030 and 89035, Education Code. Reference: Sections 66600 and 89030, Education Code.

Title 5. Education
Division 5 – Board of Trustees of the California State Universities
Chapter 1 – California State University
Subchapter 3 – Admission Requirements
Article 5 – Admission as an Undergraduate Transfer

§ 40805.1. Veterans.

An applicant who does not meet the requirements of Sections 40803, 40804 and 40805, but who has completed less than 60 accredited units of college transfer work may be admitted to a campus under the requirements for a first-time freshman if the applicant is an eligible veteran and a California resident. Additionally, an eligible veteran who has completed 60 semester (90 quarter) units or more of transferable college credit, and who is not otherwise eligible under the provisions of this Article, may be admitted. The exception to this rule is Section 40759, Early Admission.

An applicant who is not eligible for admission as a first-time freshman on the basis of the admission requirements in effect at the time of application for admission as an undergraduate transfer, who has not completed ~~56 semester (84 quarter) units of college credit for admission prior to fall term 2005 and~~ 60 semester (90 quarter) units of college credit ~~commencing with admission to the fall 2005 term,~~ and who is not otherwise eligible under the provisions of this Article, may be admitted to a campus as an undergraduate transfer; ~~provided, that the applicant is an "eligible veteran" as that term is defined in subdivision (a)(1) of Section 3452, Title 38, United States Code and~~ if the applicant is an eligible veteran and a California resident.

For purposes of this section only, eligible veteran means a person who served, or is currently serving, in the active Armed Forces or Reserve Component. Eligible discharged servicemembers at a minimum must be released under conditions other than dishonorable. Armed Forces means the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, and Coast Guard, including their Reserve components. Reserve Component means the Army, Naval, Marine Corps, Air Force, and Coast Guard Reserves and the National and Air National Guard of the United States. The Chancellor is authorized to establish and from time to time revise procedures appropriate for the administration of this section.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 66600, 89030 and 89035, Education Code. Reference: Sections 66600 and 89030, Education Code.

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATIONAL POLICY

Recommended Amendment to Title 5 Regarding Nonresident Determination Appeals

Presentation By

Loren J. Blanchard
Executive Vice Chancellor
Academic and Student Affairs

Ray Murillo
Director, Student Programs
Student Academic Support

Summary

In accordance with the California Education Code, a campus follows California State University policy to determine an applicant's residency at the time of admission. This determination is for tuition purposes only.

Students who are deemed nonresidents may subsequently apply to the campus for reclassification based upon changes in circumstance within published timelines. If a student is determined to be a nonresident, Title 5 section 41908 currently allows that student to submit a written appeal to the Office of General Counsel.

The proposed Title 5 changes relate specifically to the appeals process and do not modify residency requirements. The changes establish criteria for submitting an appeal, shorten the number of calendar days within which an appeal can be submitted and remove the Office of General Counsel as the designated office. The intent of these changes is to provide clarification for campuses and students on what constitutes an acceptable appeal, improve the timeliness of the appeal process and allow cross-divisional collaboration within the Office of the Chancellor.

An item will be presented at the March meeting for board action to adopt the proposed amendments to Title 5.

Title 5. California Code of Regulations
Division 5. Board of Trustees of the California State Universities
Chapter 1. California State University
Subchapter 5. Administration
Article 4. Nonresident Tuition
§ 41908. Appeals

Any student, ~~following a final campus decision concerning the student's residence classification,~~ may submit a written appeal to the designated office ~~General Counsel~~ in the Chancellor's Office within 30 ~~120~~ calendar days of the issuance of a notification of a final campus decision classifying the student as a nonresident. The campus decision may be appealed only if at least one of the following applies:

1. The decision was based on a significant error of fact, a significant procedural error, or an incorrect application of law, which, if corrected, would require that the student be reclassified as a resident; and/or,
2. Significant new information, not previously known or available to the student, became available after the date of the campus decision classifying the student as a nonresident.

The Chancellor's Office ~~General Counsel~~ may decide the issue, or ~~it may~~ send the matter back to the institution with instructions for a further review.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 66600, 68044, 89030 and 89035, Education Code. Reference: Section 68044, Education Code.

