AGENDA

COMMITTEE ON UNIVERSITY AND FACULTY PERSONNEL

Meeting: 8:00 a.m., Wednesday, September 19, 2007
Glenn S. Dumke Auditorium

Debra S. Farar, Chair
Kenneth Fong, Vice Chair
George G. Gowgani
William Hauck
Raymond W. Holdsworth
Craig R. Smith
Glen O. Toney

Consent Items

Approval of Minutes of Meeting of July 11, 2007

Discussion Items

1. Executive Compensation: Interim Vice Chancellor, Action
2. Compensation Policy, Action
3. Executive Compensation, Action
MINUTES OF MEETING OF
COMMITTEE ON UNIVERSITY AND FACULTY PERSONNEL

Trustees of The California State University
Office of the Chancellor
Glenn S. Dumke Conference Center
401 Golden Shore
Long Beach, California

July 11, 2007

Members Present
Debra S. Farar, Chair
Kenneth Fong, Vice Chair
Roberta Achtenberg, Chair of the Board
William Hauck
Raymond Holdsworth
Charles B. Reed, Chancellor
Craig R. Smith
Glen O. Toney

Call to Order
Chair Debra Farar called the meeting to order.

Approval of Minutes
The minutes of March 14, 2007 were approved as submitted.
Chair Farar called the meeting to order and stated there were three agenda items for the Committee.

Vice Chancellor Jackie McClain presented a proposed revision to the CSU’s Conflict of Interest Code, a Title V revision. The committee voted approval of the resolution (RUFP 07-07-03).

Chancellor Reed presented a resolution recommending compensation for Dr. Mildred García, as the new President of California State University, Dominguez Hills. In addition to annual salary, Dr. García will receive a monthly car allowance of $1,000 and the standard benefits afforded executives. As a condition of her employment, she will be required to reside in the official campus residence. She will be subject to the provisions of Executive Transition II. The committee voted approval of the resolution (RUFP 07-07-04).

In accordance with the Board’s request in November 2006, regarding the Executive Transition Program, Chancellor Reed reported on the transition of Vice Chancellor Jackie McClain. Vice Chancellor McClain’s title will change to Special Assistant to the Chancellor from August 1, 2007 to December 2007. Her monthly automobile allowance of $1,000 will cease effective August 1, 2007. Effective January 1, 2008, she will assume a position at CSU Chico.

Chair Farar adjourned the meeting.
COMMITTEE ON UNIVERSITY AND FACULTY PERSONNEL

Executive Compensation: Interim Vice Chancellor

Presentation By

Charles B. Reed
Chancellor

Summary

This item sets compensation for the interim vice chancellor, human resources of the California State University system.

Background

This item recommends that Ms. Gail Brooks receive an annual salary of $232,000, effective August 1, 2007, the date of her appointment as interim vice chancellor, human resources for the California State University system. In accord with existing policy, Ms. Brooks will receive a vehicle allowance of $1,000 per month. Ms. Brooks will receive vacation and sick leave accruals, health plan coverage, insurance coverage, and other standard benefits according to university policy for its employees. Ms. Brooks will not be eligible for any executive transition program as a result of serving as interim vice chancellor.

The following resolution is recommended:

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that Ms. Gail Brooks shall receive a salary of $232,000, effective August 1, 2007, the date of her appointment as interim vice chancellor, human resources.
COMMITTEE ON UNIVERSITY AND FACULTY PERSONNEL

Compensation Policy

Presentation By

Charles B. Reed
Chancellor

Gail Brooks
Interim Vice Chancellor
Human Resources

Summary

It is timely to have the trustees adopt a compensation policy for the California State University.

Background

Because it has been over a decade since the trustees adopted a formal policy on executive compensation, it is recommended that the trustees approve a policy of executive compensation for the record so that new members of the Board of Trustees, the CSU community, and state law and policy makers have a context for decisions about compensation by the Board of Trustees. Although the intent of the policy is to address executives, the proposed policy extends to all CSU employees so that stakeholders understand that all employees are valued for their contributions for their work assignment and are compensated accordingly. Over the past two years, the Committee on Collective Bargaining has discussed the merits of a multi-year plan to improve compensation for represented and non-represented employees to recognize marketplace competition.

The CSU competes nationally for well-qualified individuals to serve as executives, faculty members, senior administrators, and other staff. It also competes in local markets for its employees. In some situations the pool of well-qualified individuals is limited. The compensation program, i.e., salaries and benefits, must be able to recruit, develop, and retain the highest quality workforce to serve the interests of the CSU in fulfilling its mission in the state, nationally, and globally. It also must recognize California’s cost of living.