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATIONAL POLICY

The Wang Family Excellence Awards

Presentation By

Timothy P. White
Chancellor

Background

The Wang Family Excellence Award was originally established in 1998 when then-California State University (CSU) Trustee Stanley T. Wang provided \$1 million to recognize the remarkable contributions of the CSU faculty and administrators over a 10-year period with a \$20,000 award to each of four faculty members and one staff member annually. At the March 2014 Board of Trustees meeting, Chancellor Timothy White announced Trustee Emeritus Wang had generously pledged a \$300,000 gift to the CSU to reinstate the Wang Family Excellence Award, continuing this recognition for faculty and staff through 2017.

The Wang Family Excellence Award recognizes and celebrates CSU faculty members who, through extraordinary commitment and dedication, have distinguished themselves by exemplary contributions and achievements in their academic disciplines, while having a discernable impact on students. Similarly, an administrator is also recognized for extraordinary accomplishments in their university assignment.

The annual selection process for the award consists of each campus president nominating one probationary or tenured faculty member from each of the following academic discipline groupings:

- a) Visual and Performing Arts and Letters;
- b) Natural Sciences, Mathematical and Computer Sciences and Engineering;
- c) Social and Behavioral Sciences and Public Service; and,
- d) Education, and Professional and Applied Sciences.

The campus presidents may also nominate one outstanding administrator from their respective campuses.

These nominations are considered by the Wang Family Excellence Award Selection Committee, appointed by Chancellor White in consultation with Trustee Emeritus Wang. It includes: two members of the Board of Trustees, the Executive Vice Chancellor for Academic and Student Affairs, the Vice Chancellor for Human Resources, chair of the CSU Academic Senate, and a CSU faculty member previously awarded the Wang Family Excellence Award. Nominees are reviewed and considered for selection based on the following criteria:

Ed. Pol.

Agenda Item 3

January 31-February 1, 2017

Page 2 of 2

- Nominees should have made truly remarkable contributions to the advancement of their respective universities and/or the CSU system.
- Nominees should have a demonstrated record of unusually meritorious achievements documented by evidence of superior accomplishments and contributions to the discipline or achievements in an assignment.
- A nominee's activities must advance the mission of the university, bring benefit and credit to the CSU, and contribute to the enhancement of the CSU's excellence in teaching, learning, research, scholarly pursuits, student support and community contributions.

The Wang Family Excellence Awards will be presented during a ceremony at the January 2017 Board of Trustees meeting.

TRUSTEES OF THE CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

**California State University
Office of the Chancellor
Glenn S. Dumke Auditorium
401 Golden Shore
Long Beach, CA 90802**

February 1, 2017

Presiding: Rebecca D. Eisen, Chair

8:00 a.m. Board of Trustees Dumke Auditorium

Call to Order

Roll Call

Public Speakers

Chair's Report

Chancellor's State of the CSU Address

Report of the Academic Senate CSU: *Chair—Christine Miller*

Report of the California State Student Association: *President—David Lopez*

Report of the California State University Alumni Council: *President—Dia S. Poole*

Board of Trustees

Consent Agenda

Approval of the Minutes of the Board of Trustees Meeting of November 16, 2016
Approval of Committee Resolutions as follows:

Committee on Finance

1. Approval to Issue Trustees of the California State University Systemwide Revenue Bonds and Related Debt Instruments for Projects at California State University, Long Beach and California State Polytechnic University, Pomona

*The Board of Trustees is a public body, and members of the public have a right to attend and participate in its meetings. This schedule of meetings is established as a best approximation of how long each scheduled meeting will take to complete its business. Each meeting will be taken in sequence, except in unusual circumstances. Depending on the length of the discussions, which are not possible to predict with precision in advance, the scheduled meeting times indicated may vary widely. The public is advised to take this uncertainty into account in planning to attend any meeting listed on this schedule.

Committee on Campus Planning, Buildings and Grounds

1. California Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo Gold Tree Solar Photovoltaic Project: Approval of the Amended 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program
2. California State Polytechnic University, Pomona and California State University, San Bernardino: Approval of the Amended 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program and Schematic Plans
3. Approval of Schematic Plans for CSU Projects at Sacramento and Stanislaus

Committees on Governmental Relations

1. Statement of State Legislative Principles for 2017-2018
2. Sponsored State Legislative Program for 2017
3. Federal Agenda for 2017

Committee on Institutional Advancement

1. Naming of the Patricia A. Chin School of Nursing and the Chin Family Institute for Nursing – California State University, Los Angeles
2. Naming of the Clorinda Donato Center for Global Romance Languages and Translation Studies – California State University, Long Beach
3. Annual Report on Philanthropic Support for 2015-2016

Committee on Educational Policy

1. Recommended Amendments to Title 5 Regarding Admission of Veterans

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**MINUTES OF THE MEETING
OF BOARD OF TRUSTEES**

**Trustees of the California State University
Office of the Chancellor
Glenn S. Dumke Auditorium
401 Golden Shore
Long Beach, California**

November 16, 2016

Trustees Present

Rebecca D. Eisen, Chair
Adam Day, Vice Chair
Silas H. Abrego
Jane W. Carney
Douglas Faigin
Debra S. Farar
Jean Picker Firstenberg
Lillian Kimbell
Thelma Meléndez de Santa Ana
J. Lawrence Norton
Jorge Reyes Salinas
Steven Stepanek
Maggie K. White
Timothy P. White, Chancellor

Chair Eisen called the meeting of the Board of Trustees to order.

Public Comment

The board heard from the following individuals during the public comment period: Elizabeth Sanchez, CSU Fullerton Student (SQE); Isaiah Avila-De La Cruz, CSU student (SQE); Paola Leiva, CSU Fullerton student (SQE); Eric Medrano, CSU San Jose (SQE); Rosa Barrientos, CSU Sacramento (SQE); Estuardo Ruano, CSUDH Student (SQE); Pat Gantt, President (CSUEU); Loretta Seva'aetasi, VP for Finance (CSUEU); Tessy Reese, Chair Bargaining Unit 2 (CSUEU); Rocky Sanchez, Chair Bargaining Unit 7 (CSUEU); Margarita Berta-Avila, Faculty, CSU Sacramento (CFA); Willaim Blischke, President, CSU Emeritus and Retired Faculty Association (CSU – ERFA)

Chair's Report

Chair Eisen's complete report can be viewed online at the following URL:
<http://www.calstate.edu/BOT/chair-reports/sept2016.shtml>

Chancellor's Report

Chancellor Timothy P. White's complete report can be viewed online at the following URL: <https://www2.calstate.edu/csu-system/board-of-trustees/chancellor-reports/Pages/November-16-2016.aspx>

Report of the Academic Senate CSU

CSU Academic Senate Chair, Christine M. Miller's complete report can be viewed online at the following URL:

http://www.calstate.edu/AcadSen/Records/Chairs_Reports/documents/November_16_2016_Chairs_BOT_Rept.pdf

Report of the California State University Alumni Council

Alumni Council President, Dia S. Poole's complete report can be viewed online at the following URL: <http://www.calstate.edu/alumni/council/bot/20161116.shtml>

Report from the California State Student Association

CSSA President David M. Lopez complete report can be viewed online at the following URL: http://www.csustudents.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/11/11-16-bot_report_lopez.pdf

Board of Trustees

The minutes of the meeting of September 21, 2016 were approved as submitted.

Chair Eisen asked to move all the consent items for approval. There was a second.

The Board of Trustees approved the following resolutions:

Committee on Finance

Approval to Issue Trustees of the California State University Systemwide Revenue Bonds and Related Debt Instruments for Projects at Monterey Bay, Sacramento, and San José (RFIN 11-16-12)

Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, as bond counsel, prepared resolutions presented at the November 15-16, 2016 meeting of the CSU Board of Trustees that authorize interim and permanent financing for the projects described in Agenda Item 1 of the Committee on Finance. The proposed resolutions will achieve the following:

1. Authorize the sale and issuance of Systemwide Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes, and/or the related or stand-alone sale and issuance of the Trustees of the California State University Systemwide Revenue Bonds, and/or the issuance of related debt instruments, including shorter term debt, variable rate debt, floating rate loans placed directly with banks, or fixed rate loans placed directly with banks, in an aggregate amount not-to-exceed \$169,395,000 and certain actions relating thereto.