On annual basis, as directed by the Legislature, the California Postsecondary Education Commission (CPEC) oversees studies of faculty and executive compensation. The methodology has been agreed to by CPEC, the Department of Finance, the Legislative Analyst’s Office, the CSU, and the University of California. These analyses have been conducted by Mercer Human Resource Consulting, a consulting group that has conducted CSU faculty and presidential
compensation surveys at the request of CPEC since 1995. Since the studies began in 1981/82, they have been recognized by the Department of Finance and the Legislative Analyst’s Office as providing illuminating information on salary lags or excesses when compared to a national pool. These surveys utilize a comparison group of 20 institutions from four regions of the United States, comprised in the majority by public universities. The same group is utilized to obtain data on faculty and executive compensation. In practice, because it has been complicated to obtain accurate information on benefits provided by other institutions, the survey results have been limited to salary data. In the 1980s the faculty salary lag in the CSU was a single digit; by 1991/92 it was 4.1% and by 2006/07 the actual lag was 15.2%. For executives, the lag varies by year; in 1994/95 the lag for presidents was reported as 11.1% and by 2006 it increased to 46.0%.

**The California State University Comparison Institutions**

**Northeast Region**
- Bucknell University*
- Rutgers, the State University of New Jersey, Newark
- State University of New York, Albany
- Tufts University*
- University of Connecticut

**North Central Region**
- Cleveland State University
- Illinois State University
- Loyola University, Chicago*
- Wayne State University
- University of Wisconsin, Milwaukee

**Southern Region**
- Georgia State University
- George Mason University
- North Carolina State University
- University of Maryland, Baltimore County
- University of Texas, Arlington

**Western Region**
- Arizona State University
- Reed College*
- University of Colorado, Denver
- University of Nevada, Reno
- University of Southern California*

* Independent institution
Complicating the creation of a rational salary distribution for presidents are factors such as an individual’s compensation history prior to CSU executive employment, compaction with vice presidents and others, a retirement cap by the Internal Revenue Service for employees hired during the last 12 years, and local and state tax environments of past employment.

- Because the CSU needs to pay competitive salaries to recruit successfully, newer employees tend to be better compensated than existing employees. Individuals hired into the CSU executive ranks from outside the CSU, for example, arrive with higher compensation histories. Thus, their placement within the CSU executive pay ranges can be inconsistent with existing presidential compensation in terms of size of campus and length of executive service. This has been occurring prominently for the past six years.

- Internal compensation compaction is another sensitivity. The national marketplace for provosts, chief financial officers, vice presidents for advancement, and chief information officers is highly competitive. The pool of available talent for recruitment is finite. Experienced senior administrators are often well-compensated by current employers. As a result of compensation history and the cost of housing in California, some newly hired vice presidents are paid in the lower range of the presidential salaries.

- Newly appointed executives from outside of the CSU are penalized because their salary used to determine retirement contributions to CalPERS is capped by federal tax law and regulations; the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) cap for 2007 is $225,000. The cap was $150,000 on July 1, 1996, when the cap was first implemented. The IRS has the ability to make very modest increases in the cap each year. Therefore, the presidents who have come to the CSU since July 1, 1996 do not get their full CalPERS retirement benefit and there are no other employer provided retirement contributions on their behalf.

Factors used to determine executive salaries in the CSU include the mission, scope, size, complexity and programs of each campus, system and national policy leadership, length of executive experience, performance, and market competition. The direction of the trustees should continue to have as its target the average cash compensation for presidents as being the mean for comparable positions in the 20 California Postsecondary Education Commission (CPEC) comparison institutions, the same group of institutions used for faculty salary studies.

Regarding performance, the trustees have a formal and rigorous review policy originally adopted in the 1980s, revised in 1994, and amended in 2001. In addition to on-going performance monitoring by the chancellor, trustee policy requires a formal evaluation on approximately a three-year interval. These periodic review reports are presented to the trustees in closed session meeting throughout the year as needed. These reviews assess the individual’s ability to effectively manage resources, diversify the workforce and student body, communicate, plan, innovate, advance the academic programs, conduct community relations, and raise external funds.
Faculty members undergo formal review when seeking promotion and tenure decisions, when seeking recognition for merit, and in other ways as defined by the collective bargaining agreement.

In recognition that the external marketplace surveys conducted by CPEC are limited to faculty and executives and to implement the vision of the Committee on Collective Bargaining to implement a five-year plan, this item recommends all employment categories be subject to periodic market comparison surveys to determine competitiveness and that demonstrated salary lags be eliminated.

The following resolution is recommended for adoption:

**RESOLVED**, by the Board of Trustees of the California State University, that the compensation policy of the California State University includes the following:

1. It is the goal of the CSU to attract, motivate, and retain highly qualified individuals as faculty, staff, administrators, and executives whose knowledge, experience, and contributions advance the university’s mission.

2. It is the intent of the Board of Trustees to compensate CSU employees in a manner that is fair, reasonable, competitive, and fiscally prudent.

3. It is the direction of the Board of Trustees to attain parity with the average of the 20 comparator institutions identified in the annual analyses for CSU faculty and for CSU executives conducted on behalf of the California Postsecondary Education Commission by 2010-11. To implement this policy, the Chancellor is directed to recommend appropriate salary adjustments for CSU executives phased over the next four years, beginning in 2007-08. Individual executive salary proposals are to be based on performance, complexity of assignment, years of executive experience, advancement of campus and institutional goals, leadership within the CSU system and national settings, and market competition. Faculty salary adjustments are made in accord with collective bargaining agreements and individual consideration is given to promotion in rank and merit.