2. Provide a delegation to the chancellor; the executive vice chancellor and chief financial officer; the assistant vice chancellor, Financial Services; and the assistant vice chancellor, Financing, Treasury, and Risk Management; and their designees to take any and all necessary actions to execute documents for the sale and issuance of the bond anticipation notes and the revenue bonds.

**Approval of the 2017-2018 Lottery Budget
(RFIN 11-16-13)**

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the 2017-2018 lottery revenue budget totaling \$50.6 million be approved for implementation by the chancellor, with the authorization to make transfers between components of the lottery budget and to adjust expenditures in accordance with receipt of lottery funds; and be it further

RESOLVED, that a portion of campus-based program allocations be used to support student financial aid for the trustee-approved Early Start program. These funds will be used to allow student enrollment in the Early Start summer curriculum regardless of financial need; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the chancellor is hereby granted authority to adjust the 2017-2018 lottery budget approved by the Board of Trustees to the extent that receipts are greater or less than budgeted revenue to respond to opportunities or exigencies; and be it further

RESOLVED, that a report of the 2017-2018 lottery budget receipts and expenditures be made to the Board of Trustees.

**Approval of the 2017-2018 Support Budget Request
(RFIN 11-16-14)**

RESOLVED, that the Board of Trustees of the California State University acknowledges and expresses its appreciation to the governor and legislature for their increased budget support; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the Board of Trustees understands there are numerous competing interests for budgetary support given the fiscal constraints and competing policy priorities under which California continues to operate; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the future of California rests on CSU's ability to provide a high-quality, affordable, and accessible education to hundreds of thousands of students; and be it further

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees that the proposed CSU 2017-2018 Support Budget Request is approved as submitted by the chancellor; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the chancellor is authorized to adjust and amend this budget to reflect changes in the assumptions upon which this budget is based, and that any changes made by the chancellor be communicated promptly to the trustees; and be it further

RESOLVED, that copies of this resolution be transmitted to the governor, to the director of the Department of Finance, and to the legislature.

**Conceptual Approval of a Public-Private Partnership Project with the Los Angeles Football Club to Develop a Performance Center at California State University, Los Angeles
(RFIN 11-16-15)**

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the Trustees:

1. Approve the concept of a public-private partnership with the Los Angeles Football Club to develop a performance training center.
2. Authorize the chancellor and the campus to enter into negotiations for agreements necessary to develop the final plan for the public-private partnership as explained in Agenda Item 6 of the November 15-16, 2016 meeting of the Committee of Finance.
3. Authorize the chancellor and campus to enter into a due diligence access and option agreement which provides the Los Angeles Football Club with a limited-term option along with the responsibility for the development of a final plan, schematic drawings, and necessary environmental analyses during the option period;
4. Will consider the following future action items relating to the final plan:
 - a. Review of project environmental mitigation measures that will include traffic, sound, aesthetics, etc. in order to consider the certification of the required California Environmental Quality Act documentation;
 - b. Approval of a developer agreement with the advice of the chancellor;
 - c. Approval of any amendments to the campus master plan as they pertain to the project and long-term campus land use;
 - d. Approval of an amendment to the Capital Outlay Program;
 - e. Approval of schematic design

Committee on Campus Planning, Building and Grounds

California State University, Monterey Bay Student Union Project: Approval of the Master Plan Revision, the Amendment of the 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program, and Schematic Plans (RCPBG 11-16-11)

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that:

1. The board finds that the May 2009 Master Plan Final EIR has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act.
2. The project before this board is consistent with the previously certified May 2009 Master Plan Final EIR.
3. With implementation of the mitigation measures set forth in the master plan previously approved by the trustees, the proposed project will not have a significant adverse effect upon the environment beyond those described in the May 2009 Master Plan Final EIR and the project will benefit the CSU.
4. The California State University, Monterey Bay Campus Master Plan Revision dated November 2016 is approved.
5. The 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program is amended to include \$55,558,000 for preliminary plans, working drawings, construction and equipment for the California State University, Monterey Bay Student Union building.
6. The schematic plans for the California State University, Monterey Bay Student Union building are approved at a project cost of \$55,558,000 at CCCI 6255.

California State University, Long Beach College of Continuing and Professional Education Classroom Building Project: Approval of the Amended 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program and Schematic Plans (RCPBG 11-16-12)

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that:

1. The Final Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration for the California State University, Long Beach College of Continuing and Professional Education Classroom Building project was prepared pursuant to California Environmental Quality Act and State CEQA Guidelines.
2. The California State University, Long Beach College of Continuing and Professional Education Classroom Building project is consistent with the Final Mitigated Negative Declaration and the effects of the project were fully analyzed in the Final Mitigated Negative Declaration and the project will benefit the California State University.
3. The 2016-2017 Capital Outlay Program is amended to include \$28,909,000 for preliminary plans, working drawings, construction, and equipment for the California State University, Long Beach College of Continuing and Professional Education Building project.

4. The schematic plans for the California State University, Long Beach College of Continuing and Professional Education Classroom Building are approved at a project cost of \$28,909,000 at CCCI 6255.

**Approval of Schematic Plans for CSU Projects at Dominguez Hills, Los Angeles, Monterey Bay, Sacramento and San José
(RCPBG 11-16-13)**

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that:

1. The board finds that the California State University, Dominguez Hills Center for Science and Innovation is consistent with the Campus Master Plan approved in May 2010.
2. The project will benefit the California State University.
3. The schematic plans for California State University, Dominguez Hills Center for Science and Innovation are approved at a project cost of \$81,234,000 at CCCI 6255.

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that:

1. The proposed project is categorically exempt from the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act.
2. The project will benefit the California State University.
3. The schematic plans for California State University, Los Angeles Rongxiang Xu Bioscience Innovation Center are approved at a project cost of \$13,937,000 at CCCI 6255.

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that:

1. The board finds that the California State University, Monterey Bay Academic Building III is consistent with the Campus Master Plan approved in May 2009.
2. The project will benefit the California State University.
3. The schematic plans for California State University, Monterey Bay Academic Building III are approved at a project cost of \$39,771,000 at CCCI 6255.

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that:

1. The board finds that the California State University, Sacramento Parking Structure V is consistent with the Campus Master Plan approved in May 2015.
2. The project will benefit the California State University.
3. The schematic plans for California State University, Sacramento University Parking Structure V, Phase 1 are approved at a project cost of \$42,065,000 at CCCI 6151.

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that:

1. The Final Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration has been prepared to address any potential significant environmental impacts and mitigation measures associated with approval of the San José State University Student Recreation and Aquatic Center, and all discretionary actions related thereto, as identified in the Final Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration.
2. The Final Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration was prepared pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act and State CEQA Guidelines.
3. This resolution is adopted pursuant to the requirements of Section 21081 of Public Resources Code and Section 15091 of the State CEQA Guidelines which require that the Board of Trustees make findings prior to the approval of a project that the mitigated project as approved will not have a significant impact on the environment, that the project will be constructed with the recommended mitigation measures as identified in the mitigation monitoring program, and that the project will benefit the California State University. The Board of Trustees makes such findings with regard to this project.
4. The schematic plans for San José State University Student Recreation and Aquatic Center are approved at a project cost of \$131,629,000 at CCCI 6255.

**California State Polytechnic University, Pomona Student Housing Replacement Project: Certification of the Final Environmental Impact Report and Approval of the 2016 Master Plan Revision
(RCPBG 11-16-14)**

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that:

1. The FEIR for the California State Polytechnic University, Pomona Master Plan Revision has addressed any potentially significant environmental impacts, mitigation measures, project alternatives, comments and responses to comments associated with approval of the proposed campus master plan revision pursuant to the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act and State CEQA Guidelines.
2. The FEIR addresses the proposed campus master plan revision and all discretionary actions related to the project as identified in the Final EIR.
3. This resolution is adopted pursuant to the requirements of Section 21081 of Public Resources Code and Section 15091 of State CEQA Guidelines which require that the Board of Trustees make findings prior to the approval of a project.
4. The board hereby adopts the Findings of Fact and Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program, including all mitigation measures identified therein, for Agenda Item 4 of the November 15-16, 2016 meeting of the Board of Trustees' Committee on Campus Planning, Buildings and Grounds, which identifies the specific impacts of the proposed campus master plan revision and related mitigation measures, which are hereby incorporated by reference.