4. In order to provide competitive and fair compensation for all CSU employee classifications, the Chancellor is also directed to conduct periodic market comparison surveys for employees not addressed in the annual CPEC analyses. Annual funding for compensation will be consistent with all other uses of resources within the annual budget.
COMMITTEE ON UNIVERSITY AND FACULTY PERSONNEL

Executive Compensation

Presentation By

Debra S. Farar  
Committee Chair

Charles B. Reed  
Chancellor

Summary

Recommendations for executive compensation will be presented. Board Chair Roberta Achtenberg recommended the salary for Chancellor Charles Reed.

Background

Executive compensation policy for campus presidents and system executives, expressed by the trustees since the early 1990’s, has the primary objective of providing a total compensation program, which recognizes individual performance and experience and addresses the need to maintain a competitive market position.

Item 2 of the Committee on University and Faculty Personnel meeting of September 18-19, 2007, set forth a rationale and a proposed policy on compensation. This item proposes implementation of one of the aspects of the policy pertaining to executive personnel by recommending salary adjustments to begin reducing the salary lag measured against the 20 California Postsecondary Education Commission (CPEC) comparison institutions, the same group of institutions used for faculty salary studies.

Mercer Human Resource Consulting, a consulting group that has conducted CSU presidential compensation surveys at the request of CPEC since 1995, noted in its July 2007 report that the average CSU presidential salary of $259,435 lags behind the average $378,774 CPEC comparison group salary by 46.0%. As in the past it would be extraordinarily difficult to take action to narrow the 46.0% salary lag in a single action, it is nonetheless critical that steps be taken to begin to address this serious salary lag. The competitiveness of the CSU’s executive compensation program is being seriously eroded. Cognizant of the 15.2% lag in faculty salaries as reported by CPEC, the trustees approved a 6.2% compensation pool increase effective in 2006/07 and implemented through collective bargaining.
In addition to an annual salary, the university presidents receive other benefits approved by the trustees through past actions. These benefits have been validated in studies by Mercer and the predecessor consultant Towers Perrin as routine for university executives in the comparison institutions. These include either residing in a university residence when one is provided or receiving an annual housing allowance (either $50,000 or $60,000 depending on housing market of the region), an assigned university vehicle or a monthly vehicle allowance of $1,000, vacation and sick leave, insurance, health plan coverage, and participation in the CalPERS retirement program. The chancellor receives the same benefits. The other system executives, namely the vice chancellors and general counsel, have been provided with these benefits, except there are no provisions for housing allowances.

The recommended average executive salary increase is 11.8%. This is less than what has been done for other groups proportionally to close the lag. Therefore, in accordance with the principles of the trustees’ executive compensation policy, the following actions are recommended for trustee approval, effective July 1, 2007:

### CSU EXECUTIVE SALARIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Campus</th>
<th>President</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Current</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bakersfield</td>
<td>Horace Mitchell</td>
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<tr>
<td>Channel Islands</td>
<td>Richard R. Rush</td>
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<td>Chico</td>
<td>Paul J. Zingg</td>
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<td>Dominguez Hills</td>
<td>Mildred Garcia</td>
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<td>East Bay</td>
<td>Mohammad H. Qayoumi</td>
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<td>Fresno</td>
<td>John D. Welty</td>
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<td>Fullerton</td>
<td>Milton A. Gordon</td>
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<td>Humboldt</td>
<td>Rollin C. Richmond</td>
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<tr>
<td>Long Beach</td>
<td>F. King Alexander</td>
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<tr>
<td>Los Angeles</td>
<td>James M. Rosser</td>
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<td>Maritime Academy</td>
<td>William B. Eisenhardt</td>
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<td>Monterey Bay</td>
<td>Dianne F. Harrison</td>
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<td>Northridge</td>
<td>Jolene Koester</td>
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<td>Pomona</td>
<td>J. Michael Ortiz</td>
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<td>Sacramento</td>
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<td>San Bernardino</td>
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<td>Stephen L. Weber</td>
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<td>San Luis Obispo</td>
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<td>Stanislaus</td>
<td>Hamid Shirvani</td>
<td>$246,555</td>
</tr>
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</table>
System Officers

Chancellor Charles B. Reed $377,000¹ $421,500¹
Executive Vice Chancellor, & Chief Academic Officer Gary W. Reichard $272,488 $302,246
Executive Vice Chancellor & Chief Financial Officer Richard P. West $291,258 $325,625
Interim Vice Chancellor, Human Resources Gail Brooks $232,000² n/a
Vice Chancellor, University Advancement Vacant n/a
General Counsel Christine Helwick $239,202 $270,000

¹ $30,000 CSU Foundation supplement since appointment
² Set in U&FP Item 1, September 18-19, 2007

The following resolution is recommended for adoption:

RESOLVED, By the Board of Trustees of The California State University, that the CSU executive salaries table in Agenda Item 3 of the September 18-19, 2007, meeting of the Committee on University and Faculty Personnel, be approved for implementation effective July 1, 2007.