5. The board hereby adopts the Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations that outweigh certain unavoidable impacts to aesthetics, historic resources, and short term peak construction day cumulative air quality.
6. The FEIR has identified potentially significant impacts that may result from implementation of the proposed campus master plan revision. However, the Board of Trustees, by adopting the Findings of Fact, finds that the inclusion of certain mitigation measures as part of the project approval will reduce most, but not all, of those effects to less than significant levels. Those impacts which are not reduced to less than significant levels are identified as significant and unavoidable, and are overridden due to specific project benefits to the CSU identified in the Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations.
7. Prior to the certification of the FEIR, the Board of Trustees reviewed and considered the above-mentioned FEIR, and finds that the FEIR reflects the independent judgment of the Board of Trustees. The board hereby certifies the FEIR for the project as complete and adequate in that the FEIR addresses all potentially significant environmental impacts of the project and fully complies with the requirements of CEQA and State CEQA Guidelines. For the purpose of CEQA and State CEQA Guidelines, the administrative record of proceedings for the project includes the following:
 - a. The 2016 Draft EIR for the California State Polytechnic University, Pomona Campus Master Plan;
 - b. The Final EIR, including comments received on the Draft EIR, and responses to comments;
 - c. The proceedings before the Board of Trustees relating to the subject master plan revision, including testimony and documentary evidence introduced at such proceedings; and
 - d. All attachments, documents incorporated and references made in the documents as specified in items (a) through (c) above.
8. The Board of Trustees hereby certifies the FEIR for the California State Polytechnic University, Pomona Campus Master Plan Revision dated November 2016 as complete and in compliance with CEQA.
9. The mitigation measures identified in the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program are hereby adopted and shall be monitored and reported in accordance with the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program for Agenda Item 4 of the November 15-16, 2016 meeting of the Board of Trustees' Committee on Campus Planning, Buildings and Grounds, which meets the requirements of CEQA (Public Resources Code, Section 21081.6).
10. The project will benefit the California State University.
11. The California State Polytechnic University, Pomona Campus Master Plan dated November 2016 is approved.
12. The chancellor or his designee is requested under Delegation of Authority granted by the Board of Trustees to file the Notice of Determination for the Final Environmental Impact Report for the California State Polytechnic University, Pomona Master Plan Revision.

Joint Committees on Finance and Campus Planning, Buildings and Grounds

Approval of the 2017-2018 Capital Outlay Program, 2017-2018 through 2021-2022 Five-Year Facilities Renewal and Improvement Plan, and Multi-Year Bond Authorization (RFIN/CPBG 11-16-02)

RESOLVED, By the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that:

1. The 2017-2018 through 2021-2022 Academic and Self-Support Funded Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan totaling \$7,431,899,000 and \$5,119,268,000, respectively, are approved.
2. The 2017-2018 Academic Capital Outlay Program included in the five-year program distributed with the agenda is approved at \$1,849,128,000.
3. The 2017-2018 Self-Support Funded Capital Outlay Program included in the five-year program is approved at \$131,307,000.
4. The chancellor is authorized to proceed in 2016-2017 with design and construction to fast-track projects in the 2017-2018 program.
5. The chancellor is requested to explore all reasonable funding methods available and communicate to the board, the governor, and the legislature the need to provide funds to develop the facilities necessary to serve the academic program and all eligible students.
6. The chancellor, in consultation with the Chair of the Board and the Chairs of the Committees on Finance and Campus Planning, Buildings and Grounds, is authorized to make adjustments for significant changes to the 2017-2018 Capital Outlay Program, including the priority sequence, scope, phase, project cost, financing source, and total budget request for the Program.
7. The chancellor is authorized to make adjustments in the projects to be financed as necessary to maximize use of the limited financing resources and consideration of the CSU's priorities for funding capital outlay projects, including reducing the financing amount to less than \$1,000,000,000, as noted in Attachments A and B of this Agenda Item 1 of the November 15-16, 2016, meeting of the Joint Committees on Finance and Campus Planning, Buildings and Grounds.
8. Up to \$50,000,000 per year is committed to meet the annual debt service and direct project expenditures related to funding for a portion of the 2017-2018 through 2021-2022 Five-Year Facilities Renewal and Academic Capital Improvement plan.

Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, as bond counsel, prepared resolutions presented at the November 15-16, 2016 meeting of the CSU Board of Trustees that authorize interim and permanent financing for the projects described in Agenda Item 1 of the Joint Committees on Finance and Campus Planning, Buildings and Grounds. The proposed resolutions will achieve the following:

1. Authorize the sale and issuance of Systemwide Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes, and/or the related or stand-alone sale and issuance of the Trustees of the California State University Systemwide Revenue Bonds, and/or the issuance of related debt instruments, including shorter term debt, variable rate debt, floating rate loans placed directly with banks, or fixed rate loans placed directly with banks, in an aggregate amount not-to-exceed \$1,000,000,000 and certain actions relating thereto.
2. Provide a delegation to the chancellor; the executive vice chancellor and chief financial officer; the assistant vice chancellor, Financial Services; and the assistant vice chancellor, Financing, Treasury, and Risk Management; and their designees to take any and all necessary actions to execute documents for the sale and issuance of the bond anticipation notes and the revenue bonds.

Joint Committees on Educational Policy and Finance

Academic Sustainability Plan (REP/FIN 11-16-01)

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the Academic Sustainability Plan be approved; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the Academic Sustainability Plan be submitted no later than November 30, 2016, to the Director of the Department of Finance and the Legislature as required by the 2016 Budget Act; and be it further

RESOLVED, if the preparation of an Academic Sustainability Plan is required in a future state budget act or other law, that the Board of Trustees delegate authority to the chancellor to prepare, approve, and submit the plan on its behalf.

Committee on University and Faculty Personnel

Outside Employment Disclosure Requirements for Management Personnel Plan (MPP) and Executive Employees (RUF 11-16-10)

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the Outside Employment Disclosure Requirements for Management Personnel Plan (MPP) and Executive Employees, as cited in Agenda Item 1 of the Committee on University and Faculty Personnel at the November 15-16, 2016 meeting of the Board of Trustees, is adopted.

**Revision of Title 5 Regulations – Amendment of California State University Conflict of Interest Code
(RUF 11-16-11)**

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of The California State University acting under the authority of Sections 87300 and 87306 of the Government Code and Section 89030.1 of the Education Code, that the Board hereby amends the California State University Conflict of Interest Code in Article 20 of Subchapter 7, Chapter 1, Division 5 of Title 5 of the *California Code of Regulations* as specified in Agenda Item 3 of the November 15-16, 2016, meeting of the Board of Trustees Committee on University and Faculty Personnel; and be it further

RESOLVED, that The California State University has determined that the amendment of the regulation will not impose a cost or savings on any state agency; will not impose a cost or savings on any local agency or school district that is required to be reimbursed under Section 17561 of the *Government Code*; will not result in any costs or savings in federal funding to the State; and will not impose a mandate on local agencies or school districts; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the Board of Trustees delegates to the Chancellor of The California State University authority to further adopt, amend, or repeal this regulation pursuant to Education Code Section 89030.1 if the further adoption, amendment, or repeal is required and is nonsubstantial or solely grammatical in nature, or sufficiently related to the original text that the public was adequately placed on notice that the change could result from the originally proposed regulation action.

Committee on Institutional Advancement

**Naming of the Hollywood Foreign Press Association Wing – California State University, Northridge
(RIA 11-16-11)**

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the south wing of Manzanita Hall at California State University, Northridge be named as the Hollywood Foreign Press Association Wing.

**Naming of the Fowler College of Business Administration – San Diego State University
(RIA 11-16-12)**

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the College of Business Administration at San Diego State University be named as the Fowler College of Business Administration.

Committee on Organization and Rules

**Approval of California State University Board of Trustees' Meeting Dates for 2018
(ROR 11-16-03)**

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the following schedule of meetings for 2018 is adopted:

Proposed 2018 Meeting Dates

January 30-31, 2018	Tuesday – Wednesday	Chancellor's Office
March 20-21, 2018	Tuesday – Wednesday	Chancellor's Office
May 15-16, 2018	Tuesday – Wednesday	Chancellor's Office
July 24-25, 2018	Tuesday – Wednesday	Chancellor's Office
September 11-12, 2018	Tuesday – Wednesday	Chancellor's Office
November 13-14, 2018	Tuesday – Wednesday	Chancellor's Office